



The Importance of Shared Awareness for Human-Machine Symbiosis

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High Functioning Teams

- Challenge of Dynamic, Complex Task Domains
- Requires high fidelity shared awareness among team
 - Goals
 - Evolving Situation
 - Roles and Responsibilities
- Importance of this exemplified in adoption of Crew Resource Management (CRM)
 - Communication and Decision practices in Flight Operations focused on shared awareness

Current Gaps in Human-Machine Teaming

Not mutually beneficial

- Opaque intelligent systems
- No awareness of human state by machine
- No common language

How effective would it be teaming with human with no common language?

Machine Transparency

- Important for developing human mental model of machine teammate
- Of increasing importance when teaming with autonomous and semi-autonomous systems
- Transitioning of authority and autonomy between human and machines
- Transparency facilitates trust and acceptance

Transitioning from strong, silent automation to collaborative, expressive autonomy

Human State Awareness

- Typically focus on providing human with machine state, not vice versa
- Effective teaming involves recognizing and adapting to changing states of others
- However, most complex systems assume fixed state
 - E.g. Flight operations---assumes crew are well-rested, vigilant, and have complete, accurate knowledge of systems

Awareness Gaps

- Human mental models become de-coupled from system state
- In symbiosis, machine infers gaps in awareness
 - With initiative to query and correct
- Automation limits, opportunity for Autonomy
 - Asiana Flight 214 Accident

Morphing automation to autonomy to have the awareness and initiative required for true collaboration

Common Language

- Aviation: ATC and crew think in Clearances
 - BUT this needs to be translate into avionics mode logic
- Representational differences in navigation
 - Humans: semantic/qualitative
 - Machines: metric/quantitative
- Not just “user interface” issue– since underlying functional logic is fundamentally different from human cognitive constructs

Human Machine Testbed

- Address empirical and technical questions
- Coupled with complex task environment
 - E.g. automation enabled flight operations
- Evaluate methods to identify awareness gaps
- Assess performance impact of machine intervention logic

Preliminary Findings

- Importance of computational framework to manage teaming
 - CRM
- Value of joint reasoning on human state/behaviors and system state
- Human attention likely most scarce resource in human-machine collaboration

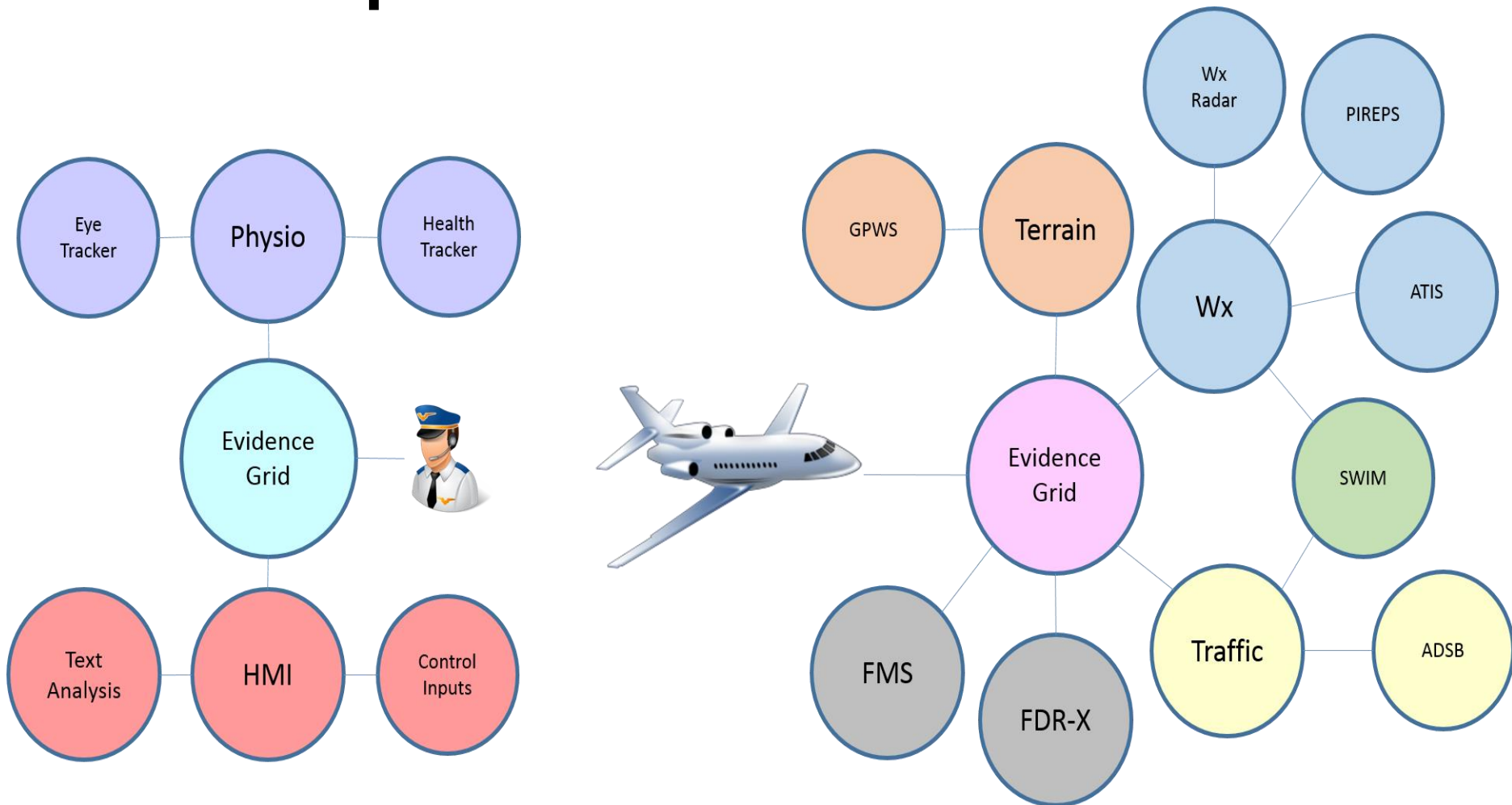
Thank you

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Questions?

Backup

Global Representation



Speech Recognition and Generation

- Natural medium for collaborating
 - Validated Speech Recognition in challenging acoustical environments
 - Honeywell ATC transcription—modality management to support flight crew
- Likely interaction
 - Call Outs
 - Reading Checklist to support joint performance
 - Respond to pilot verbal requests—e.g., requesting charts, display changes

Streamlining interactions on the flight deck