DTRA Counter WMD Technologies Fuzing & Instrumentation Technology Overview

UCTIC

Presented at 55th Annual NDIA Fuze Conference May 2011



Danny R. Hayles

DISTRIBUTION A: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE: DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED (DTRA PA CONTROL #11-285)





- Requirement for Hard Target Fuzing
- Current Fuzing and Instrumentation Technology Thrusts
- Summary



DTRA Mission

- Mission:
 - ...reduce the threat to the United States and its allies from Weapons of Mass Destruction (CBRNE) by providing capabilities to reduce, eliminate, and counter the threat, and mitigate its effects.
- Functions:
 - Conduct RDT&E programs...in areas related to WMD and designated advanced weapons to include...WMD-related targets and the entire class of hard and deeply buried facilities.
- Vision:
 - Develop, test, and demonstrate to the Warfighters reliable and effective solutions to defeat WMD and WMD-related functions protected in Hard and Deeply Buried Targets





Hard & Deeply Buried Target (HDBT) Defeat Critical to Counter WMD Mission

- Use of HDBTs is widespread among both hostile states and terrorists to protect WMD and WMD-related functions including:
 - Production, storage, research
 - Delivery systems
 - Command and control
 - National/terrorist leadership

MOST VALUABLE ASSETS



You can't defeat WMDs, if you can't defeat HDBTs!!

You can't defeat HDBTs, if the fuze does not survive!!



4

APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE



Fuzing and Instrumentation Technology Vision

- Develop and demonstrate innovative survivable fuze and instrumentation technologies to support the defeat of hard WMD related facilities
 - Robust Fuzewell Instrumentation System (RFIS)
 - Sub-scale Survivability Test Protocol
 - FMU-152 Baseline Survivability Assessment (BSA)
 - 3-Axis DTRA Data Recorder Advanced Miniaturization (3DDR-AM) Universal Booster Cup Recorder







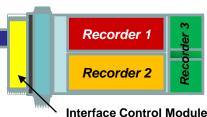


Robust Fuzewell Instrumentation System (RFIS)

- Collaborating with AFRL/RW to develop a shock survivable data recorder instrumentation package with redundant internal data recorders to fit in standard 3" fuzewell
 - 27 month contract awarded to ATK for prototype development and delivery concludes January 2013
 - Support CONOPS for laboratory, sub-scale cannon, and full scale sled and flight testing
 - Provide electrical/mechanical ICD for internal recorders
 - Successful System Requirements Review (SRR) and System Functional Review (SFR), Preliminary Design Review in June 2011

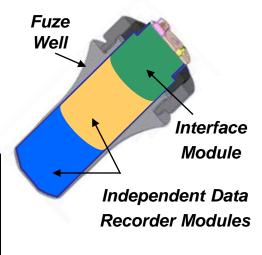
RFIS Prototype Features

- Internal infrastructure supports up to 3 recorders
- To be delivered with modified commercially available recorders
- JPF compliant interface for external control of recorders
- Will provide battery power for internal recorders
- Modular design supports recorder installation and removal by trained technician



Interface Control Module With FMU-152 Connector

> Notional RFIS Concepts



6



Sub-scale Survivability Test Protocol

- Joint research program with AFRL/RWMF to develop a Fuze Survivability Protocol (FSP)
 - Test series developed to replicate portions of fullscale impact environments using laboratory and field test equipment
 - FSP Version 1.0
 - Test protocol defined and tested in FY10
 - VHG and Drop Tower testing conducted
 - FSP Version 2.0
 - Refinement of initial FSP
 - Protocol tests based on impact data from multiple systems and targets
 - Initial testing began in early FY11

Notional Shock Spectrum Hopkinson Bar 80,000 60,000 -VHG g-level Drop Tower 40,000 Field Data Requirement 20,000 n 10 µsec 100 µsec 1 msec 10 msec 100 msec Time, msec

Photo Courtesy of AFRL/RWMF Public Releasable: AAC/PA 03-496



FMU-152A/B Baseline Survivability Assessment (BSA)

- Joint research program with AFRL/RWMF & Kaman Precision Products
 - FMU-152A/B fuze used to establish a survivability baseline for the Fuze Survivability Protocol (FSP)
- Phase 1 Survivability Testing
 - FMU-152A/B LAT units completed testing in 3rd & 4th qtr FY10
 - Tested using FSP version 1.0
- Phase 2 Survivability Testing
 - Testing to begin in 3rd qtr FY11
 - LAT units tested using FSP version 2.0
 - Baseline testing anticipated to be completed by 1st qtr FY12



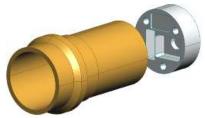
Photo Courtesy of AFRL/RWMF Public Releasable: AAC/PA 03-496

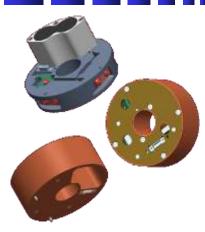
STATES OF MUL

3DDR-AM Universal Booster Cup Recorder

- Collaborating with Sandia National Lab (SNL) to develop the 3-axis DTRA Data Recorder Advanced Miniaturization (3DDR-AM) shock survivable data recorder designed for the booster cups of legacy and developmental munitions
 - Design requirements based on a super set of hard target defeat inventory and EMD fuzes
 - Design based on 3DDR brassboard
 - Exploit miniaturized electronics, improved packaging techniques, and reduced power requirements of miniaturized electronics
 - Replaceable batteries (fast test turnaround)
 - Replaceable accelerometers (primary failure mode)
 - Functional and physical models have been developed, and physical model has been validated against system technical requirements







APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE



Fuzing and Instrumentation Technology Vision

 Develop and demonstrate innovative survivable fuze and instrumentation technologies to support the defeat of hard WMD related facilities



 Develop and demonstrate innovative fuze technologies to support the defeat of WMD related facilities using nonpenetrating munitions.





Fuzing for Non-penetrating Munitions

- Wide spectrum of possible WMD targets requires a wide variety of fuzing technologies and capabilities beyond classic penetrating fuze mounted in the fuzewell:
 - Distributed sensing
 - Non-traditional sensors
 - Modular and distributed fuzing
 - Scalable effects based fuzing





- Hard target **survivable** fuzing is critical to Counter-WMD mission
 - Hardened or deeply buried facilities have become:
 - More important to potential adversarial nations and non-national organizations
 - Harder to defeat
 - Smart post-impact fuzing essential to defeating HDBTs
 - Provides optimum burst point control
 - Fuze harsh environment characterization is essential
 - Predictive test and modeling capabilities for fuze/fuze component survivability
 - Requires reliable, survivable, multi-purpose instrumentation
- Need for non-traditional fuze technologies and capabilities to defeat wide variety of WMD targets
 - DTRA pursuing a more balanced fuzing portfolio

WMD defeat requires more than just hard target fuzing