A Perspective on DoD Manufacturing Policy and Technical Maturity Issues Challenging Affordability

13th Annual NDIA System Engineering Conference



Dr. Michelle Atchison
Corporate Engineering and
Technology
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Challenge of Bridging TRL and MRL

 New Imperatives to Reduce Risk while improving Acquisition Affordability



Our Guidance





DDR&E Imperatives



- Quadrennial Defense Review Executive Summary, February 2010
 - Further rebalance the capabilities of America's Armed Forces to prevail in today's wars, while building the capabilities needed to deal with future threats
 - Further reform the Department's institutions and processes to better support the current needs of the warfighter; buy weapons that are usable, affordable and truly needed; and ensure that taxpayer dollars are spent wisely and responsibly
 - Preserve and enhance the All-Volunteer Force
 - Improve how it matches requirements with mature technologies, maintains disciplined systems engineering approaches, institutionalizes rapid acquisition capabilities, and implements more comprehensive testing
- Quadrennial Defense Review Report Preface Secretary of Defense Robert M. Gates, February 2010
 - United States needs a broad portfolio of military capabilities with maximum versatility across the widest possible spectrum of conflict

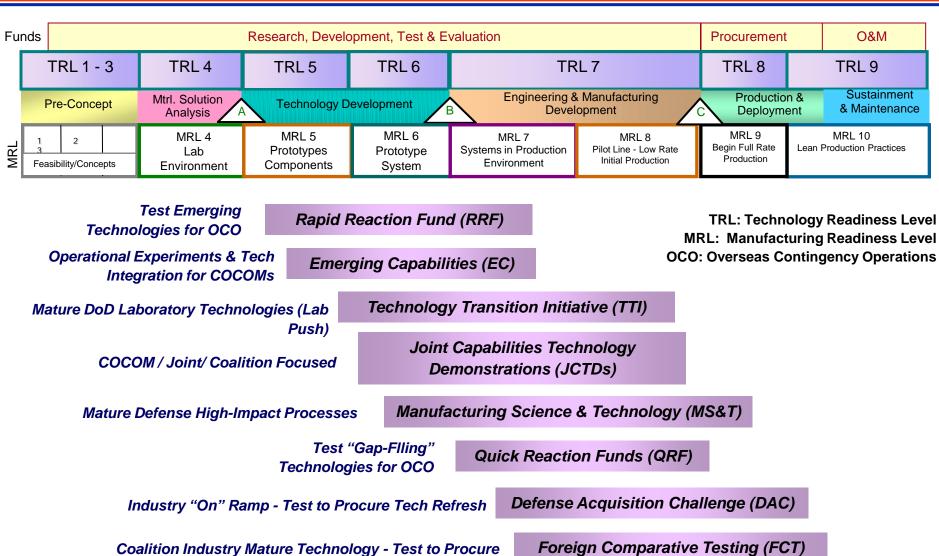
- Accelerate delivery of technical capabilities to win the current fight.
- 2. Prepare for an uncertain future.
- Reduce the cost, acquisition time and risk of our major defense acquisition programs.
- Develop world class science, technology, engineering, and mathematics capabilities for the DoD and the Nation.



DDR&E Key Transition / Fielding Programs

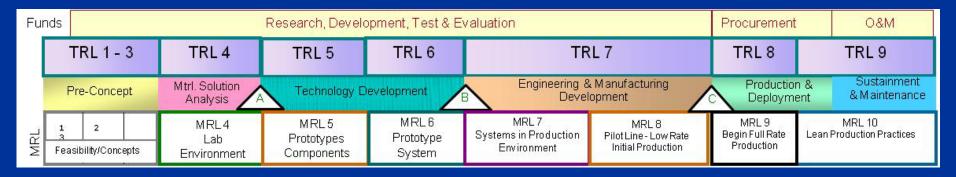


'Notional Alignment with Funding, TRLs, Acquisition Cycle, & MRLs'



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Challenge of Bridging TRL and MRL

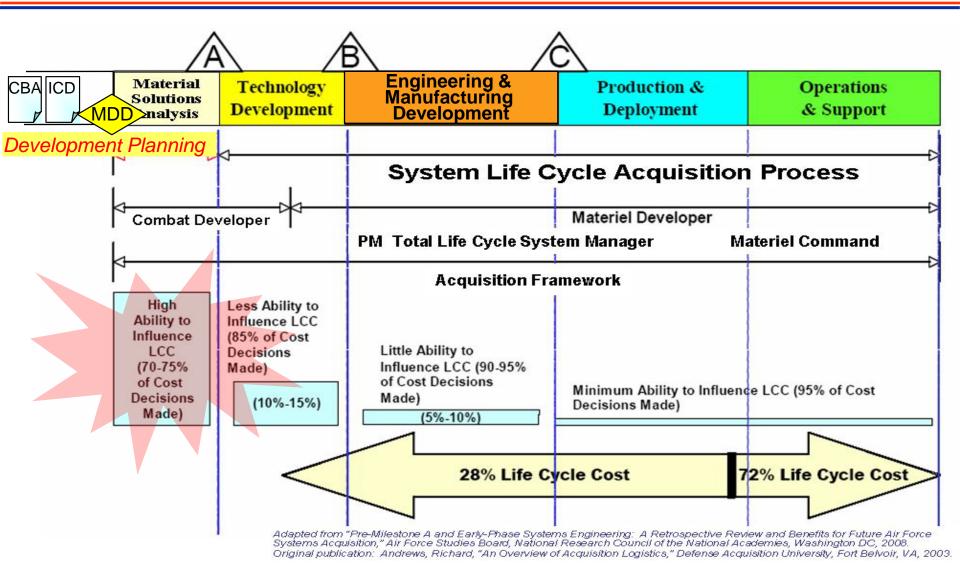


- Is accelerating TRL Development while compressing Manufacturing Readiness Level Timelines creating a wider gap for technology transition?
- Is there solid integration between Rapid Acquisition programs, initiatives and formal acquisition procedures?
- How could these be bridged?



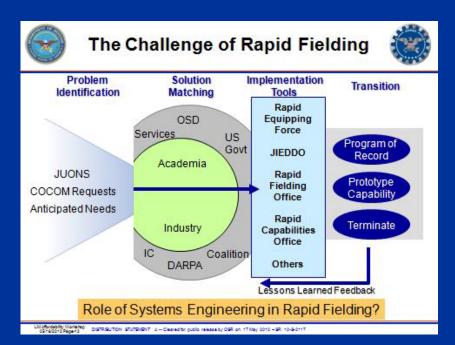
Early Decisions Impact Life Cycle Cost





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Challenge of Bridging TRL and MRL



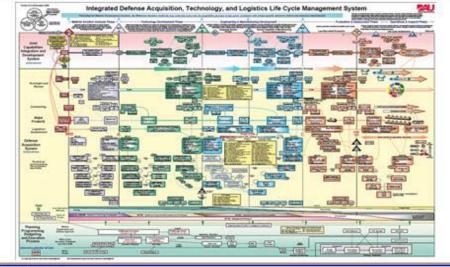
Is a formal integration of TRL and MRL guidelines needed for DoD policy and procedures?

 How do you practically blend rapid acquisition goals with normal established acquisition policy and procedures?



The DoD 5000.02 Process

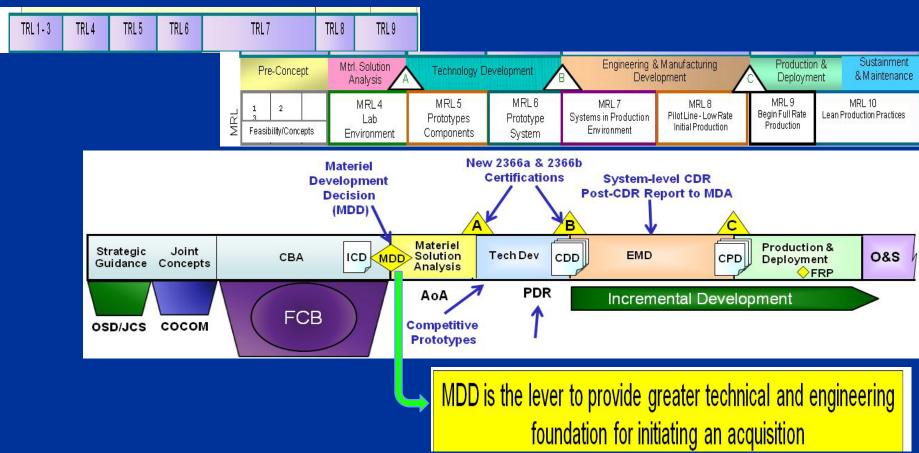




LM Abridabilly Workshop DisTRIBUTION STATEMENT & - Cleaned for public release by OSR on 17 May 2010 + SR 10-9-2117



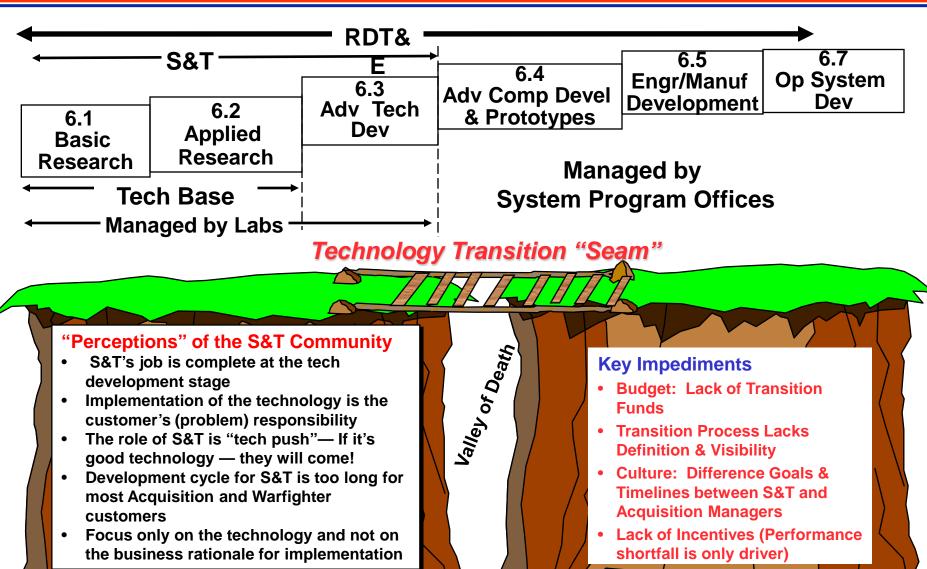
Expectations are being set earlier, but are the means to achieving them?





The Challenge of Technology Transition







Challenge: Bridging TRL and MRL

- New Imperatives to Reduce Risk while improving Acquisition Affordability
 - Accelerate TRL Development while Compress Manufacturing Timelines
 - Reduce Overall Risks to transitions
 - Normalize Rapid Acquisition



Long-term Implications

- Are decreasing budget coupled with pressre to preserve industry margins driving need for a different business model for technology investment?
 - Where are the incentives?
 - Is it better to have fewer programs with less risk?
- Are we running the risk of depleting investment in revolutionary and disruptive technologies?
- Does technology that has been field tested or demonstrated need to go completely through the acquisition process to be normalized or can it be fast tracked?





- Does your organization addressed how to bridge TRL and MRL processes?
- Do you map your IRAD to TRL or MRL metrics?
- Is the new affordability or value chain assessment formulas part of your review process?