



Role-Based Competency Framework for Systems Engineering

Don S. Gelosh, Ph.D., CSEP-Acq Director, Systems Engineering Worcester Polytechnic Institute

31 October 2013





- This presentation describes the proposed development of an INCOSE Systems Engineering (SE) Competency Framework.
- This framework will be developed as an evolution of the current INCOSE United Kingdom (UK) SE Competencies Framework (INCOSE UK, 2010).
- The INCOSE Competency Working Group (CWG) is conducting this project in collaboration with the National Defense Industrial Association (NDIA), SE Division, Education and Training Committee to develop a common approach to the definition of an SE Competency Framework.





- Evolve to a globally accepted* and marketed standard competency framework, based on systems engineering effectiveness, that can be used to produce competency models tailored to the needs of the customer organizations.
- Create a globally used standard assessment instrument/tool based on the competency framework, tailorable to the needs of the customer organizations (pending further discussions with INCOSE Competency WG).

^{*} Approved for release as an INCOSE product.





- Use the Competency Framework as a tailorable set of criteria to guide the customer organization's assessment tool in order to select, filter, and screen candidates for SE job positions, thus helping to ensure that the right person is placed in the right job.
- Use the Competency Framework to identify differences or gaps in an organization's existing SE competencies and mitigate those gaps through the appropriate training, experiential opportunities, etc.
- Use the Competency Framework to enable comparisons of different organizations' competency models to each other.





We propose a evolution of the current INCOSE UK Competencies Framework along four paths of development and growth:

- 1. Evolve to an SE role-based competency framework that is extensible, scalable, and tailorable by the customer organization.
- 2. Evolve by adding the concept of classes. This is where the competencies achieve their interdependence with each other.
- 3. Evolve by ensuring there is a Professional Class that covers leadership and soft skill competencies.
- 4. Evolve by adding a new level of proficiency called the Senior Practitioner to the existing four levels in the INCOSE UK Competencies Framework.



SE Role-Based Competency Framework Taxonomy



SE Role	A collection of interrelated and interdependent activities assigned to a person in a contextual environment such as Systems Engineering			
➡ Activity	A specified pursuit defined by a set of essential functions and desired outcomes that enable the successful accomplishment of one's role			
└→ Class	A grouping of closely related competencies considered essential to an individual's ability to successfully perform an activity			
Competency	An observable and measurable pattern of knowledge, skills, abilities, behaviors, and other characteristics that an individual needs to successfully perform an activity			
	A competency should be described in a way that clearly defines its essential function and desired outcome			
Knowledge Skills Abilities Behaviors	The decomposition of a competency into specific and clearly defined knowledge, skills, abilities and behaviors is necessary to successfully execute and assess key requirements of an activity at a corresponding level of proficiency			





- Each SE Role consists of one or more SE Activities.
- Each SE Activity consists of a set of competencies, with one or more competencies from each of the following Classes:
 - C1: Technical Processes
 - C2: Technical Management
 - C3: Enterprise

- C4: Professional
- C5: Analytical
- C6: Domain / Context
- Each competency consists of:
 - The Competency Description
 - Associated set of Knowledge, Skills, Abilities, and Behaviors, described at Five Levels of Proficiency



SE Role-Based Competency Framework Architecture



- Knowledge, Skills, Abilities, and Behaviors can be acquired through Education, Training, Experiences, and Cultural Immersion.
- Five Levels of Proficiency:
 - Awareness
 - Supervised Practitioner
 - Practitioner



- Senior Practitioner (Proposed New Level)
- Expert
- This architecture approach allows us to map any SE Role into a set of clearly defined knowledge, skills, abilities and behaviors at the appropriate levels of proficiency.





- The concept of classes was introduced to help categorize and group the competencies.
- More importantly, the concept of classes enables competencies to be viewed as interrelated and interdependent when they support an SE activity.
- The concept of classes also helps to ensure that all the appropriate competencies are considered for a particular SE activity.
- A class is defined as a grouping of closely related competencies considered essential to an individual's ability to successfully perform an activity.
- Any SE activity must therefore consist of several interrelated and interdependent competencies.





- Technical Processes competencies required to perform fundamental SE activities
- Technical Management competencies required to plan, assess and control the technical effort
- Enterprise competencies required to relate the technical effort on a program to the organizational and inter-organizational mission, vision, goals, resources and objectives







- Professional non-technical competencies required to enable systems engineers to effectively and efficiently achieve objectives in the organizational context
- Analytical competencies required to develop inputs for decisions or to inform fundamental SE activities
- Domain / Context competencies required to understand and operate effectively in a particular problem space





- Emerging global belief that if you are a systems engineer, then you must also be a leader.
- Every level of systems engineering requires some type of leadership.
- INCOSE Corporate Advisory Board and other respected centers of thought on the practice of systems engineering encouraged us to include a Professional Class in the competency framework evolution.







You cannot manage men into battle. You manage things; you lead people. Grace Hopper





- Professional and interpersonal competencies that enable the successful accomplishment of SE activities.
 - Leadership
 - Communications
 - Critical Thinking
 - Coordination
 - Team Dynamics
 - Problem Solving
 - Negotiation
 - Persuasion
 - Ethics

- Cultural Change Management
- Judgment
- Mission and Results Focus
- Coaching and Mentoring
- Strategic and Tactical Planning
- Etc.





- Awareness Level:
 - The person is able to understand the key issues and their implications. They are able to ask relevant and constructive questions on the subject.
- Supervised Practitioner Level:
 - The person displays an understanding of the subject but requires guidance and supervision.
- Practitioner Level:
 - The person displays detailed knowledge of the subject and is capable of providing guidance and advice to others.

Source: INCOSE UK Competencies Framework (INCOSE UK, 2010)





- Senior Practitioner Level (Proposed New Level):
 - The person displays both in-depth and broad knowledge of the subject based on practical experience and is capable of leading others to create and evaluate solutions to complex problems in the subject.
- Expert Level:
 - The person displays extensive and substantial practical experience and applied knowledge of the subject.





- Those who achieve Senior Practitioner Level would have:
 - An in-depth and broad knowledge of the particular SE competency
 - Ability to lead others in solving complex problems utilizing the competency
- Senior Practitioner Level provides a bridge that makes it easier to transition from the Practitioner level to the Expert level.





- We proposed a way to evolve the INCOSE UK Competencies Framework along four paths of development and growth.
- We described each path and showed how that path enables the appropriate evolution.
- The resultant competency framework would be tailorable, extendable and scalable by the customer to produce competency models well suited to their needs.
- The proposed fifth level of Senior Practitioner would provide a needed bridge between Practitioner and Expert.







- Complete development of this competency framework evolution into Version 0.25 – send to INCOSE Competency WG members for review and comments.
- Conduct 2-3 meetings of the Joint INCOSE & NDIA Competency WG to adjudicate comments, revise and develop a draft of Version 0.5.
- Two weeks before INCOSE IW 2014, send draft Version 0.5 to CWG members.
- Conduct working session at IW 2014 to finalize Version 0.5.
- Conduct working session at IS 2014 to finalize Version 0.75
- Ultimate Goal: Produce Version 1.0 by IW 2015.





Questions?





Back Up Slides

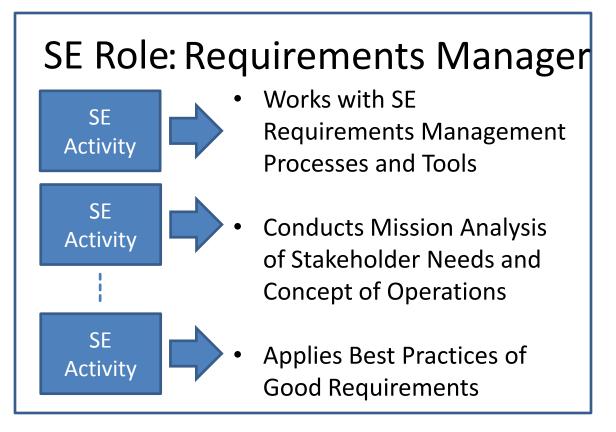


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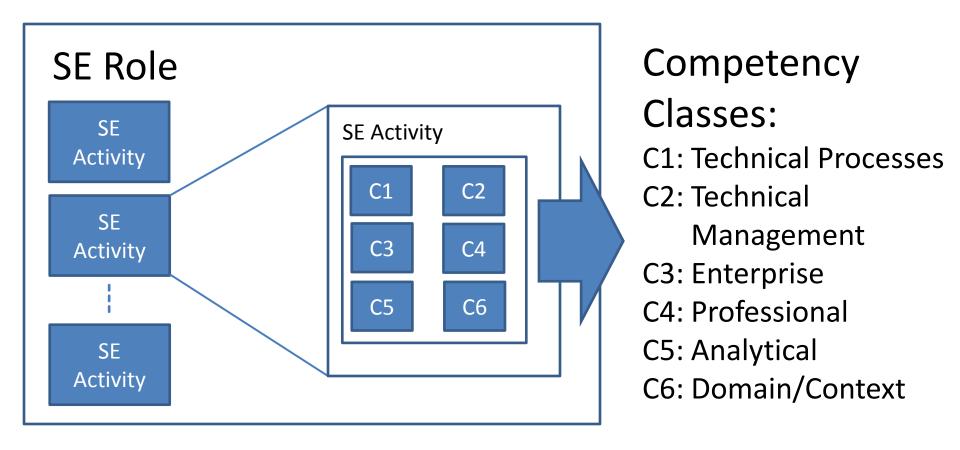
Corporate and Professional Education 540-349-3949 dsgelosh@wpi.edu cpe.wpi.edu

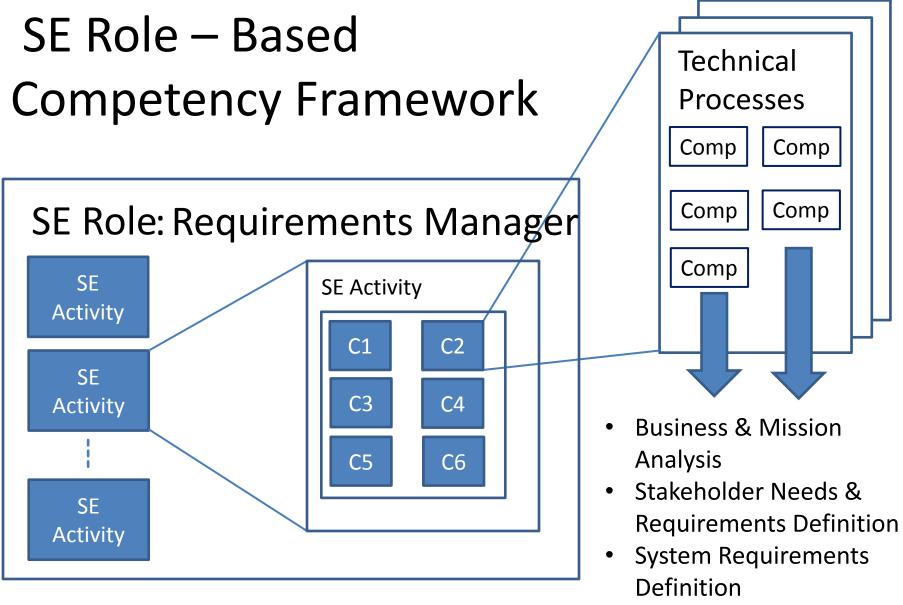
Role	Activity	C1:Technical Process	C2:Technical Management	C3:Enterprise	C4-Professional / Leadership	C5:Analytical	C6: Domain / Context
Requirements Manager							
	Requirements Management Process & Tools	Stakeholder Needs & Req Definition (SuP)	Requirements Management (P)		Communication (P)		
		System Requirements Definition (SuP)					
		Verification (SuP) Validation (SuP)					
	Mission Analysis & CONOPS	Business & Mission Analysis (SrP)	Technical Risk Management (SrP)		Leadership (E)		
		Stakeholder Needs & Req Definition (SrP)	Technical Management (E)		Communication - Includes Virtual Environments (SrP)		
			Requirements Management (SrP)				
	Best Practices of Good Requirements	Stakeholder Needs & Req Definition (SrP)	Requirements Management (P)		Leadership (P)		
		System Requirements Definition (P)			Communication - Includes Virtual Environments (P)		
		Verification (P) Validation (P)					
	•	vare; SuP=Supervised p etency indicates the mi					

SE Role – Based Competency Framework



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• Etc.

