

HYPERSONICS SUPPLY CHAINS: SECURING THE PATH TO THE FUTURE

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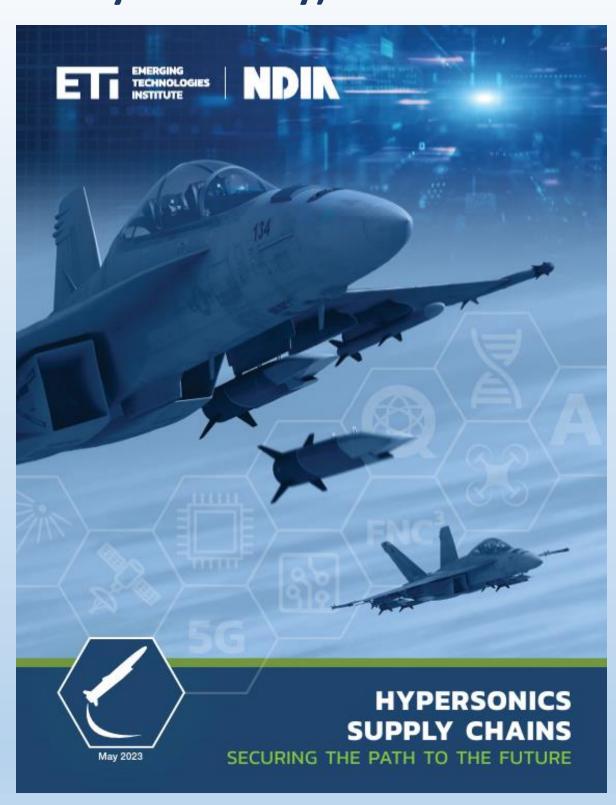


National Defense Industrial Association's (NDIA) Emerging Technologies Institute (ETI)

Emerging Technologies Supply Chain Study

Goals: Assess the state of defense emerging technology supply chains and provide policy recommendations for their development, health, and resilience

Scope: Hypersonics (published in May 2023) and Directed Energy Weapons (currently underway)



Hypersonics Report Methodology

- Partnered with University of Maryland Supply Chain Management Center
- Convened 8 working groups, comprised of 22 key stakeholders from industry, government, and academia
- Conducted interviews with representatives at all levels of the hypersonics supply chains
- Compiled key findings from working groups, interviews,
 UMD research, and internal research into final report
- Submitted report to a distinguished peer review committee and external reviewers prior to publication

Final Assessment

Current supply chains, including manufacturing base, supply of critical materials, testing infrastructure, and workforce are insufficient to affordably field hypersonic weapons at scale.

Key Recommendations

- DoD <u>must</u> provide a consistent demand signal to industry
- Further investment needed in high temperature materials such as carboncarbon
- DoD should continue pursuing an airbreathing hypersonic vehicle system as part of its development plan to expedite manufacturing base growth and transfer critical knowledge from more senior hypersonic talent to new talent
- Academia should be leveraged for educating mid-level talent in hypersonicadjacent fields to address workforce shortages
- OUSD A&S should ensure the acquisition workforce is adequately prepared for hypersonic procurement at scale through education and training
- U.S. government should look to Canada and Australia to diversify critical raw material supply and expand testing partnerships