

DoD Software Modernization and the Program Protection Plan

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Software Assurance in DevSecOps

- **DoDI 5000.83, “Technology and Program Protection to Maintain Technological Advantage,” requires programs to employ system security engineering methods and practices, including software assurance (SwA), commensurate with technology, program, system, and mission objectives**
- **The DoD Software Modernization Strategy implementation plan identifies 10 tasks designed to increase technological capabilities across the Department and strengthen overall adoption of enterprise systems to expand the competitive space in the digital arena. The tasks support 3 Software Modernization Goals:**
 - Accelerate the DoD Enterprise Cloud Environment
 - Establish Department-wide Software Factory Ecosystem
 - Transform Processes to Enable Resilience and Speed

OUSD(R&E) STPP is updating the Program Protection Planning Outline and Guidance (PPP O&G) to reflect changes to the 5000.83 and support software modernization objectives including:

- Inheritance of software protections through infrastructures, platforms, and tool pipelines
- Assured integration of COTS and Open-Source software to deliver capability at the speed of relevance
- Advancement of the software workforce to deliver secure software capabilities



DoD Software Modernization and Software Assurance Timeline

May 2021

Feb 2022

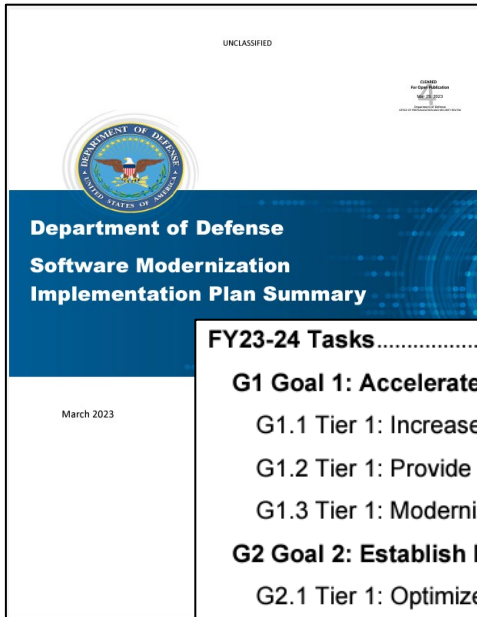
March 2023

Planned 2024

The software modernization strategy identifies capabilities that are critical to the departments ability to deliver software solutions to the warfighter. Program protection practices must also modernize to ensure the implementation of these capabilities positively impacts our ability to protect them



Software Assurance in Software Modernization



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- Inheritance of assurance through adoption of infrastructure and platforms
- Integration of assurance tools into DoD Software factory pipelines
- Analysis and sharing of assured software (COTS, GOTS, and Open Source)
- Establishing SwA thresholds for promotion of software
- Promote the use of modern software frameworks, technologies and languages
- Advance the SwA workforce through DAU SwA Credentials



Proposed PPP O&G SwA Table Mapping to DevSecOps (NDIA SE 2022)

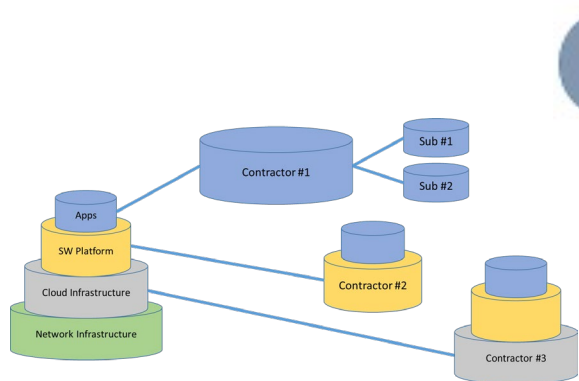


Table 2-12
Software Infrastructure

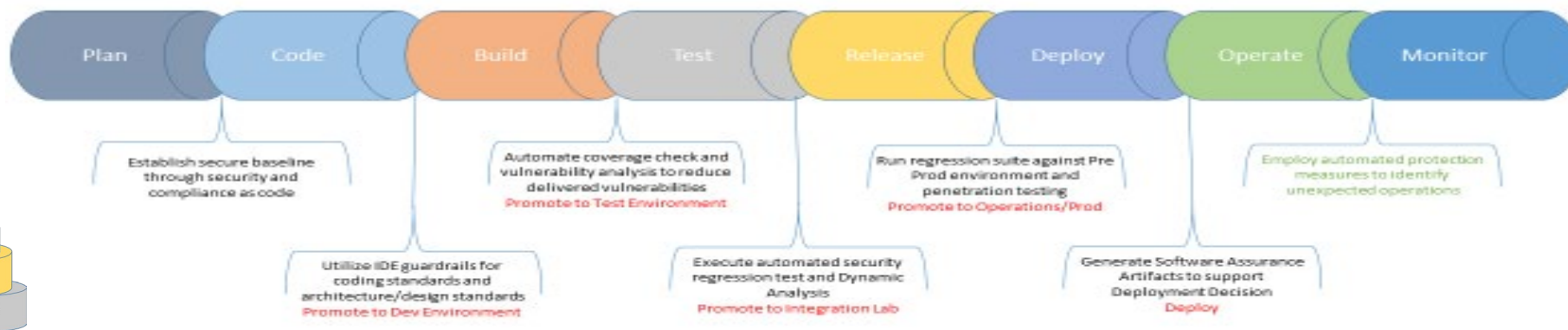


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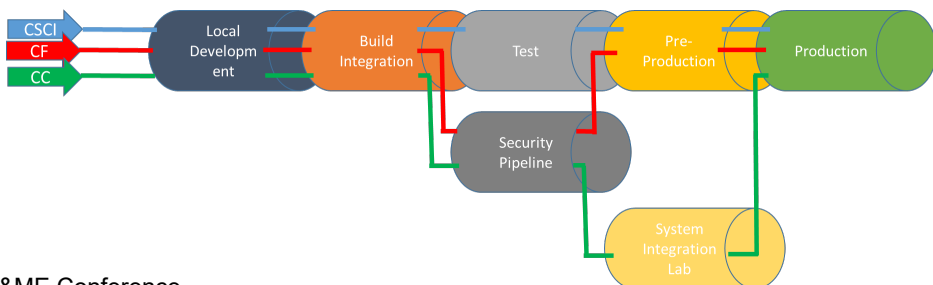


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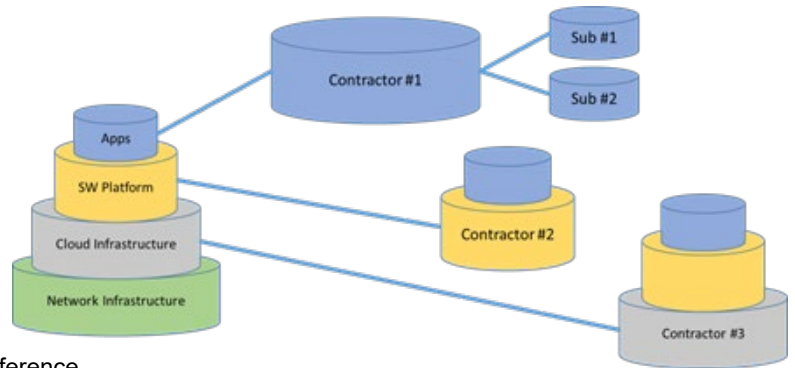
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Inheritance of Assurance Through Adoption of Infrastructure and Platforms

PPP Outline & Guidance Approach:

- Allows Program Management Office to identify government owned and operated, government owned and contractor operated, and contractor owned and operated network, cloud, or cloud service
- Enables inheritance of cloud provider or contractor implemented security practices
- Informs selection of additional protections at the platform or application level



Program Protection Plan Outline and Guidance Software Infrastructure Protections (Notional Examples)

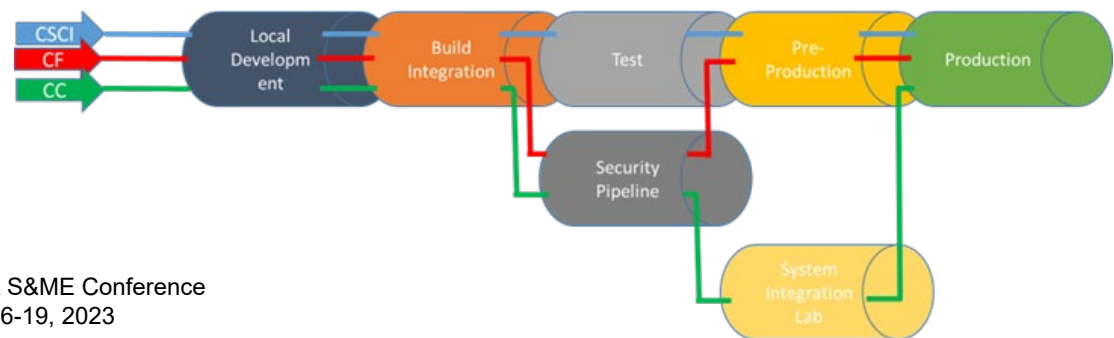
ID	Infrastructure	Owner and Operator	Purpose or Capability	Classification / Impact Level	Inherited Protection Measures	Applied Protection Measures	Accreditation (type/org/date)	References
INF 1	Contractor A Network	Contractor	Development Environment	U	MS Cloud FedRamp Authorized Infrastructure National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Secure Software Development Framework (SSDF)	Software Development Plan (SDP), Third Party Penetration Testing.	Contractor A 2022	SDP A
INF 2	Commercial Cloud, Information Impact Level 4	Program Management Office/ Contractor	Integration, Test & Operational Environments	CUI / IL-3 - S / IL-6	Commercial Cloud Security Policy	Penetration testing, Persistent Cyber Operations, Cybersecurity Service Provider (CSSP)	ATO U.S. Navy 2021	Additional proprietary information can be made available upon request
INF 3	Platform One (PaaS)	USAF/ Contractor B	Development Environment	IL-3	Inherited protections identified in DSO Reference Design	Penetration testing, Persistent Cyber Operations, CSSP	ATO USAF 2022	https://dodcio.defense.gov/Portals/0/Documents/DoD%20Enterprise%20DevSecOps%20Reference%20Design%20v1.0_Public%20Release.pdf
INF 4	Stratus	DISA	Hosting, Storage, Computing Environment	S / IL-6	Vulnerability Management Service Cloud Plus CSSP Services	Penetration testing, Persistent Cyber Operations	ATO U.S. Army 2021	https://www.hacc.mil



Integration of Assurance Tools into DoD Software factory Pipelines

PPP Outline & Guidance Approach:

- Shift in focus from coverage to in breadth of automated assurance tools used across development, test, and production environments.
- Enables Program Management Office to identify tools based on the characteristics and criticality of the software
- Supports continuous integration, stand along security pipelines, and use of specialized environments (SIL, Test Range, etc.)
- Informs protection of software to provide a level of assurance commensurate with technology, program, system and mission objectives.



Software Methods, Practices and Tools (Notional Examples)

Tools and Techniques for PPP Traceability ID	Tools and Techniques Name or Description	Analysis Type	Software Language	Code Format (Binary, Source Code)	Finding Types	Tool Source
TT 1	Analysis Tool #1 (Tool 1)	Static	C++	Binary	Vulnerabilities	Program Office
TT 2	Analysis Tool #2	Static	Java	Source Code	CWEs	Joint Federated Assurance Center (JFAC)
TT 3	Code Review (Technique 2)	Manual	All	Source Code	Failed merge requests	DISA
TT 4	Threat Model	Manual	N/A	N/A	Threat diagram	Open Work App/Sec Pr (OV)
TT 5	Reverse Engineering	Manual	C++	Binary	Vulnerabilities	Development #1
TT 6	Formal Methods	Manual	N/A	N/A	Verified requirements	DEV ENV 1
TT 7	IDE #1	N/A	C++	Source Code	Coding Standard Compliance	Development #2
TT 8	Unit Testing	N/A	C++	N/A	Coverage	ENV 2
TT 9	Regression Tests	Static/Dynamic	N/A	N/A	Vulnerabilities	Integration #1
TT 10	Git Repo	Static/Dynamic	N/A	Source	Vulnerabilities	ENV 3
TT 11	Orchestration	Dynamic	N/A	N/A	N/A	Testing #1

Environments Summary (Notional Examples)

Environment Name / ID	Host Infrastructure (Table 9-2)	Environment Owner / Operator	Software ID for PPP Traceability (Table 9-3)	Techniques and Tools for PPP Traceability (Table 9-5)	Supplemental Protection Required	References
Development #1	INF 1	Contractor A	SCO 1	TT 1-5,7-11	SSDF	Proprietary; can be provided with request
DEV ENV 2	INF 3	PMO	SCO 2	TT 2, 3, 7	N/A	https://p1.dso.mil/products/party-bus
Integration #1	INF 2	PMO / Contractor A	SCO 1, SCO 2	TT 1, 3, 10-11	Hardened Container SRG	SDP page 3 Development, Security, and Operations (DevSecOps) Tool Chain
Testing #1	INF 2	PMO / Contractor A	SCO 1, SCO 2	TT 2, 5	N/A	Test Plan pg. 4
System Integration Lab	N/A	PMO	SCO 1, SCO 2, SCO 3	TT 1	Non-networked environment	Test Plan pg. 6
Production ENV 6	INF 2	PMO	SCO 1, SCO 2, SCO 3	TT 1	Cloud security policy	DoD Cloud Computing Requirements Guide, Cloud Security Policy, Service Level Agreement



Analysis and sharing of assured software (COTS, GOTS, and Open Source)

PPP Outline & Guidance Approach:

- Recognizes the importance of software reuse to deliver at the speed of relevance.
- Incorporates the identification of vendor best practices to mitigate risks identified by EO 14028 Improving the Nation’s Cybersecurity
- Enables validation and inheritance of vendor applied protections
- Informs selection of additional protections based on criticality and residual risks associated with provided vendor practices.

Program Protection Plan Outline and Guidance Software Procurement (Notional Examples)

Scope	Development Vendor Technique(s) Applied	Procurement/Transition PMO / Contractor Technique(s) Applied	Organization(s) and or Vendor	References
Vendor A Component A	Vendor Secure Development Lifecycle, SBOM	Binary Analysis, Penetration Testing Supply Chain Illumination	Vendor A	vendor website Assessment #1
S&T Component A	Code Review, SAST, DAST	Penetration Testing	SEI	SEI Secure Coding SEI SDP
SCO 3	SSDF, Unit Test, SAST, SBOM	Binary Analysis (TT 5)	Contractor B	Contractor SDP, Test Process, Product SW Bill of Materials (SBOM)

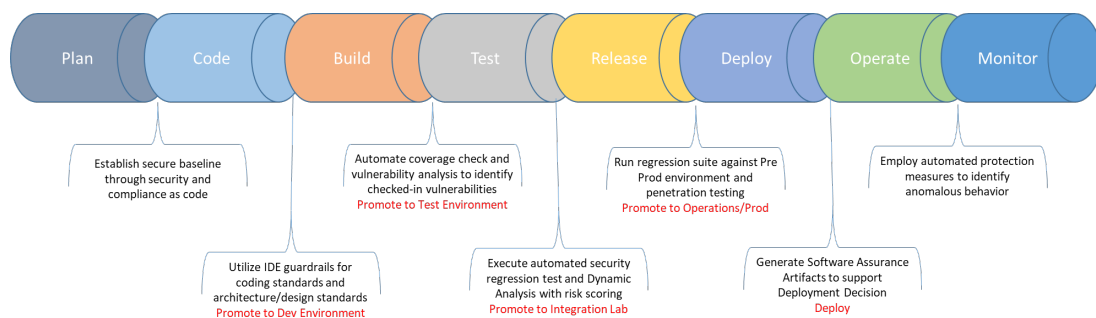
*COTS: Commercial –off-the-shelf
GOTS: Government off the shelf



Establishing SwA thresholds for promotion of software

PPP O&G Approach:

- Categorizes vulnerabilities based on the software scope, assessment approach, and tool/technique used for analysis
- Enables PMO to establish acceptance thresholds based on the environment and criticality of the software
- Supports continuous integration and testing at all stages of the software lifecycle
- Informs decision makers of latent vulnerabilities, maturation of acceptance thresholds, and assurance trends based on vulnerability scoring



Program Protection Plan Outline and Guidance Software Weaknesses and Vulnerabilities (Notional Examples)

Software Scope ID (Table 9-3)	Techniques and Tools (Table 9-5)	Assessment Approach	Vulnerability Scoring	Acceptance Thresholds	Report (ID)
SCO 1	TT 2	Daily Scan and Reports	Tool Generated	No Critical or High in Prod	Report A (SWR 1)
SCO 2	TT 1	Automated scanning of binary	CVSS	Mitigations for all findings > 6.9	Report B (SWR 2)
SCO 3	TT 3	All code check-in	N/A (Coverage)	Mitigated prior to code commit	Report C (SWR 3)
SCO 2	TT 5	As needed based on findings from TT 1	Manual	All findings mitigated	Report B (SWR 4)



Promote use of Modern Software Frameworks, Technologies and Languages

PPP Outline & Guidance Approach:

- Recognizes the importance of innovation and protections that can be achieved through selection of modern capabilities
- Enables PMO to reference or summarize software development processes, frameworks and standards being used to highlight assurance best practices
- Encourages the use of modern technologies, reference designs, and development languages to enhance assurance
- Informs, through mapping to the software scope, assurance gaps based on residual risks

Software Scope (Notional Examples)

Software Scope ID for PPP Traceability	Software Description	Software Type	Developer(s)
SCO 1	CSCI #1	Application	Contractor A, B, & C
SCO 2	Critical Function #1	Application	Government Program
SCO 3	Critical Component #1	Embedded	Contractor
SCO 4	Critical Component #2	Application	Open

Software Process Summary (Notional Examples)

Topic	Summary	Software ID for PPP Traceability	References
Software and Firmware Development, Procurement, Verification	Software Development process is described in the SDP. Development pipeline employs software composition analysis, source code analysis, two level code review, dynamic analysis, and automated test scripts for security. Practices identified as part of verification are included in the software test plan.	SCO 1 SCO 2 SCO 3	SDP X.X Test Plan X.X
	The lead integrator employs strict configuration management for all integrated and deployed software. Contractor CM supports full traceability from requirements through delivery. System employs configuration as code to ensure secure deployment.	SCO 1 SCO 2 SCO 3 SCO 4	SDP X.X
	System is being developed using the Major Capability Acquisition Pathway. Subsystem A, C will utilize the SW Acquisition Pathway. Considerations are included in the Acquisition Strategy.	SCO 1 SCO 2 SCO 3	Acquisition Strategy X.X

Software Protections (Notional Examples)

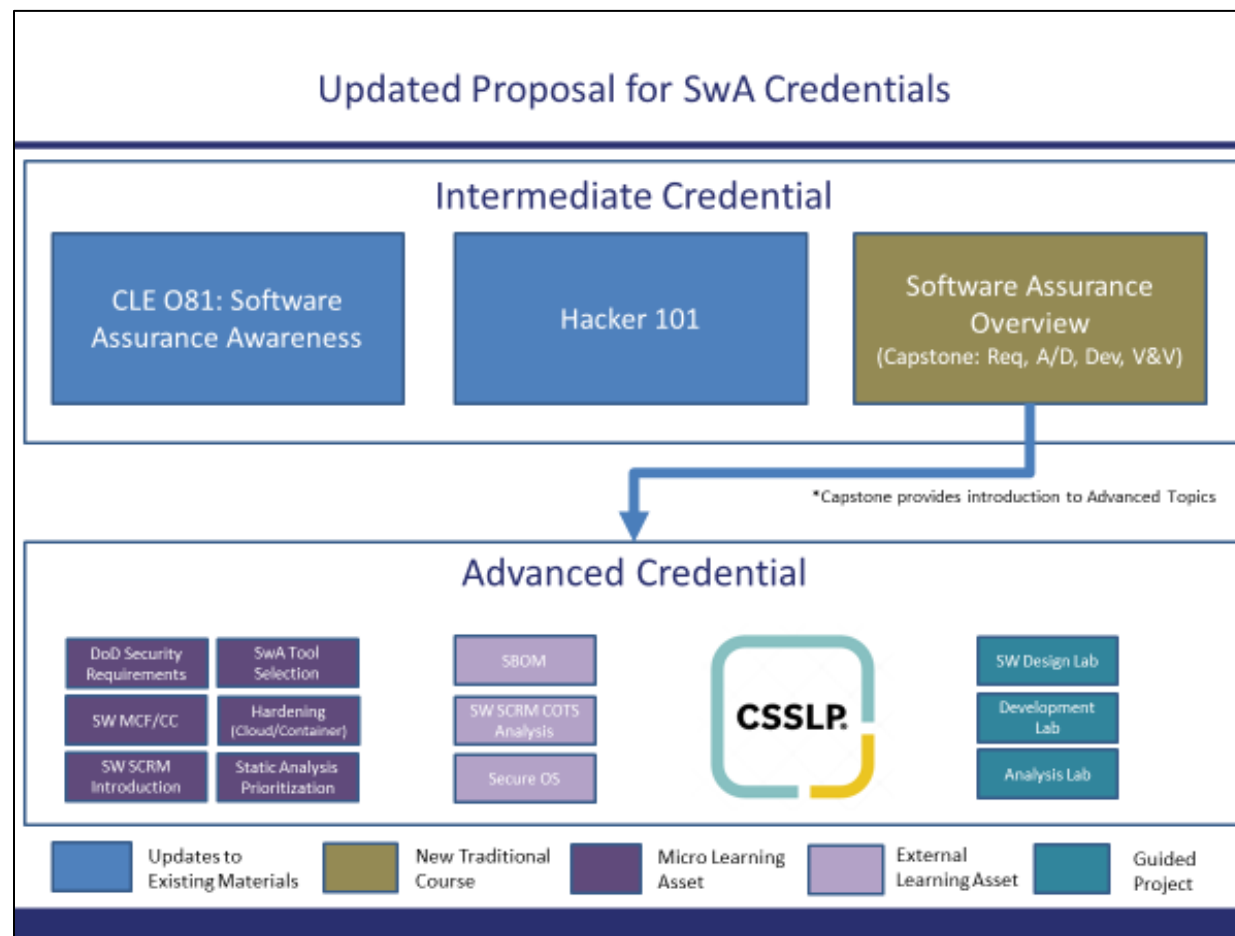
Design Selection & Category	Category	Inherent Protection Gained	Supplemental Protection Required	Software Scope Applied	References
NIST SSDF	Standards	N/A	N/A	SCO 1-3	https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/SpecialPublications/NIST.SP.800-218.pdf
DoD DevSecOps Reference Design	D&A	Service Mesh with security sidecar	Additional Protections applied at the application layer	SCO 1	https://dodcio.defense.gov/Portals/0/Documents/DoD%20Enterprise%20DevSecOps%20Reference%20Design%20v1.0_Public%20Release.pdf
Rust programming language	Language	Memory safe language Null Pointer Safety Data Race Safety	Code Review (TT 3)	SCO 4	N/A



Advance the SwA workforce through DAU SwA Credential Program

PPP Outline & Guidance Approach:

- Defense Acquisition University (DAU) is developing a SwA Credential Program with Intermediate and Advanced Credentials
- DAU plans to follow development of DevSecOps Credential Program leveraging Micro-learning assets, guided projects, and simulations.
- Focused on alignment with related competencies including Program Protection, Systems Engineering, and Software Development
- Intermediate Credential will provide overview of SwA responsibilities
- Advanced will review specific SwA methods and practices from various DoD roles

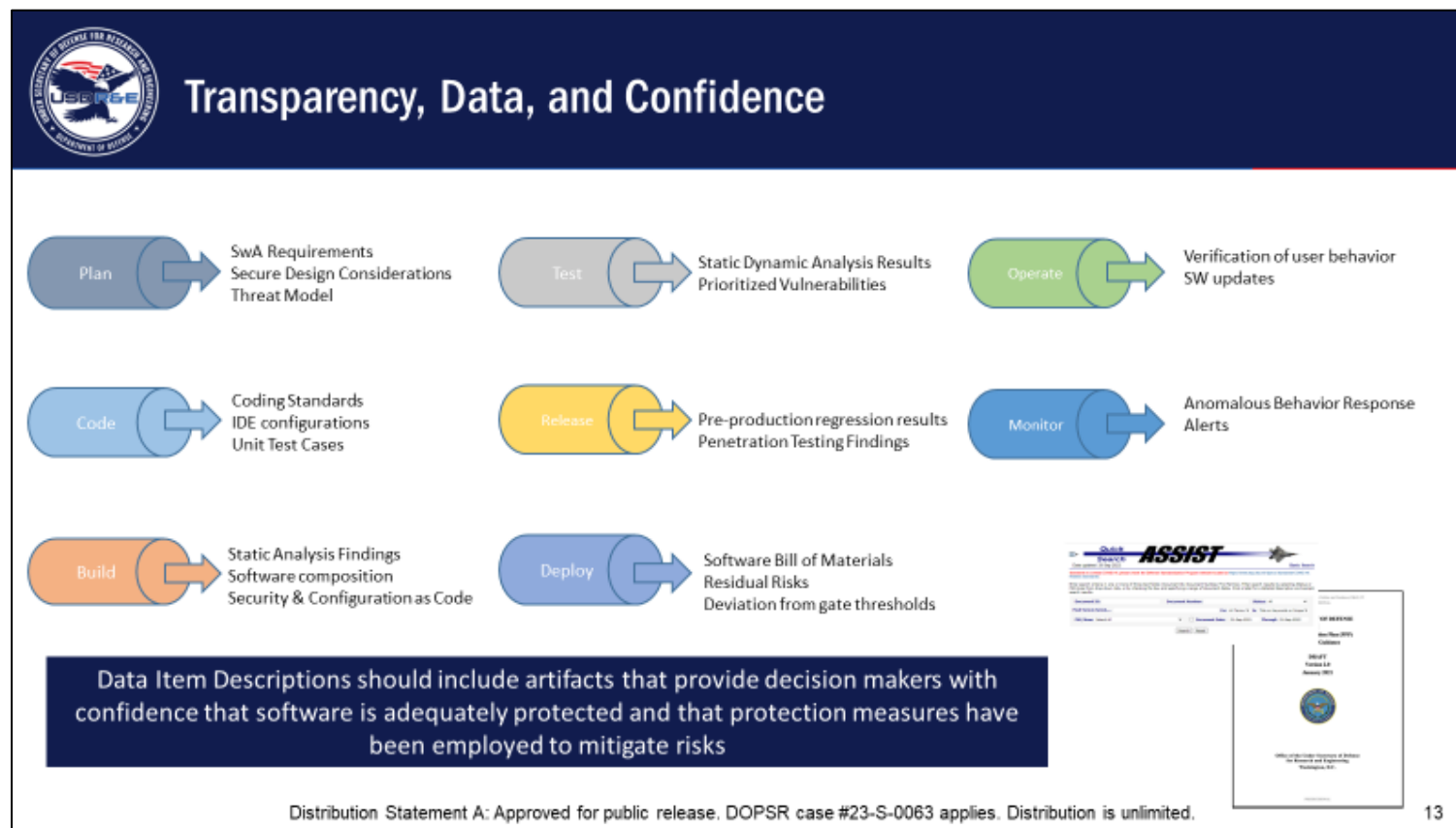




Advance the SwA Confidence Through Transparency and Data

Approach:

- Develop Data Identification Description that informs transparency into modern development pipelines and shared services
- Leverage existing software acquisition data to inform software protections and inform risk mitigations
- Encourage effective communication of SwA baselines and thresholds to reduce effort required for validation of findings
- Support the continuous evaluation of SwA posture and improvement trends throughout the development lifecycle





Summary

- **PPP O&G update to enable programs to identify, prioritize and implement modern software services, frameworks, and tools**
- **Automated collection and analysis of software assurance data is key to establishing and maintaining a SwA posture, commensurate with technology, program, system, and mission objectives.**
- **Key data elements include:**
 - Infrastructure and Platform security features that may be inherited through the use of shared services
 - Tools used in contractor pipelines across development, test, and production environments.
 - Artifacts generated through the application of SwA techniques in the development or integration of procured software
 - Modern development frameworks and processes that improve the assurance posture of the software being developed.
- **Industry support, review, and feedback on Program Protection DID(s) are welcomed and appreciated**



Questions?

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