CREATE-AV  DaVinci
Informed Systems Engineering Decision Making for DoD Acquisition

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NDIA – Physics Based Modeling

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Outline

• **DaVinci** Vision/Business Model
• DoD Acquisition Problems Impacted
• **DaVinci** 2.0/3.0 Capabilities
• **DaVinci** Roadmap
• Recent Examples and Prototypes
• Conclusion
DaVinci Vision

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- Bring state-of-the-art **multi-disciplinary, multi-fidelity**, coupled physics, **model-based engineering** (MBE) tools to common engineers
- Provide a seamless, **extendible, flexible**, systems engineering **infrastructure** spanning the **full aerospace system lifecycle** from requirements generation through sustainment
- Generate **high quality, mesh-able geometry** for CFD/CSM tools
- Explore, optimize, and understand the **system trade-space** and tradeoffs in support of **decision making** at all levels
- Enable effective conceptual studies, **uncertainty quantification**, and **sensitivity analysis**
- Enhance **cooperation** across geographically distributed teams
- Enhance aerospace systems requirements definition and KPPs
- Evaluate benefit of new or **innovative technologies**
- Assess **impacts** of requirements on vehicle **capability**

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**DaVinci enables model-based engineering and informed decision making with high performance computing**
DaVinci Business Model

- Seamless integration of HPC resources and network cloud computing into engineers' models
- Unified system modeling - a system model centric approach
- Standards based Systems Engineering Architecture:
  - FOUO, proprietary, & ITAR knowledge reside in the components and services which are restricted and controlled
  - Portable parametric components & services
- Built in core systems engineering functionality
- Development, refactoring, & wrapping of aerospace design and analysis components & services

DaVinci eases engineering burden of using HPC
Differing Acquisition Entry Points

Continuous Capability Planning Process

- JCIDS Analysis
- MDD
- Safe/FAO
- CRRA
- New Program
- Modernization
- Tech Transition

User Needs
Technology Opportunities & Resources

JROC

DoD Strategic Guidance

= Decision Point
= Milestone Review

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DaVinci Focus

DaVinci focuses on early acquisition where payoff is the highest while supporting the full acquisition lifecycle.

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DaVinci Architecture needs to span the full life cycle

- The Material Development Decision precedes entry into any phase of the acquisition framework
- Entrance criteria met before entering phase
- Evolutionary Acquisition or Single Step to Full Capability

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DaVinci Impacts

Requirements Determination

Pre-JCIDS through MS-B, DaVinci helps the user:

- Understand the DOTMLPF trade-offs
- Set necessary concepts of operations
- Ensure a quick and preferred materiel solution

Analysis of Alternatives

Given a materiel solution, DaVinci allows stakeholders to:

- Quickly understand trade-offs
- Compare types and classes of system solutions
**DaVinci** Impacts, cont.

**Systems Design & Trade Studies**

For pre MS-A design efforts, **DaVinci** enables:
- Model persistence through a unified systems model
- Seamless transition through various fidelity levels
- Better understanding of the trade space
- Reduced user subject matter expertise requirements

**Decision Making**

**DaVinci** supports and improves intelligent decision making by:
- Giving users the right information at the right time
- Building confidence levels to enable fully informed decisions
DaVinci 2.0 enables:

- Parametric execution of a unified system model to support design space exploration
- Uncertainty quantification and sensitivity analysis to better understand the design space
- Internal component layout to locate and size major internal components for volume and point mass distributions
- Initial conceptual design capability with system performance (Breguet based) calculations based on low-fidelity aerodynamic (AVL), structural (mass properties), stability & control, and propulsion (engine decks) models

available Q1 CY2013
DaVinci 3.0 enables:

- Unified system model sharing between agents using multi-level security model for access control and information assurance
- Decision support with uncertainty quantification and sensitivity analysis to fully understand design space characteristics
- Internal component layout to locate and size internal components for volume and mass distributions
- Multi-fidelity system performance calculations and correlations with aerodynamic, structural, stability & control, and propulsion models

available Q4 CY2013
1) Build associative engineering models of fixed and rotary wing aircraft from pre-engineered components resulting in meshable, NURBS-based surface geometry.

2) Systems engineering Integrated Development Environment (SIDE) for engineering model building, sensitivity analysis and uncertainty quantification, complete air vehicle design, seamless transition from conceptual design to preliminary/detailed level analysis (e.g., Kestrel and Helios).

3) Enhanced user functionality to rapidly develop new components, modify existing models, define internal structure and subsystem layout, and perform trade space exploration; capability additions include component visualizers and editors, simple GUI builders, built-in user feedback, multi-level security, and training material.

4) Next generation pre-engineered components including more detailed control surfaces, more user control of cross-sectional shapes, and improved surface intersections & fillets. Other enhanced capabilities include multi-fidelity model correlation, model persistence and information extraction, and wrappers for legacy C/C++ and Fortran codes for use in DaVinci.

Red text indicates current focus areas for DaVinci
Sustained *DaVinci* product capability

- Unified life-cycle systems engineering modeling environment
- Advanced, multi-fidelity conceptual design and analysis
- Fully parameterized, high quality, mesh-able geometry for CFD & CSM
- Rapid development iterations for:
  - Requirements traceability
  - Detailed physics-based systems representations
  - High-fidelity models suitable for early preliminary design
- Fully integrated with other CREATE products for preliminary/detailed level analysis
  - CREATE-MG Capstone for geometry generation and meshing
  - CREATE-AV Kestrel/Firebolt for fixed wing analysis
  - CREATE-AV Helios/Firebolt for rotary wing analysis
  - CREATE-RF SENTRI for avionics design and analysis
- Adopted by, used, and extended by large Government, Industrial, and Academic communities
DaVinci Geometry

Use of the geometry viewer within DaVinci provides a visual model of the system to the user.
Use of the graphical model within *DaVinci* allows the user to easily see subsystem parts and interactions between those parts.
DaVinci Extensibility

Use of the scripting engine within *DaVinci* allows the user to infinitely extend *DaVinci* capability for any systems problem.
Kestrel Integration

Kestrel use by DaVinci

1. Create water tight OML geometry in DaVinci
2. Pass OML geometry to Capstone for grid generation
3. Pass grid to Kestrel for static & dynamic analyses
   • Static rigid aircraft
   • Rigid single body prescribed motion
4. Pass Kestrel analyses in coefficient, force, moment form to DaVinci
5. Integrate Kestrel results for use in DaVinci
Engine & Inlet Placement

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Flying Wing (Cargo View)

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• **Supercritical airfoil family**
  
  - Thin airfoil theory gives max cl limit (t/c = 0), ‘point design’
  - NASA SC(2) symmetric airfoils give max thickness limit (cl = 0)
  - DaVinci family of supercritical airfoils span the design space

![](chart.png)
Kestrel Airfoil High-Speed Validation

NASA Supercritical Airfoil 26a, Mach 0.68, Re=7.e+6

Excellent agreement between Kestrel & Experiment

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Airfoil, Wing, Center-Body Design

In-house, CREATE, & Academic Codes were Employed

• Aerodynamic performance
  – Explored trimmed aero performance
    • Planform, and airfoil effects
    • Center-body shaping for trim & efficient cruise

Optimal ‘Elliptic’ Span Loading at Cruise

Center-body ‘Carving’ Trims Vehicle in Pitch

Estimation of Cruise Mach

Mach 0.75 Sonic line
Single Engine Out

- Adequate yaw control with drag brakes
- Drag penalty needs further study

![Graph showing yaw moment coefficient vs deflection angle for drag brake and engine](image)

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SA/UQ Motivation

Responsible engineering modeling and credible systems simulation
Radar Model Example

- Original set of inputs gives a cumulative probability of detection, $P_{dc}$, estimate 34.0% high compared to the population mean (red line).

- Using the mean values of all the inputs results in a $P_{dc}$ estimate 8.5% high compared to the population mean (blue line).

- For a 95% confidence interval, using the mean values of all the inputs still gives an estimate of $P_{dc}$ 12.5% high.
Radar Observations

• Calculations based on a **single application** of the engineering models may give favorable, but **unlikely results**, \( P_{dc} = 93.7\% \)

• **Sensitivity analysis** can highlight the input parameters that drive system performance

• **Uncertainty quantification** can help establish **greater understanding** of both the system being modeled as well as the quality and appropriateness of the model

• **Model choice** and approximating functions (use of the complementary error function in the radar example) can greatly impact results and give **misleading information**

• 95% confidence interval cumulative probability of detection, \( P_{dc} = 67.5\% \) based on distributions with a mean \( P_{dc} = 75.9\% \)
Engineered Resilient Systems

Key Technical Thrust Areas

Systems Representation and Modeling
- Capturing physical and logical structures, behavior, interaction with the environment, interoperability with other systems

Characterizing Changing Operational Contexts
- Deeper understanding of warfighter needs, directly gathering operational data, better understanding operational impacts of alternative designs

Cross-Domain Coupling
- Better interchange between “incommensurate” models
- Resolving temporal, multi-scale, multi-physics issues across engineering disciplines

Data-driven Tradespace Exploration and Analysis
- Efficiently generating and evaluating alternative designs, evaluating options in multi-dimensional tradespaces

Collaborative Design and Decision Support
- Enabling well-informed, low-overhead discussion, analysis, and assessment among engineers and decisionmakers
Opportunities for Engagement

Specifying requirements and building models:

- *DaVinci* concept built from inputs from Government, Industry, and Academia
- Initial focus of *DaVinci* software suite on DoD acquisition
- Opportunities for companies with Government contract(s) to request CREATE tools with Government need justification
- Component library model (pre-engineered parts) development open to *DaVinci* users
- Models with re-use and/or sharing potential can be submitted to *DaVinci* Team for consideration to be distributed with future *DaVinci* releases

Using *DaVinci* for system studies:

- Initial capability for generating CFD mesh-able outer mold lines ready
- Simple air vehicle performance models can be used now
- Uncertainty quantification/sensitivity analysis to support decision making available
- Some discussion for future CREATE use in RFP responses and source selection
- *DaVinci* is infinitely extensible for any engineering problem

http://create.hpcmo.hpc.mil
DaVinci Summary

- Must enable the use of HPC in early phase DoD acquisition by providing multi-disciplinary, multi-fidelity, computationally based systems engineering design tool sets
- Must rapidly produce high quality parametric associative mesh-able geometry & system models for design space exploration to support decision making
- Must enable model propagation to preliminary/detailed design (Kestrel and Helios for example)
- Must enable user uncertainty quantification and sensitivity analysis to support confidence in decision making process
CREATE DaVinci 2.0
release Q1
CY2013
Physics-based engineering for rapid design

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