

Quantifying Appraisal Readiness: Are you ready for your SCAMPI?

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Agenda

- Readiness Defined?
- Why Readiness Review?
- Approach
- Example Results
- Lessons Learned – The Good, Bad and the Dreaded Overtime



Readiness Defined – The Go/No Go

Appraisal Readiness* is:

- A determination of whether or not the appraisal team and appraised organization are ready to conduct the appraisal as planned. Readiness is reviewed from several aspects:
 - Data:
 - Are the PIIDs complete?
 - Are the PIIDs accurate?
 - Teamwork
 - Are team members operating efficiently (keeping to the schedule)?
 - Are team members playing together nicely – communicating well/being objective?
 - Logistics:
 - Are the facilities and equipment adequate?
 - Are all appraisal participants available?
 - Plans and schedule estimates:
 - Is the planned appraisal schedule commensurate with any constraints?
 - Progress against our data collection plan?
 - Are the risks are adequately captured?

*SCAMPI MDD v1.2

What Were the CMMI Folks Thinking??

Why require Readiness Review activities?

“The certainty of misery is better than the misery of uncertainty” -- Pogo

- Reduces risk, keeps the appraisal team lead employed and appraisal team members happy
- The Readiness Review will reduce the burning to a few small embers
- Verification of the appraisal data collection plan



Range of Activities for Readiness Review

- Criteria to determine Readiness Review time and effort?
 - Any other preparatory activities done?
 - SCAMPI C(s)?
 - PIID workshops with our PIID preparers?
 - Long- vs. Short-term PIID creation?
 - Who mapped the organization's processes to CMMI practices?
 - What are the lead times between process improvement and appraisal activities?
 - Combine with Appraisal Team Training?
 - Should we hold a separate and focused activity vs. combined with a SCAMPI C/B?
 - Are we preparing for a large-scale or complex SCAMPI A?

What You Get for the \$?

- Can reduce the time spent for the SCAMPI B or A onsite



- Reduces the risk of unplanned appraisal overtime
 - Remember those crazy late nights common in “discovery” appraisals



- Answers key questions:
 - Is the existing evidence sufficient?
 - Is there too much evidence?
 - Where/How will we get the objective evidence we need?



More Benefits...

- Identifies specific gaps in data readiness – which will translate to SCAMPI-ruled weakness (no direct evidence – NI, PI...)



- Clarifies gap closure activities and estimation of the timeline until a SCAMPI B or A can be realistically held:
 - What are our weaknesses?
 - Can we fill those gaps with other data gathering techniques?
 - How will we prioritize activities around gap closure?
 - How long will it take to close the gaps and institutionalize the improvement?
 - How do those impact our current SCAMPI schedule?

Yes, Even More Benefits...

- Increases specific awareness for scoping the SCAMPI and may change assumptions guiding the choice of representative projects – those in scope as focus and non-focus



- Can be combined with team training to:
 - Enable early learning of individual and team capabilities
 - Promote initial teamwork – and allows extra time for normingbefore any storming begins
 - Provide insight into the rate of progress of each mini-team

Questions that Need Answers...

1. What weaknesses do we have? (i.e., gaps in data)
2. Do we have a process gap or an implementation gap?
 - Process is missing, therefore institutionalization within a short timeframe is risky
 - Vs.
 - Process exists, but one or more projects have not adequately implemented
3. What are our opportunities to fix the gaps?
 - Longer timeline for process gaps
 - Project start or in-process fix



Approach

- Establish mini teams and assign work – typically by PA
- Each mini team reviews PIID evidence and provides two scores
 1. Does the PIID link work – does it take us to the appropriate document, document section or directory?
 2. Is the artifact reasonable for each instantiation of each practice?
- Review progress – pace at which mini teams are progressing
- Review cumulative results

Judgment of Readiness

- The fine line of judgment....Appraisal vs. Readiness Review*
 - Do not characterize or judge strength or weakness – this takes to much time and is beyond RR objectives
 - If we begin characterization, then the SCAMPI clock starts ticking
 - Make comments concerning:
 - Appropriate-ness of direct vs. indirect artifact evidence– common to have team debate and discussion here
 - Suggestions for what may be a better evidence artifact
 - Assuming something may exist
 - Using an artifact which we may have seen

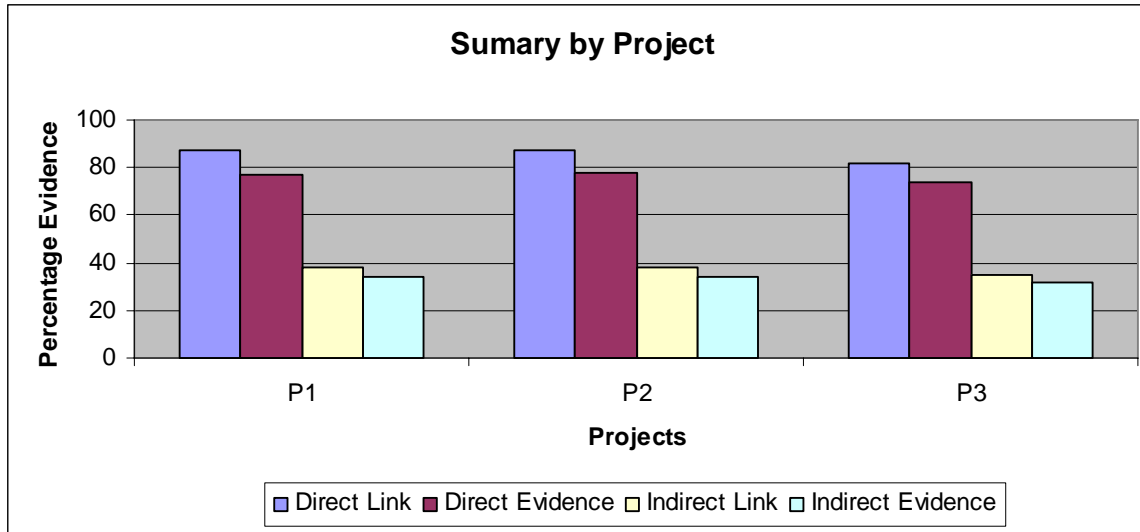
***Note:** I start with a bogie of three minutes / practice to provide RR “score” and any notes

Results – Raw Data Aggregation

| Project Management Process Areas | Project Planning | | | | Prog Mon & Control | | | | Supplier Mgt | | | | Integ Prog Mgt * | | | | Risk Management | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|------|------|------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------|------|-----|-----|-----------------|------|-----|-----|
| | DL | DE | IL | IE | DL | DE | IL | IE | DL | DE | IL | IE | DL | DE | IL | IE | DL | DE | IL | IE |
| Max # | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 19 |
| P1 # | 26 | 23 | 12 | 12 | 22 | 19 | 14 | 14 | 20 | 18 | 9 | 9 | 21 | 17 | 11 | 11 | 18 | 16 | 12 | 10 |
| P2 # | 26 | 23 | 12 | 12 | 22 | 19 | 14 | 14 | 20 | 18 | 9 | 9 | 21 | 17 | 11 | 11 | 18 | 16 | 12 | 10 |
| P3 # | 23 | 19 | 12 | 12 | 21 | 18 | 14 | 14 | 17 | 14 | 9 | 9 | 21 | 16 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 5 |
| P4 # | 22 | 17 | 11 | 10 | 22 | 22 | 13 | 13 | 16 | 13 | 9 | 8 | 21 | 21 | 12 | 12 | 19 | 19 | 14 | 14 |
| P5 # | 24 | 24 | 14 | 14 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 18 | 18 | 11 | 11 | 21 | 21 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 6 | 6 |
| P1 % | 100% | 88% | 46% | 46% | 100% | 86% | 64% | 64% | 100% | 90% | 45% | 45% | 100% | 81% | 52% | 52% | 95% | 84% | 63% | 53% |
| P2 % | 100% | 88% | 46% | 46% | 100% | 86% | 64% | 64% | 100% | 90% | 45% | 45% | 100% | 81% | 52% | 52% | 95% | 84% | 63% | 53% |
| P3 % | 88% | 73% | 46% | 46% | 95% | 82% | 64% | 64% | 85% | 70% | 45% | 45% | 100% | 76% | 52% | 52% | 42% | 37% | 26% | 26% |
| P4 % | 85% | 65% | 42% | 38% | 100% | 100% | 59% | 59% | 80% | 65% | 45% | 40% | 100% | 100% | 57% | 57% | 100% | 100% | 74% | 74% |
| P5 % | 92% | 92% | 54% | 54% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 90% | 90% | 55% | 55% | 100% | 100% | 57% | 57% | 68% | 68% | 32% | 32% |
| 3 Projects Total # | 75 | 65 | 36 | 36 | 65 | 56 | 42 | 42 | 57 | 50 | 27 | 27 | 63 | 50 | 33 | 33 | 44 | 39 | 29 | 25 |
| 3 Projects Total % | 96% | 83% | 46% | 46% | 98% | 85% | 64% | 64% | 95% | 83% | 45% | 45% | 100% | 79% | 52% | 52% | 77% | 68% | 51% | 44% |
| 4 Projects Total # | 97 | 82 | 47 | 46 | 87 | 78 | 55 | 55 | 73 | 63 | 36 | 35 | 84 | 71 | 45 | 45 | 63 | 58 | 43 | 39 |
| 4 Projects Total % | 93% | 79% | 45% | 44% | 99% | 89% | 63% | 63% | 91% | 79% | 45% | 44% | 100% | 85% | 54% | 54% | 83% | 76% | 57% | 51% |
| 5 Projects Total # | 121 | 106 | 61 | 60 | 109 | 100 | 77 | 77 | 91 | 81 | 47 | 46 | 105 | 92 | 57 | 57 | 76 | 71 | 49 | 45 |
| 5 Projects Total % | 93% | 82% | 47% | 46% | 99% | 91% | 70% | 70% | 91% | 81% | 47% | 46% | 100% | 88% | 54% | 54% | 80% | 75% | 52% | 47% |

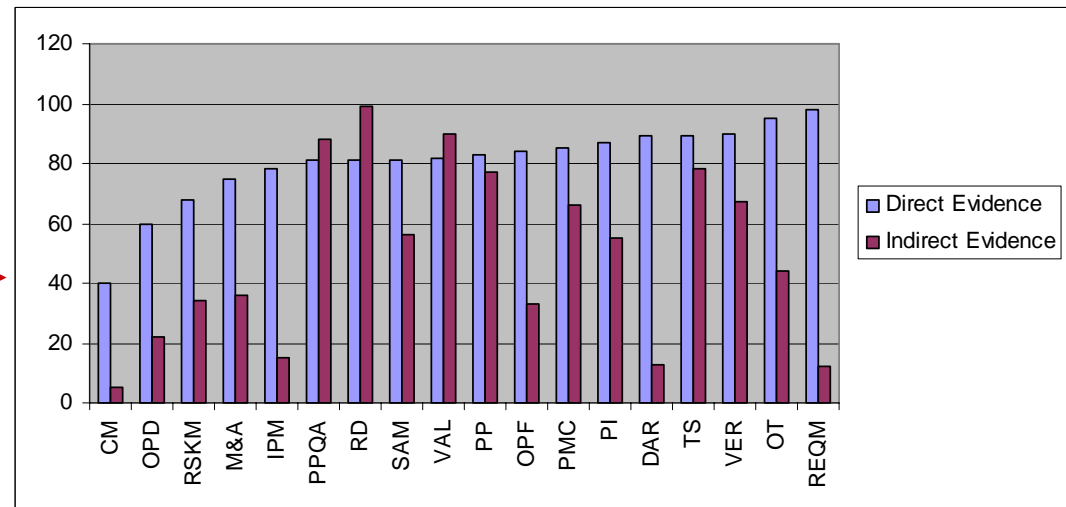
Can be done with a simple spreadsheet solution

Presentation Data to Tell A Story of "Readiness"

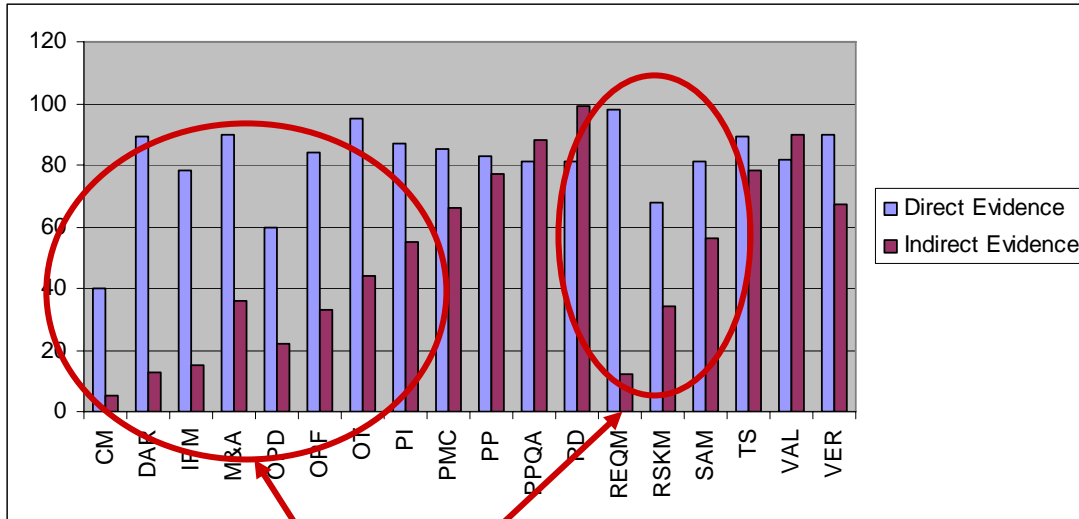


Which projects should we work first?

Which Process Areas should we work first?

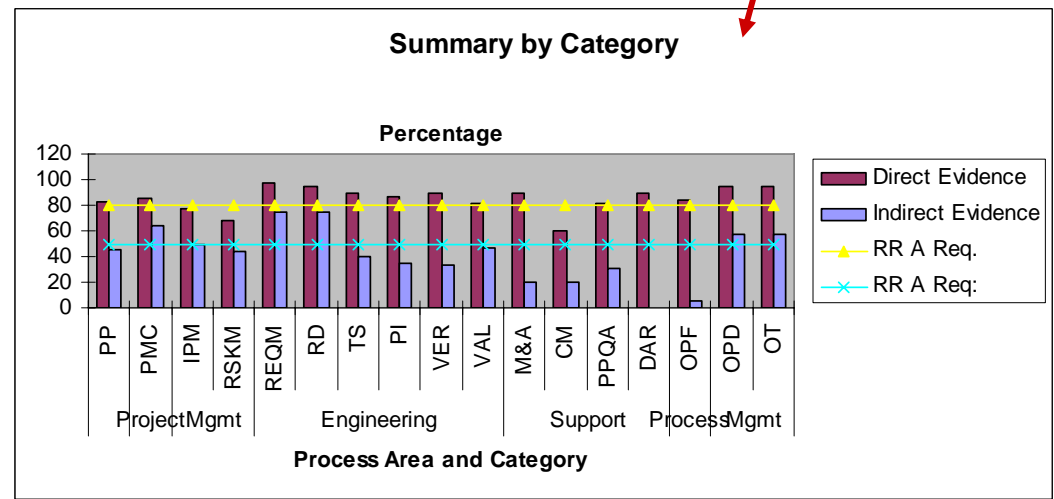


Presentation Data to Tell A Story of "Readiness"



Set Your Minimum Goals Based on SCAMPI Class or On-site Schedule Constraints

Need Evidentiary Work



Conclusions and decisions?

- Do we hold the SCAMPI as scheduled?
 - Postpone or reschedule?
- Do we need more or less time on our SCAMPI A/B onsite schedule?
- Where are our largest gaps?
- What are the gap priorities?
 - In need of the longest lead time?
- Will any of the gaps affect the selection of focus/non-focus project?



Readiness Review vs. SCAMPI?

Readiness Review

- Pace if fast – involves quick decisions and scoring
- Basis of judgments, decisions and follow-on action = preparedness for SCAMPI
- Scope = same as SCAMPI or limited to high risk areas
- May involve one LA or entire team depending on all goals



SCAMPI C

- Pace if slower – involves evaluation, declaration of, and rationale for each weakness
- Basis of judgments, decisions and follow-on action = effective process improvement
- Scope can be limited or comprehensive
- May involve just one LA

Lessons Learned

“What we anticipate seldom occurs..... what we least expect generally happens” -- Disraeli

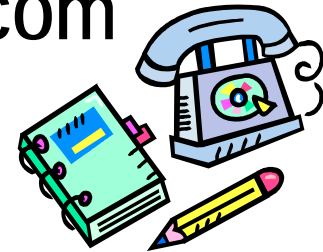
- As in defining quality requirements, if we fail to do a good job in identifying issues early, we will surely pay for it later with hours of unexpected overtime:
 - Even the best “PIID preparers” need a quality review of their work
 - Take the opportunity to move the discussions regarding the designation of direct and/or indirect out in front of the SCAMPI on site

Questions?

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