

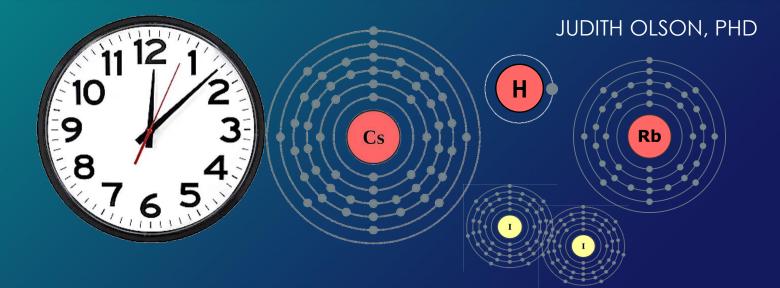
The Rapidly Expanding Need for Quantum Atomic Clocks

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Atomic Clocks Portfolio Tech Lead



Atomic clocks are core to defense



- Navigation and timing (GPS)
- PNT resiliency and GPS-free UAVs
- Data and communications
- Phase-based radar
- Critical infrastructure management
- "Quantum suite of sensors" modality

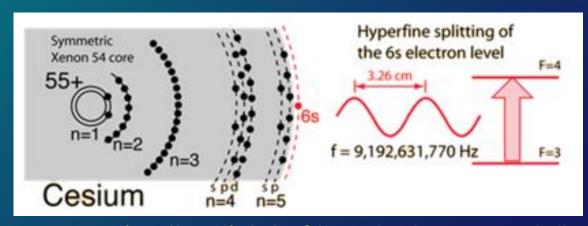


Images of atoms from https://www.chemistrylearner.com/

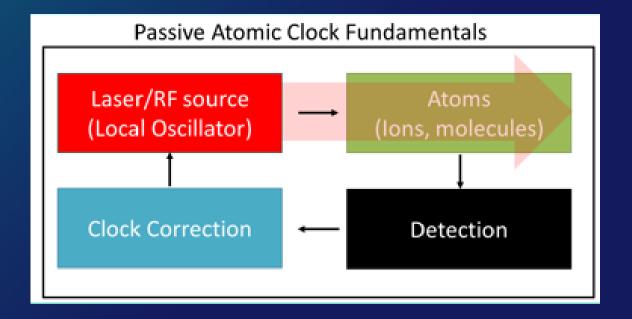


Atomic clocks have rapidly improved

- Traditional timing solutions are combination of microwave (RF) atomic clocks and crystal oscillators as basis
- A new type of atomic clock, the optical atomic clock, offers superior performance with a laser as its timing basis



By counting the 'ticks' of the clock, we can tell time (and extrapolate position)





Optical clocks: the future of timekeeping

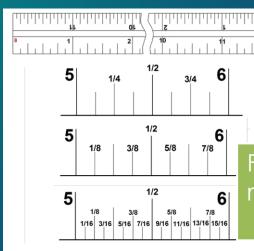
- Performance

 fractional

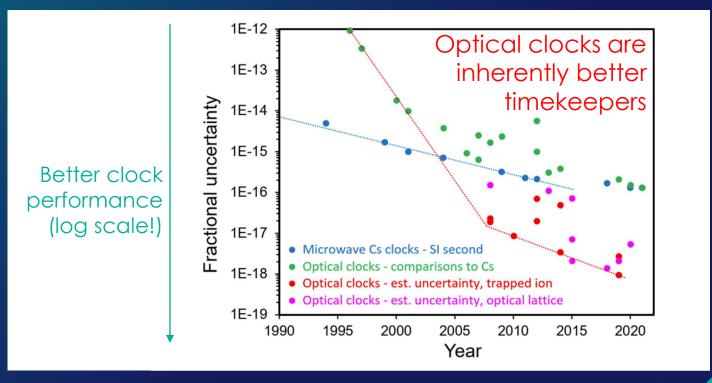
 frequency instability
- Optical clocks (100's THz) tick
 ~10,000 x faster than
 microwave clocks (10's GHz)



10,000x improvement in timing and environmental susceptibility possible



Faster 'ticking' clocks allow better timing resolution and measurement, like having more ticks on a ruler



(Plot from NASA Cold Atoms in Space Workshop 2022 publication)



Optical clocks are ready and needed

- Optical versus microwave clock performance and fieldability greatly improved
- Biggest technology barriers to commercial deployment are lowering (TRL and MRL)
- Emerging mission needs exceed current capabilities



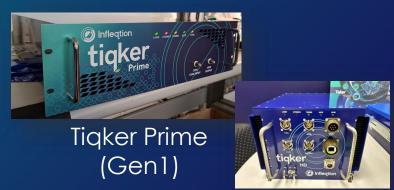
NIST comb lab



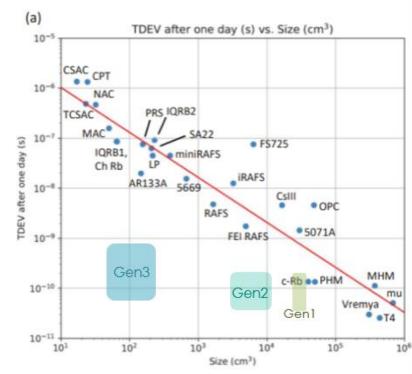
Commercial optical clocks today

- Optical clocks coming to market now, pre-production units available
- Maser-like performance with added benefits of:
 - More fieldable, ruggedized
 - Lower cost
 - Shorter lead times
 - Much smaller size
 - Better holdover/drift performance





Tigker HD (Gen2)



Legend

CSAC = Microchip SA.45s CSAC

TCSAC = Teledyne CSAC (preliminary)

CPT = Chengdu Spaceon CPT

NAC = Accubeat Rb NAC1

IORB1 = IOD IQRB-1

Ch Rb = Chengdu Spaceon XHTF1031

MAC = Microchip SA.35m

SA22 = Microchip SA.22c

PRS = SRS PRS10

LP = Spectratime low profile Rb

AR133A = Accubeat AR133A Rb

miniRAFS = Spectratime miniRAFS

IQRB2 = IQD IQRB-2

5669 = FEI FE-5669 Rb

F5725 = SRS FS725

RAFS = Excelitas space RAFS

iRAFS = Spectratime iSpace RAFS

CsIII = Microchip CBT 4310B CsIII

FEI RAFS = FEI RAFS

5071A = Microchip 5071A CBT

OPC = Chengdu Spaceon TA1000 OPC

c-Rb = Spectradynamics cold Rb c-Rb

PHM = T4Science pHMaser 1008

mu = Muguans cold-atom MuClock

(preliminary)

MHM = Microchip MHM 2010 H Maser

Vremya = Vremya VCH-1003M H Maser

T4 = T4Science iMaser-3000 H Maser



Areas of interest for near-term clocks

Pre-Production



Early adopters and those wanting to ensure future compatibility with optical clocks

- Pilot Program underway

Contact for Pilot Program information:
Too Vira, Director of Product Engagement
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"Office-use" version for

- Data networks
 - Meshed, distributed
- Financial institutions
- National timescales
- Science and research facilities
- Tests and demos of new capabilities





Ruggedized version for deployed and mounted scenarios

- Intelligent surveillance and reconaissance
- Autonomy
- Radar

Defense partnerships

- o Goals:
 - Provide demo units to integrate with existing PNT hardware
 - Improve MRL Accelerate vapor cell manufacturing and photonic integration capabilities to enable reduced SWaP-C and production at scale
 - o Improve TRL Develop ruggedize clocks and certify to mil-spec for ground, sea, and air missions; pursue space qualification









ColdquantaLabs

We'd love to hear from you at Judith.Olson@Infleqtion.com