Developing the Infrastructure and Methodologies for Cyber Security T&E



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- TRMC Overview
- Distributed Testing and JMETC
- JMETC Infrastructure
- Technical Support
- Customer Support
- Cyber Security T&E



The TRMC "Blueprint": Putting Test Capabilities on the DoD Map











A process, preferably persistent and continuous, for linking various geographically separated live, virtual, and constructive sites and capabilities together in a distributed environment, for use across the acquisition life cycle, to support and conduct the Test and Evaluation (T&E) of a system or systems-of-systems in a Joint and cyberspace environment.

A new way of thinking for many in the Test and Evaluation Community



The JMETC Mission



JMETC provides the *persistent*, *robust* infrastructure (network, integration software, tools, reuse repository) and the *technical expertise* to integrate Live, Virtual, and Constructive systems for test and evaluation in a Joint Systems-of-Systems and Cyber environments.

You Worry About Your Test... JMETC Worries About the Infrastructure





JMETC Infrastructure



Drivers for Enhancement Initiatives



- Lack of an enterprise distributed T&E infrastructure to support higher classifications
- Limited access to National Cyber Range (NCR) and other Cyber T&E resources/capabilities
- Lack of enterprise resources to feasibly create representative cyber contested environments
- Difficulty supporting non-SDREN addressing schema
- Limited access to partner nations



JMETC Infrastructure



- Dual Infrastructure Solutions
 - JMETC SECRET Network (JSN)
 - JMETC MILS Network (JMN)



Dual Infrastructure Solutions: JMETC SECRET Network (JSN)



- Objective is to provide *persistent connectivity*
 - Standing IA Agreements
 - Daily full mesh, end-to-end network characterization ensure optimized performance
 - On demand usage with little to no coordination necessary
- Operates at SECRET Collateral
 - Leverages SECRET Defense Research & Engineering Network (SDREN) for connectivity
- Limitation
 - Does not support Cyber and Coalition requirements
 - Does not support higher security classifications







JSN Event Support Services



- Pre-event / Event Integration Emphasis:
 - Test Development/Design
 - Convert customer infrastructure requirements into JMETC-provided infrastructure solutions
 - Network & IA Engineering
 - Provide remote and onsite support to ensure optimized connectivity
 - User Support
 - Ensures JMETC sites have the knowledge, skills, abilities, and site-specific examples to address test resource interoperability issues
 - Support event planning activities
- Event Execution Emphasis:
 - JMETC SYSCON
 - Verifies infrastructure readiness and proactively troubleshoots problems as they are discovered
 - Event Support
 - Provides direct support to customer test activities on an as-needed basis
- Post Event Emphasis:
 - Capture Lessons Learned and Infrastructure Gaps/Limitations
 - Data dissemination



JMETC Customer Support



Aegis Accelerated Mid-Term Interoperability Improvement Plan (AMIIP)



- NAVSEA distributed testing executed on JMETC infrastructure with Aegis, live Hawkeye E-2C and F/A-18 aircraft in a replicated battle group environment
- 5 Sites, 9 Labs, 10 HWILs never achieved in Aegis testing before JMETC
- With increased testing scope and efficiency, AMIIP reduced risk & costs to find/fix problems

Battlefield Airborne Communications Node (BACN)



- Joint Urgent Operational Need (JUON)
- Integration of BACN payload onto multiple platforms
- JMETC supported Distributed testing included Live-fly DT and Operational Utility Evaluation :saved \$1.2M
- Urgent capability fielded early

Joint Interoperability Test Command (JITC) Interoperability Certification



- JITC conducts interoperability assessments, standards conformance and certification testing for weapons and C2 systems in an operationally realistic Joint environment
- Typically 4 Joint Interoperability Tests (JIT) per year
- JMETC supports with infrastructure, technical support and approved test tools

Apache, Block III (AH-64E Guardian)



- JMETC provided environment for Joint Interoperability Test and FOT&E distributed events
- First implementation of LINK-16 capability for Army Aviation as Apache exchanged LINK-16 messages with high fidelity HWIL
- Saved cost of live aircraft, support staff, and TDY cost for test team and analysts 13



JMETC MILS Network (JMN)



- Objective is to provide 1) user access to <u>enterprise resources, tools and</u> <u>services</u> at <u>higher classifications</u> and 2) <u>isolated distributed testbeds</u> to meet growing Cyber T&E requirements
 - Accredited by DIA
- Employs Multiple Independent Levels of Security (MILS) architecture
 - Allows for segregation of data streams by protocol, system, event, COI, etc.
 - Ability to create "sandboxes" for Cyber events
 - Capable of supporting multiple simultaneous events at multiple classifications concurrently
 - Utilizes Defense Research & Engineering Network (DREN) for unclassified network transport
- Limitations
 - Requires security agreements for each event (valid up to 1yr)
 - Some tools and services may not be available unless JMN support personnel are "read on"

Total of 9 functional sites, with 13 planned, all based on customer requirements – and growing!



Multiple Independent Levels of Security (MILS) Architecture



- Use unique Type-1 Encryption Key for bulk transport over DREN
- Use Type-3 Encryption to segregate environments and users
- Each site can support multiple classifications and environments concurrently





Regional Service Delivery Points (RSDPs) Capability Overview



- Provides enterprise resources focused on generation virtualized representative cyber environments
 - Cloud based computational and storage assets to host virtualized representations of Red, Blue, and Gray environments
 - Platform for tools and services (e.g., planning, traffic generation, instrumentation, visualization, integrated event management, collaboration)
 - Can also be utilized for more conventional types of testing



Current status: 2 functional with 3 more planned



RSDP: CONOPS



- Accessibility by users
 - Hosted on the JMETC MILS Network (JMN)
 - Sites/users can utilize any RSDP (assuming latency is not an issue)
 - Sites/users can access multiple events, at multiple classifications on multiple RSDPs concurrently
- Extensibility to address extremely large scale, high fidelity requirements
 - Multiple RSDPs can be used in conjunction to support a single event
 - A RSDP can be used in conjunction with other Cyber capabilities (e.g., NCR) as part of a larger virtual environment
- Technical support personnel available to users/events
 - Event Leads to help refine requirements and plan/design events
 - RSDP Engineers then create the representative cyber environment on the RSDPs
- Resource prioritization by JMETC Program Office (only as needed)
- Remotely managed by the JMETC NOSC



JMN SME Support



- Pre-event / Event Integration Phase
 - Test Development/Design help users leverage JMN capabilities and services to meet with infrastructure solutions
 - Event/User Support assist with development & coordination of event agreements; support test planning; event approval & resource allocation
 - Network Engineering network optimization and event specific configurations
- Event Execution Phase
 - Infrastructure Support verify infrastructure readiness and troubleshoot problems as they are discovered
 - RSDP Support instantiation (and re-instantiation) of virtualized environments
 - Event/User Support provide remote and/or onsite support to customer test activities on an asrequested basis
- Post Event Phase
 - "Clearing" of the RSDP resources for reuse
 - Assist with data dissemination
 - Capture lessons learned and infrastructure gaps & limitations



RSDP Events



- Resources accessible via the JMN
- Deployment Schedule
 - Development testbed, RSDP #1, and RSDP #2 are operational
 - RSDP #3 has shipped and currently being installed
 - Additional RSDPs planned for FY 16
- Already Supported
 - Cyber infrastructure and tool evaluations
 - Regression testing
 - Scalability assessments
 - Capability assessments
- Late stages of planning
 - Risk reduction for IA patch deployment to afloat systems
 - Large scale training events
 - Capability assessments
- Several others in early planning stages





Cyber Security T&E







What is the National Cyber Range?



Computing Assets/Facility Encapsulation Architecture & (LMCO Orlando, FL) **Operational Procedures** Reconfigurable Test Suite 1 **Range Operations Center** me and Recept Range Support Center **Cyber Test Team** Reconfigurable test Suite 2 ligh Security Data Center Mr. P. Paulas Asset Wa MLS Envir **Secure Connectivity** Integrated Cyber Event Tool Suite via JIOR and JMETC Realistic Mission Environments **RSDPs** JMN **PSDPs** TestPerisiper



Why Distributed Testing with the National Cyber Range



- Provides a cyber testing environment to leverage from your site (without the investment of building and maintaining)
- Leverage the library of existing emulations and capabilities
 - Red/Gray/Blue Models
- Utilize live malware
- Enable remote red team
- Leverage large scale complex emulations
- Operate from your home base



Cyber Range Interoperability Standards (CRIS)



- Cyber Ranges have been independently developed
- Result is stovepipe solutions that are difficult to integrate
- Goal: Identify key interoperability gaps and recommend solutions/approaches
- Accomplishments
 - Lexicon Development
 - Cyber Range Process Documentation
 - Identify Key Interoperability Gaps & Develop Prioritization Criteria
- Current Focus: enable NCR environment definition/creation tool (i.e., Test Specification Tool) to be used by other cyber facilities

Enable interoperability through standardization



Cyber Table Top Wargame (Methodology)



- A lightweight, low cost, intellectually intensive wargame to introduce and explore the effects of cyber offensive operations on the capability of a System, System of Systems or a Family of Systems to execute a mission.
- Recently executed on the Naval Air Systems Command (NAVAIR) Maritime Patrol and Reconnaissance Force (MPRF) System-of-Systems
- Methodology in the process of documentation as a Cyber T&E Best Practice



Summary



- JMETC is increasing capabilities to support the ever growing demand signal for Cyber testing, training, and experimentation
- JMETC infrastructure has been enhanced to support Interoperability and Cybersecurity testing
- Enables Acquisition and T&E to partner for:
 - Better product
 - Reduced time
 - Lower cost



JMETC Program Points of Contact



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Questions?

