



Emerging Complexity

Impacts on Systems & Mission Engineering

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Agenda

- Complexity - Definition and Science
- Emergence as an Attribute of Operations
- Relationship to Systems and Mission Engineering
- Response
- Conclusion

What is complexity?



Chat GPT

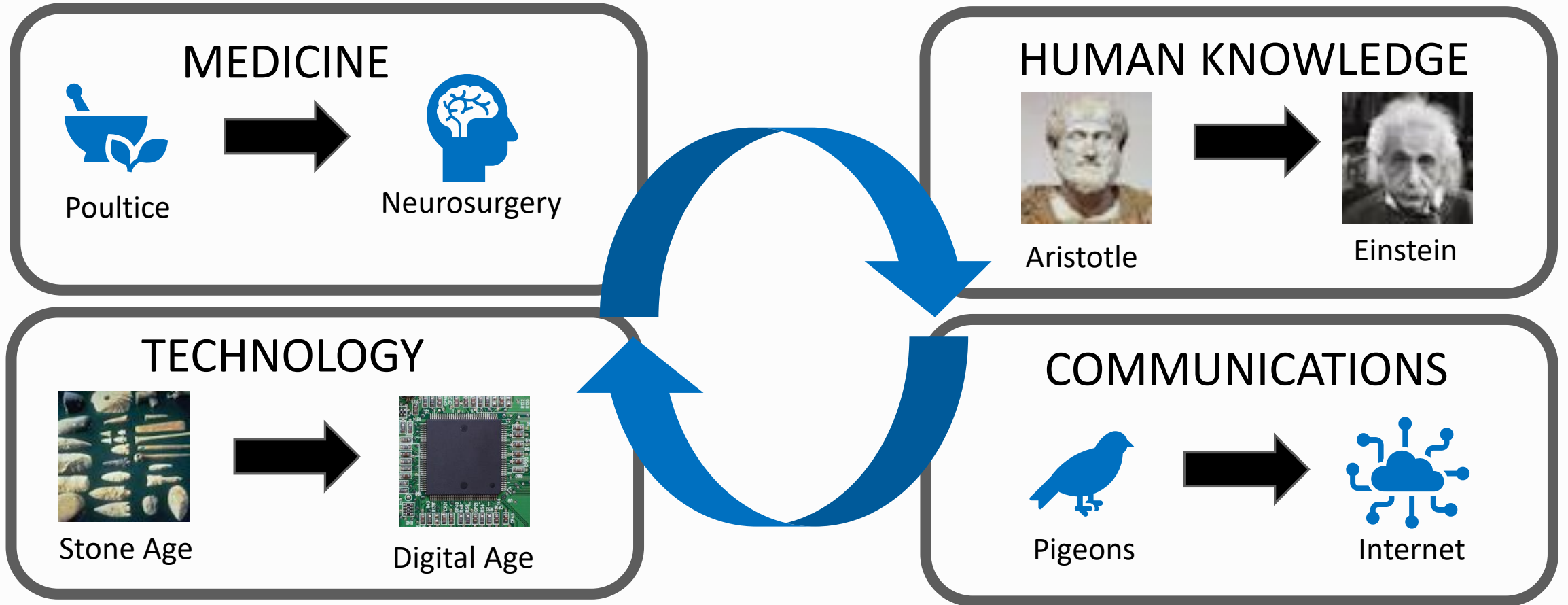
Complexity refers to the degree of intricacy, intricateness, or sophistication of a system, problem, object, or concept. It is a multifaceted concept that can be applied to various fields and contexts, including science, mathematics, computer science, sociology, and philosophy, among others. Complexity often involves **multiple interacting components** or elements that give rise to a level of intricacy that makes **understanding, predicting, or managing the system or problem challenging.**



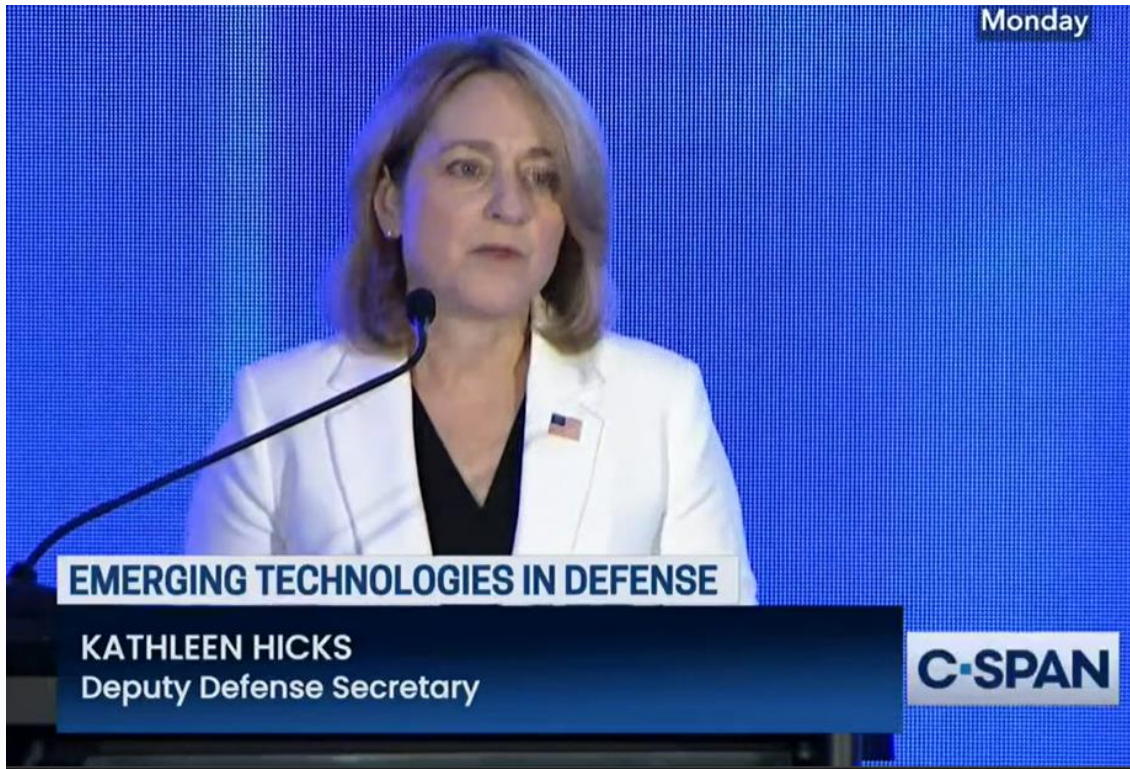
Bing

Complexity theory is a field of study that explores how the computational complexity of problems changes as the number of cases involved increases and how to classify the problems based on the algorithms and time required to solve them. It **also examines how some systems**, such as living organisms, markets, or networks, **display emergent behavior that cannot be explained by their constituent parts** and how to model and predict such behavior. Complexity theory is shared by mathematics and computer science and has applications to various domains.

Change Drives Complexity



Pace of Change – Speed of Relevance



“...our goal is to seed, spark, and stoke the flames of innovation...at DoD, we’ve already been investing in **attributable autonomous systems**...and in multiple domains: self-piloting ships, uncrewed aircraft, and more.”

- Deputy Secretary Kathleen Hicks, August 28, 2023

NDIA Emerging Technologies for Defense Conference

Video <https://www.c-span.org/video>, Transcript <https://www.defense.gov/News>

Why Did the Robot Do That?



Jonathan Rey, Icon Archive, <https://www.iconarchive.com/artist/jonathan-rey.html>
(c) Lucas Film Ltd.

- Emerging Technology
 - No or little experience with the tech
 - Unknown consequences
 - Disruptive
- Increasing use of AI & autonomy
 - Software quality and security
 - Authoritative data
 - Ground truth
 - Speed
 - Independence of action
- Is it trusted?

“There are known knowns — there are things we know we know. We also know there are known unknowns — that is to say, we know there are some things we do not know. But there are also unknown unknowns, the ones we don’t know we don’t know.”

- Donald Rumsfeld, Secretary of Defense, February 2002



“The absence of evidence is not evidence of absence”

Approved for Public Release

Complicated Systems

- Engineered and Deterministic
- Many interacting components
- Dependencies
- Predictable, known, planned and linear behavior

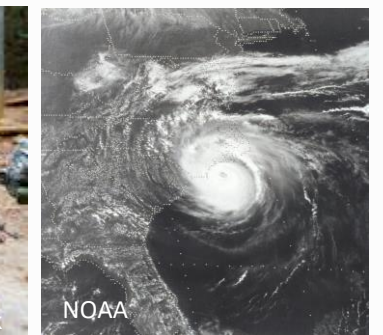
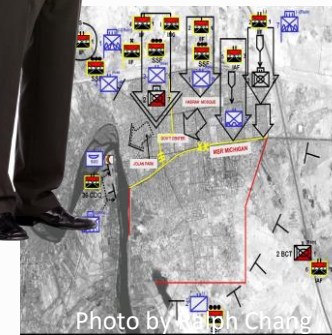
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must
function
within

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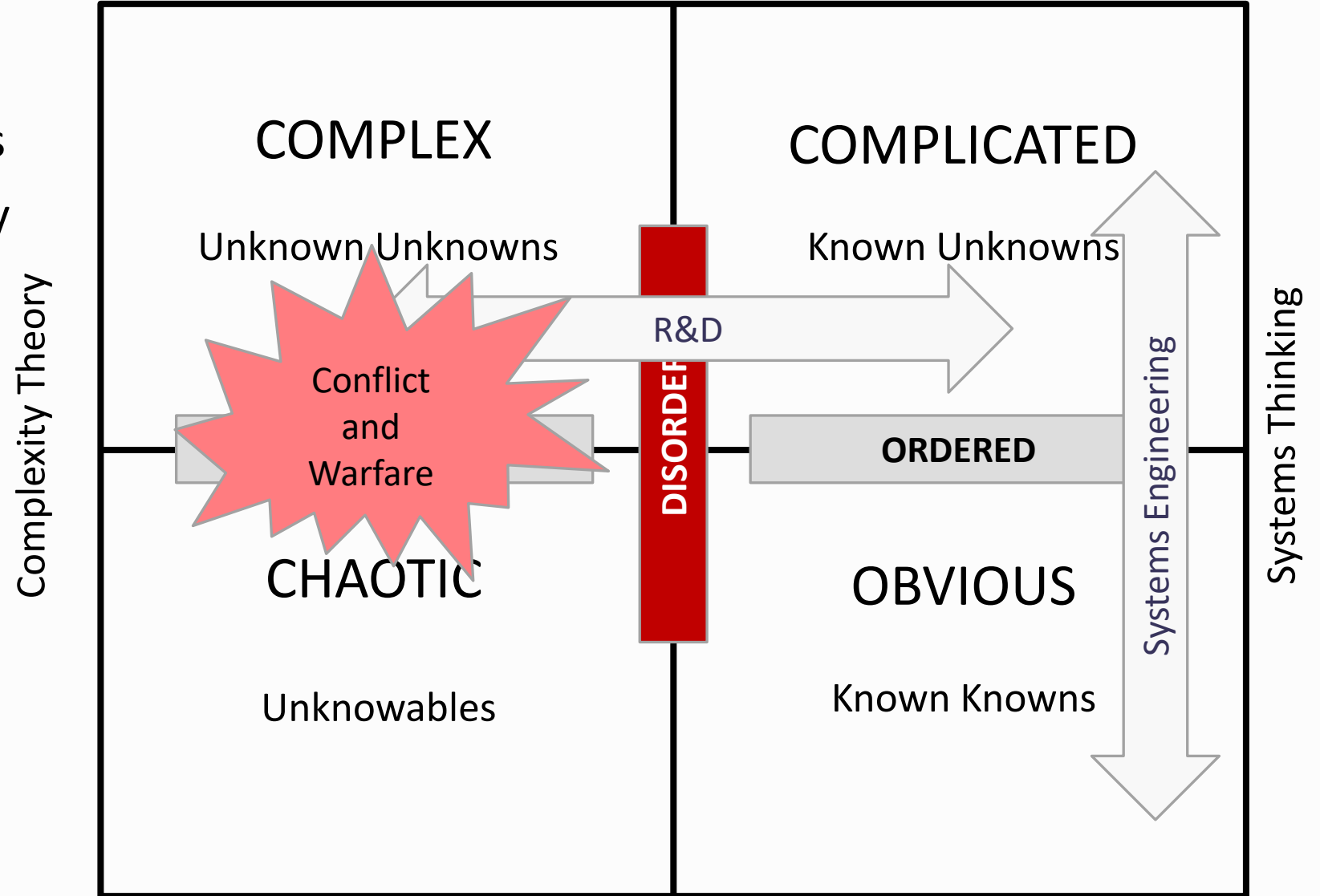
Complex Systems

- Unordered and Stochastic
- Many interacting components
- Dependencies, competitions, relationships
- Exhibit nonlinearity, emergence, self-organization, adaptation



Cynefin Framework

- Sense-making for leaders
- Help to identify how they perceive situations (understand) and make sense of their own and other people's behavior
- Related to Theory of Constraints
- Each domain can be addressed with different mental model



Dave Snowden, The Cynefin Co. <https://thecynefin.co/>

Kurtz and Snowden, IBM, 2003

Navigating

Map, rules , tools, certainty

Wayfinding

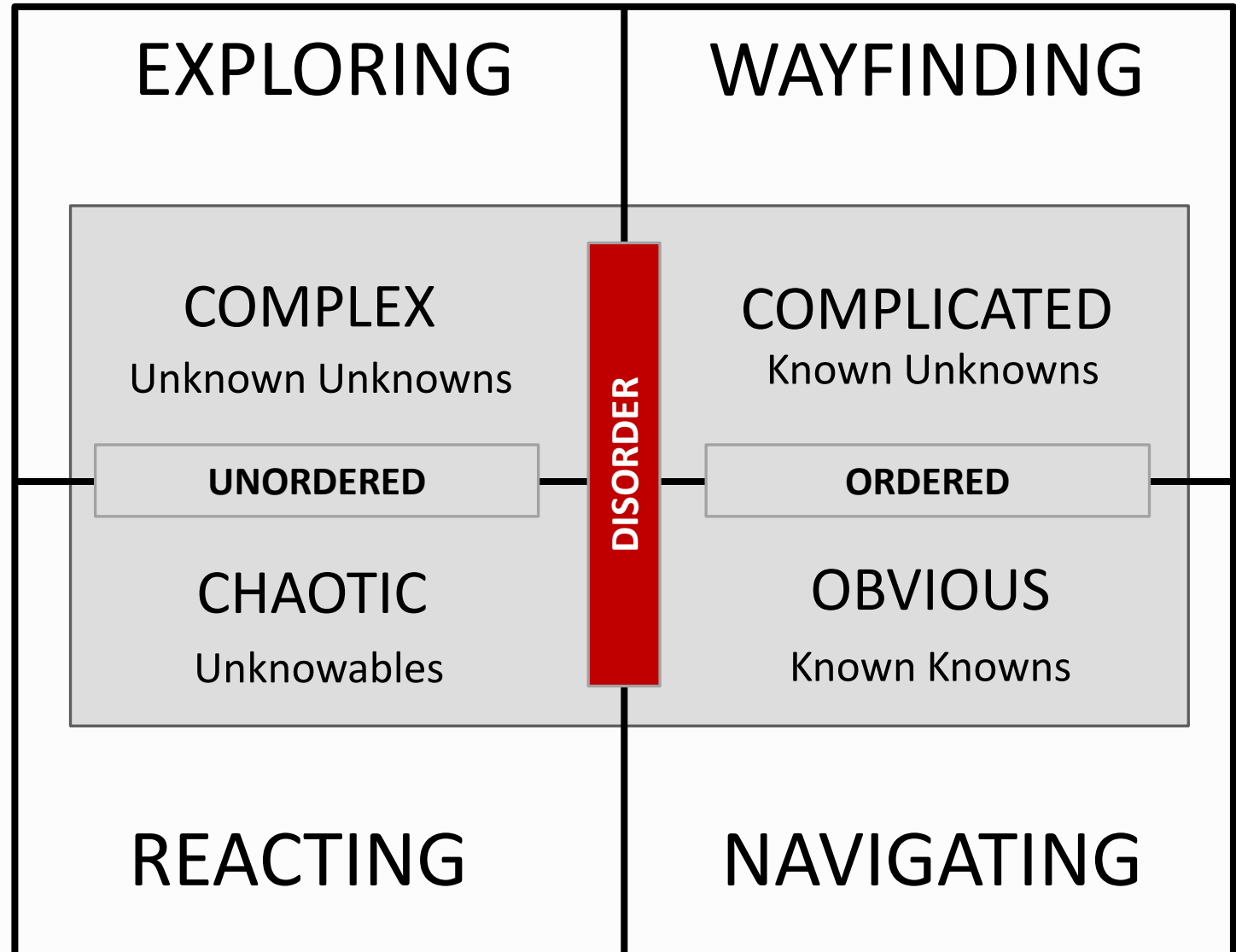
Partial map, rules , tools, some uncertainty

Exploring

Start point, some rules and tools, testing, observing

Reacting

Unplanned, unexpected, no rules, limited tools



Kurtz and Snowden, IBM, 2003



By Edwin Stoop (User:Marillion!!62) - [1], CC BY-SA 4.0, <https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=53810658>

How do you KNOW you have Complexity!?

- Small issues have disproportionately large impact
- Highly networked, connected, collaborative SoS*
- Lots of interdependencies, decentralized
- Emergent behaviors (desirable or undesirable)
- Difficult to predict or model
- Collaborative operations and external autonomy
 - C-JADC2, Joint Fires, Integrated deterrence
 - Budget instability

* See Emergent Behavior In Systems of Systems, Osmundson, Huynh, Langford, 2008

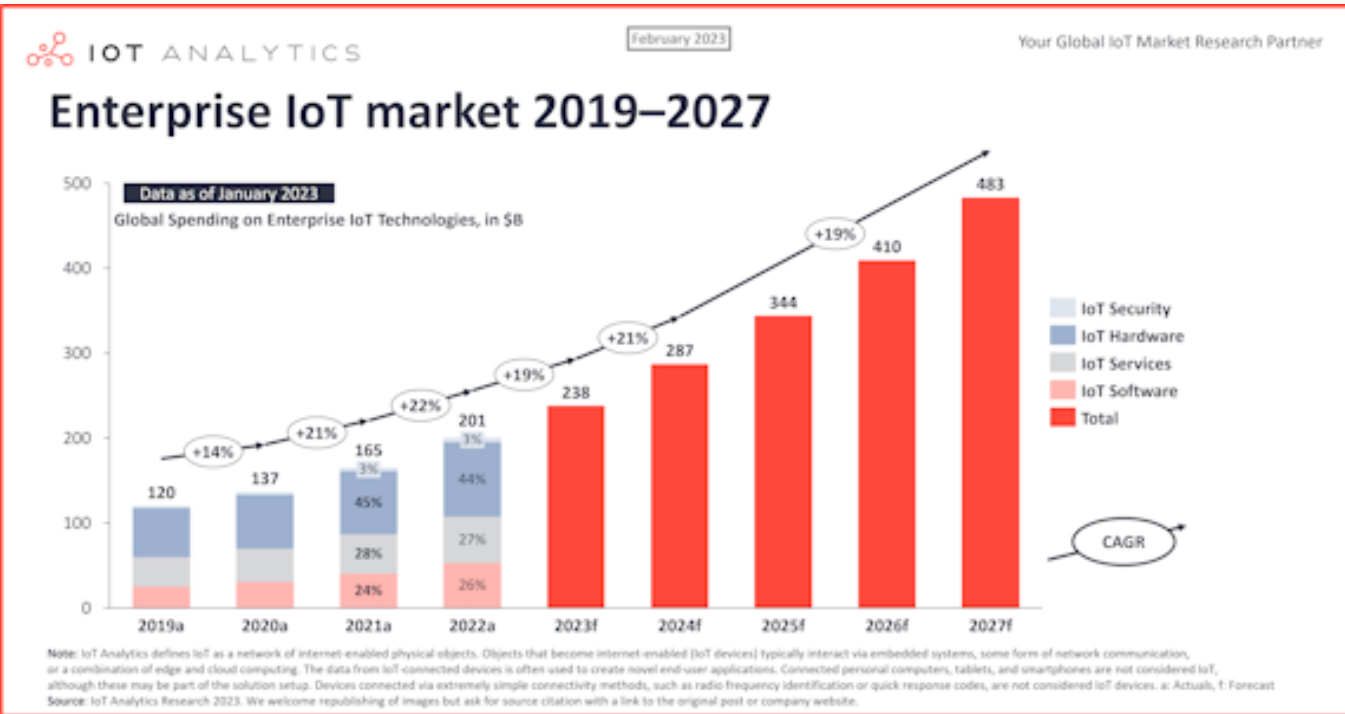
Contributors

- Digital Transformation
 - DE environment (models, data)
- Operational Concepts
 - C-JADC2, Joint Fires
- External Influences
 - Budgets, regulations, NDAA, etc.
- Emerging Technology
 - AI, autonomy, EV, IoT, smart sensors,
- Innovation at Speed and Scale

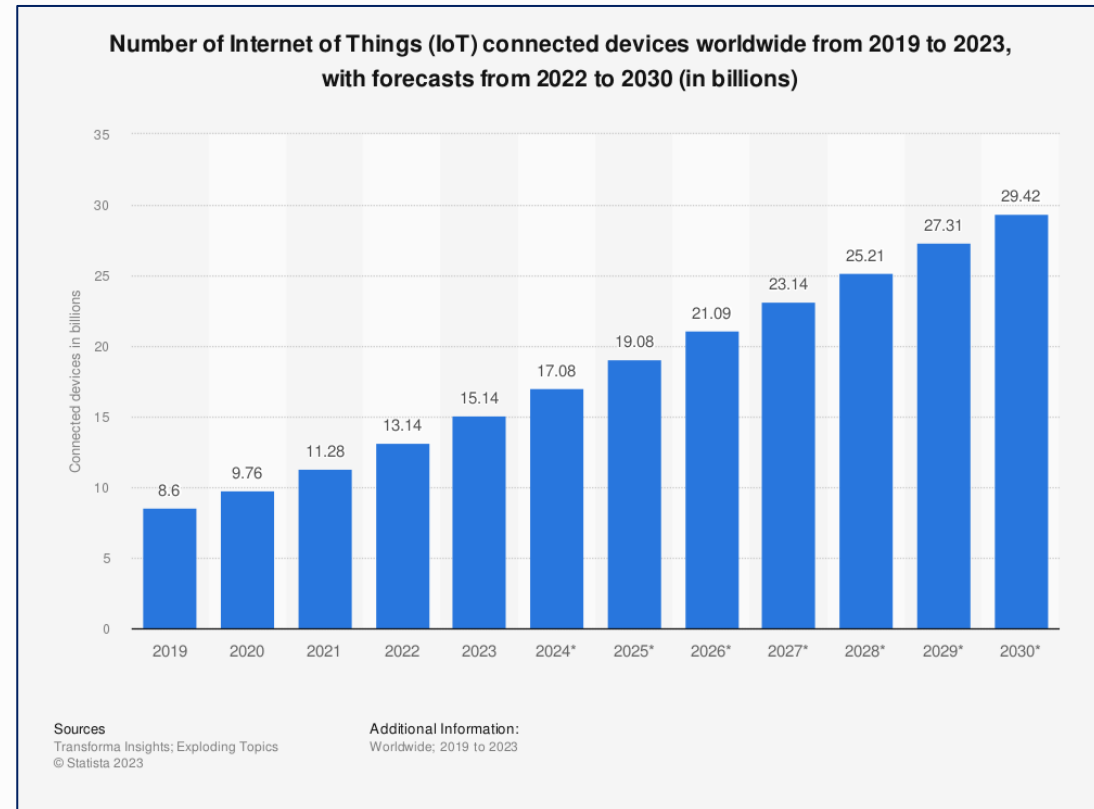


Is Complexity Increasing?

Internet of Things Market Trends

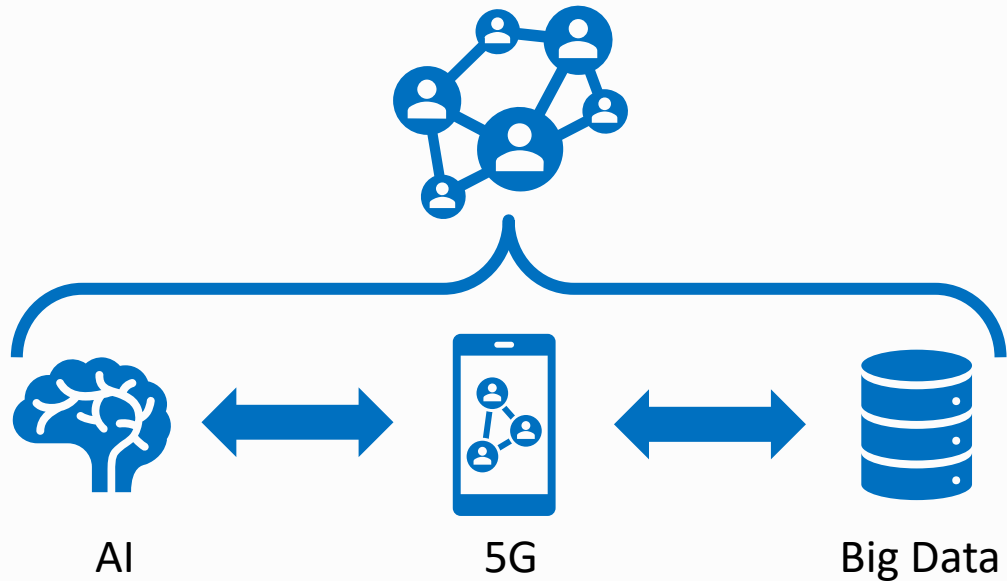


Phillip Wegner, IOT Analytics, Feb 2023, <https://iot-analytics.com/iot-market-size/>



Lionel Sujay Vailshery, Jul 27, 2023, Statista <https://www.statista.com/statistics/1183457/iot-connected-devices-worldwide/>

Fusion of AI and IoT



By 2025, there's projected to be 42 billion IoT-connected devices globally. (IDC)

The amount of data generated by IoT devices is expected to reach 73.1 ZB (zettabytes) by 2025. (IDC)

1 ZB = 1 billion TB = 1 trillion GB

Artificial Intelligence of Things (AIoT)

Category	Today	Tomorrow
Edge computing	Smart thermostats Smart appliances	Home robots Autonomous vehicles Sensor to Shooter
Voice AI	Smart speakers	Natural language processing ePayment voice authentication
Vision AI	Massive object detection	Video analytics on the edge Super 8K resolution

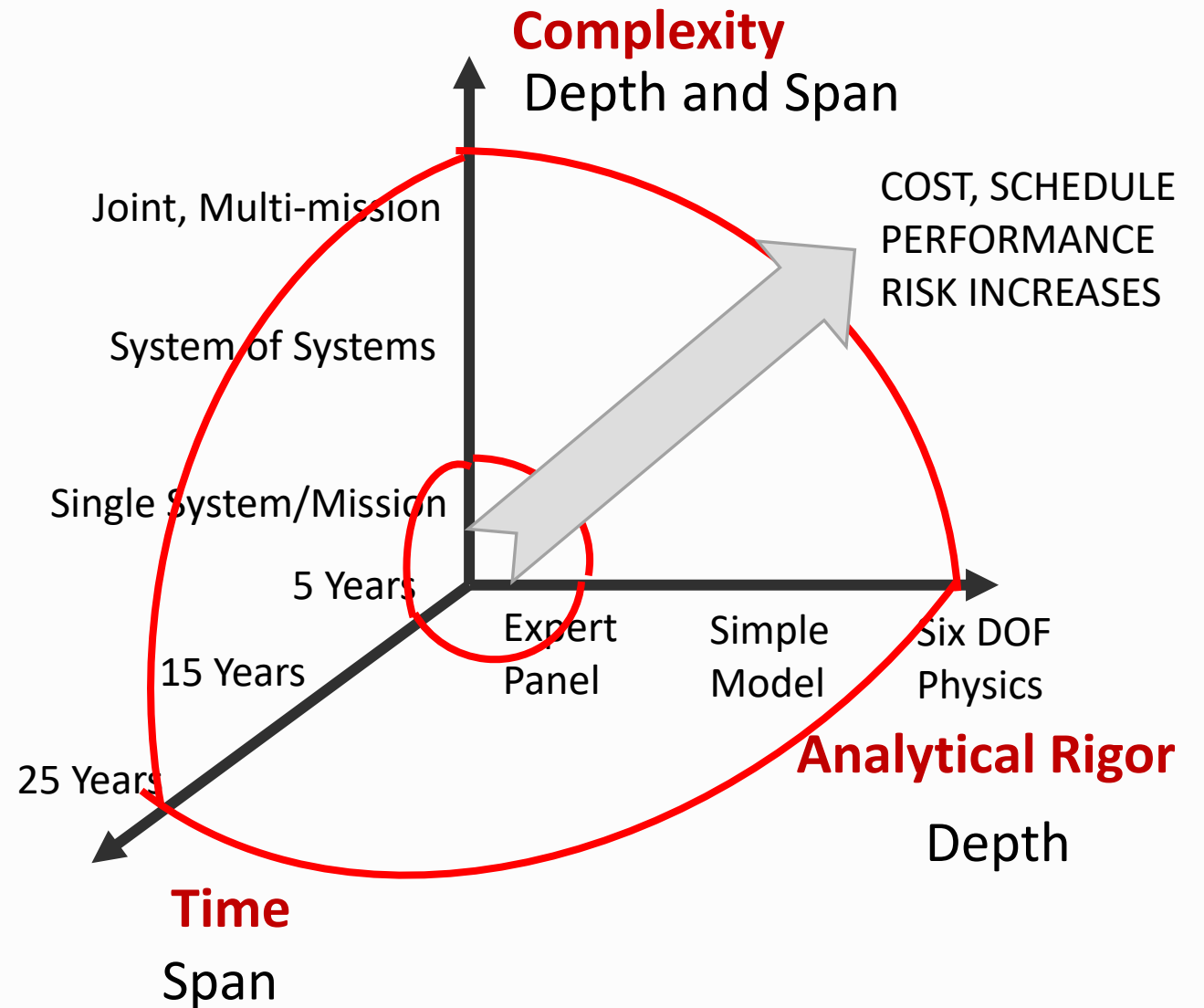
TSMC Infographic, When AI Meets IoT Technology <https://www.visualcapitalist.com>

Mission Engineering Balance

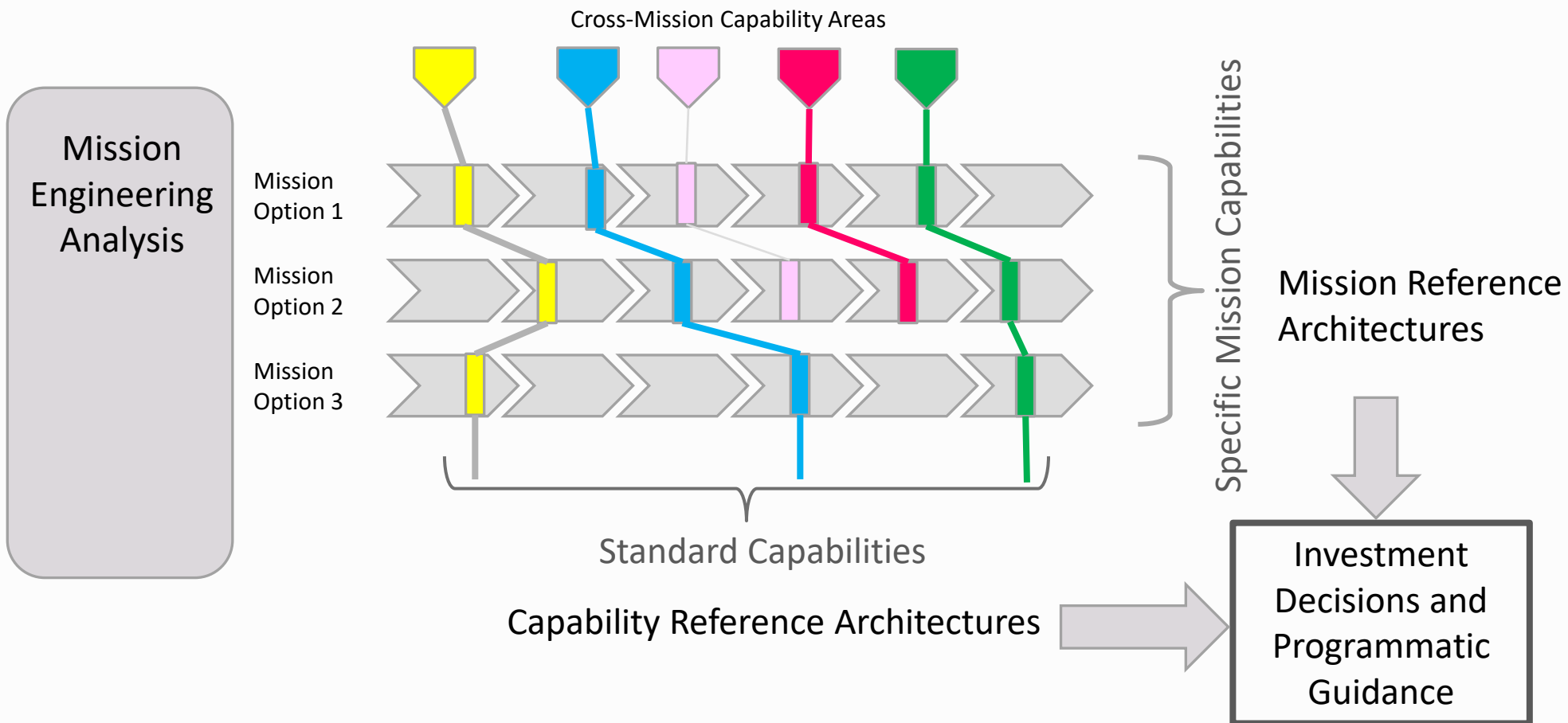
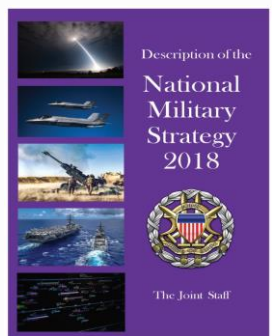
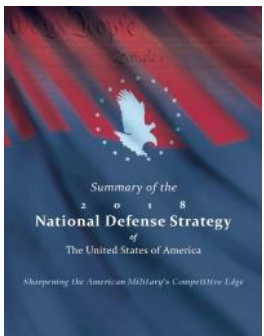
Overreach on any axis will impact

- Confidence in ME products
- Validity of analysis
- Availability of data

Three Axes of Mission Engineering



Strategy & Guidance



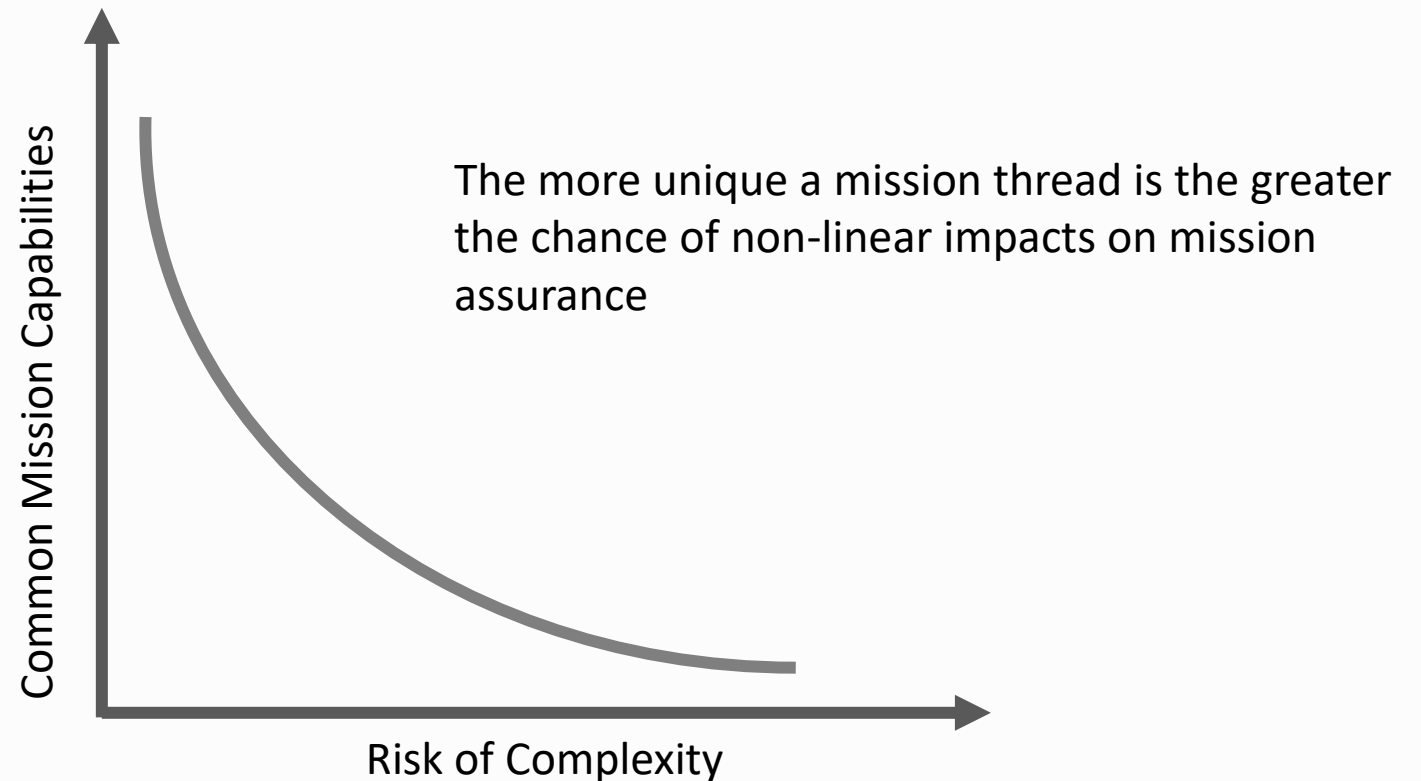
Trade studies between mission effectiveness and common capabilities

The Non-linearity Effect

For want of a nail the shoe was lost. For want of a shoe the horse was lost. For want of a horse the rider was lost. For want of a rider the battle was lost. For want of a battle the kingdom was lost.

- A Proverb

- Something minor has a disproportionate effect on outcomes
- Complexity increases the possibility of having non-linear interdependencies
- Standardization of capabilities across missions provides a measure of assurance



What Do We Know?

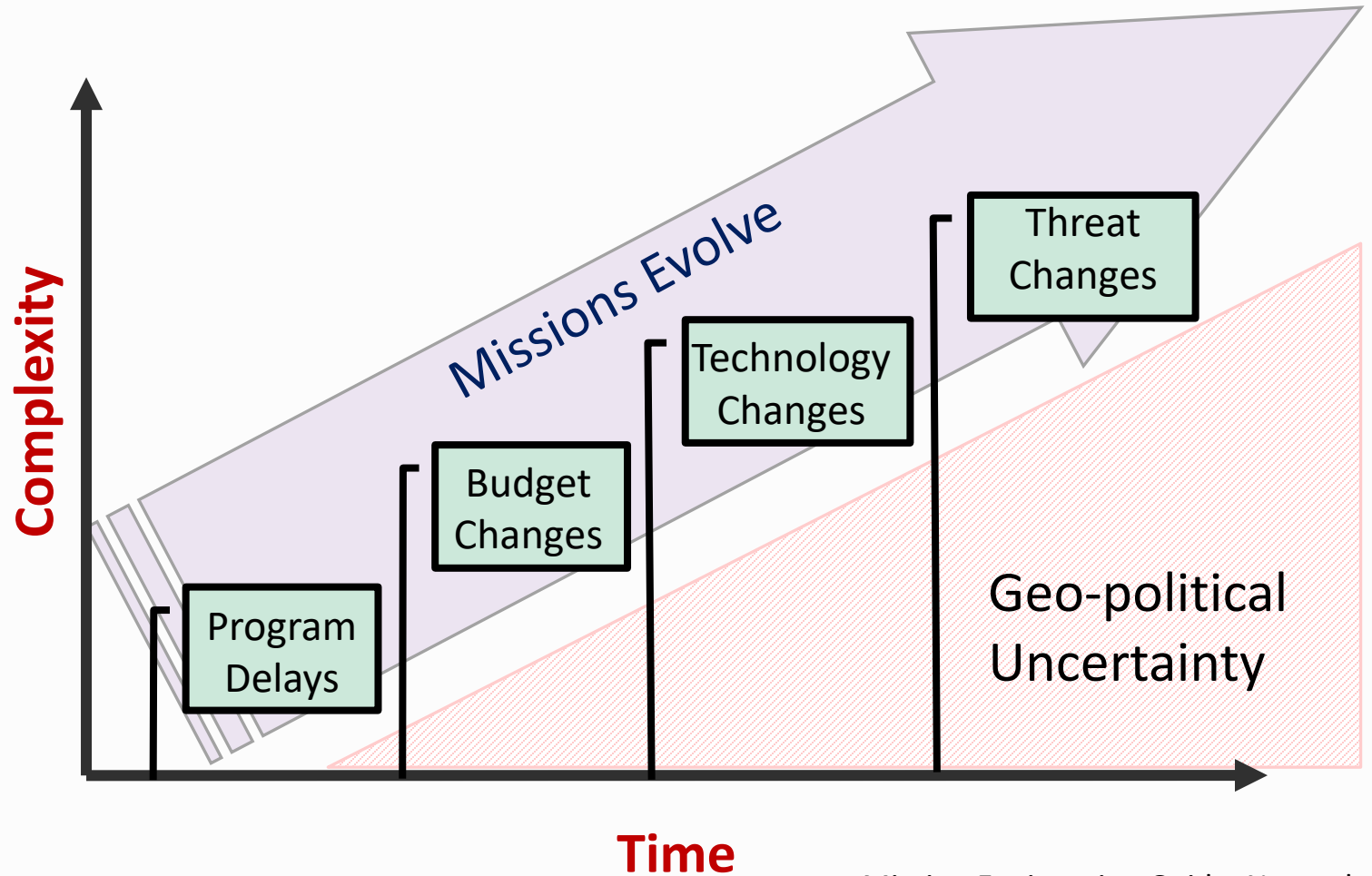
Change is constant and unpredictable

Organizations must adapt

Real-world complexity always creeps in

Present imperative is to move faster, innovate quicker

Three Axes of Mission Engineering



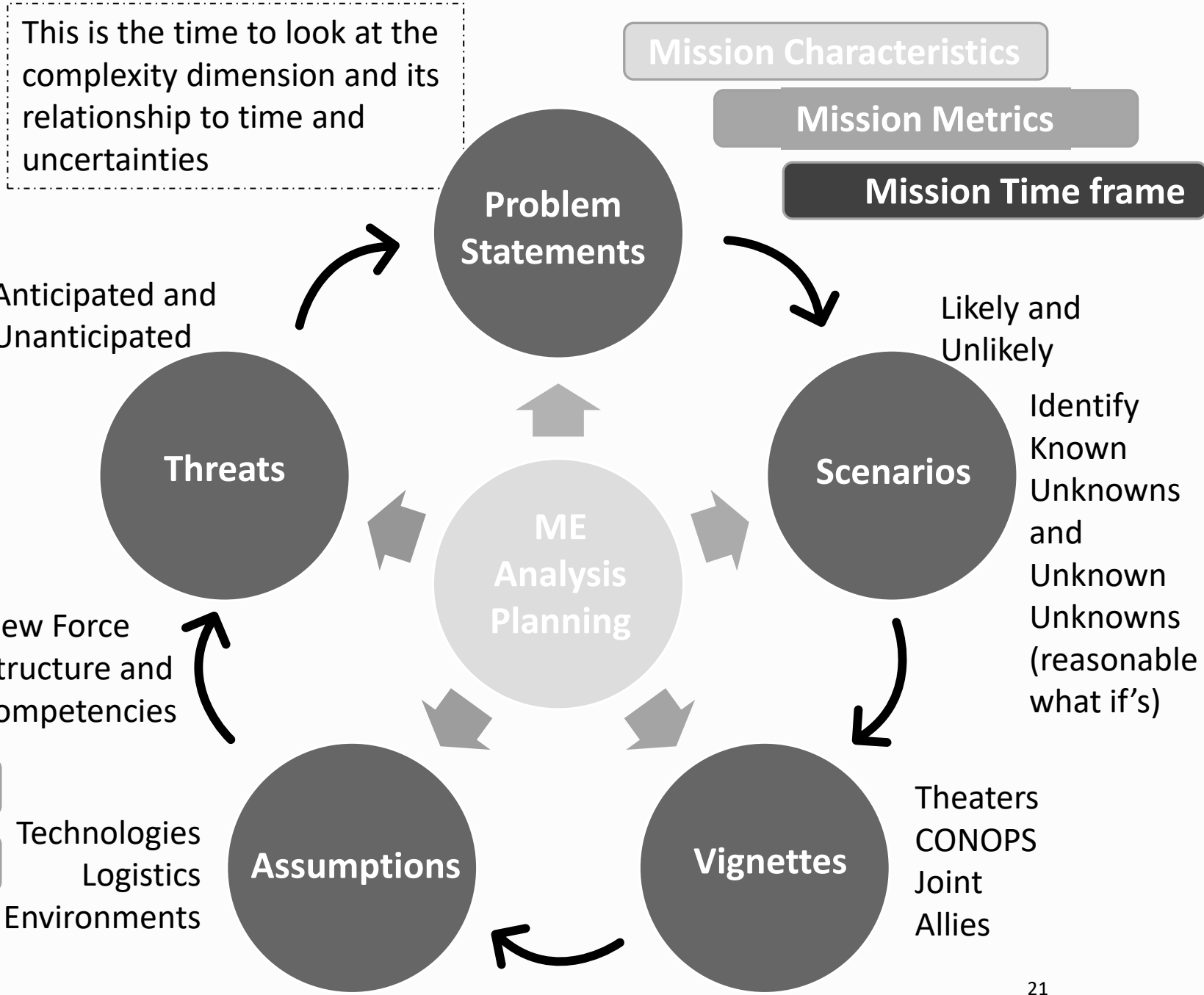
Mission Engineering Guide, November 2020

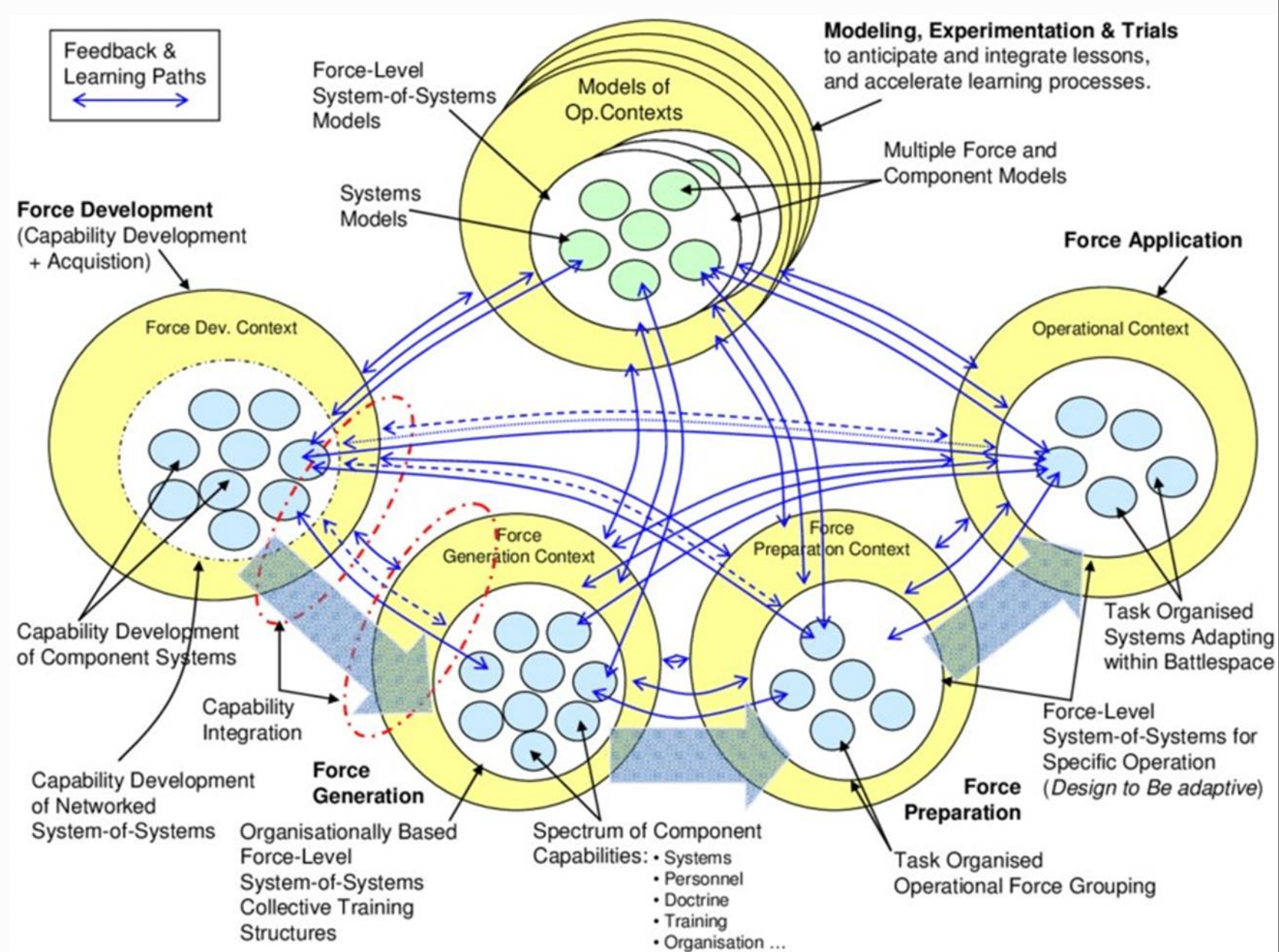
How does ME Deal with Complexity

By addressing questions that impact mission architectures while planning the analysis

- What are we trying to do?
- Who should be doing it?
- What is the context?
- What is the timeframe?

- Relationships
- Dependencies





Engendering Flexibility in Defence Forces, 14th ICCRT, Mark Unewisse Defence and Anne-Marie Grisogono, Defence Science and Technology Organisation, Australian Department of Defence, June 2009

At Speed and Scale

Future operations must have responsiveness, agility, resilience, and flexibility

Complicated, Dynamic
Interdependent, Coordinated

- Collaborative SoS
- Distributed (Allies and Partners)
- Continuous planning and modeling
- Integration of AI
- Flexible, scalable, tailorable C2
- Composable Force Structure
- Adaptive Behavior

What Can We Do?

Prepare by Enabling Different Thinking

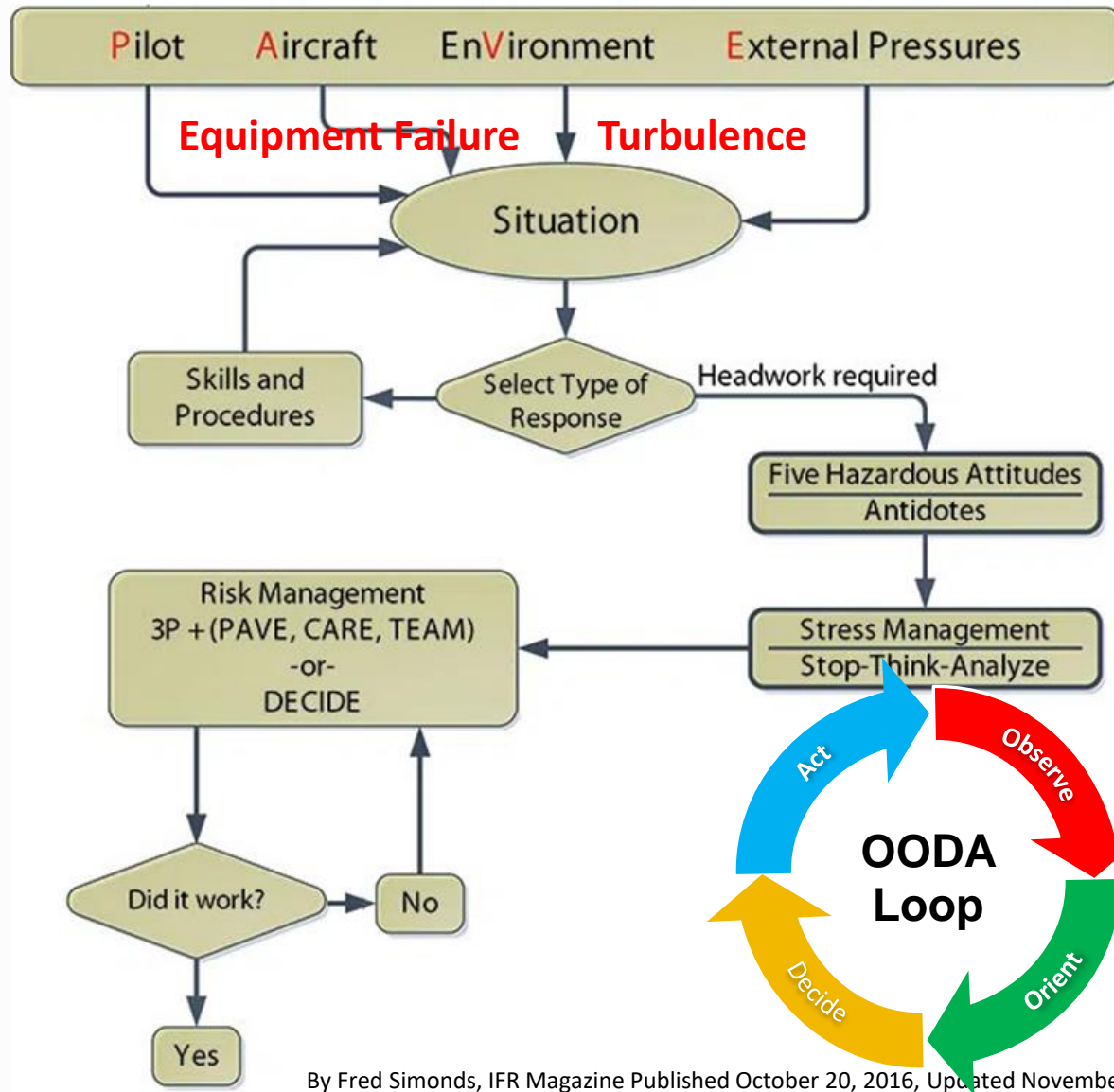
Personal

- Develop situational awareness
- Recognize cognitive biases
- Seek informal networks
- Take responsibility for own re-skilling
- Recognize limitations

Organizational

- Establish rapid reaction framework
- Re-skill the workforce
- Train for collaboration
- Recognize constraints
- Plan for the unplanned

Complexity is Inevitable



Aviation Analogy

FAA Advisory Circular 60-22

Aeronautical Decision Making

- systematic approach to risk assessment and stress management
- illustrates how personal attitudes can influence decisions
- Personal attitudes are always influenced by cognitive bias (how you interpret what you are seeing)

Summary



- Mission Engineering Addresses Complexity
 - Problem Statements, Scenarios, Assumptions
- Systems Engineering Provides Necessary Flexibilities
 - Modeling and simulation, MOSA, SOS Interoperability
- Train to deal with uncertainty and complexity
- Over time the ability to deal with complexity shifts from design to operations – plan on it!



Thank You

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