

CHALLENGE



- Synchronization Of Effects
 - Time and Space
- Ground Maneuver Is <u>Event</u> Driven
 - Multiple Echelons
- Flexibility Is Key
 - Multiple Decisions
- Persistance
- Minimize Collateral Damage

Responsiveness Is Essential



Shaping Fires

Isolate the close fight
Shape the next fight
Protect the force
Prepares battlespace for
decisivie operations

Counter Strike

Focus is preemptive – attack before he fires Target enemy's total strike system

Ground
Commander's
Requirement
for Fires

Close Supporting Fires

Attack enemy troops, weapons & positions
Fix the enemy & ensure freedom of maneuver
Synchronized

Counter Insurgency (COIN)

Precision fires in urban and complex terrain
Limit collateral damage
Persistance



Emerging Battlespace Perspective

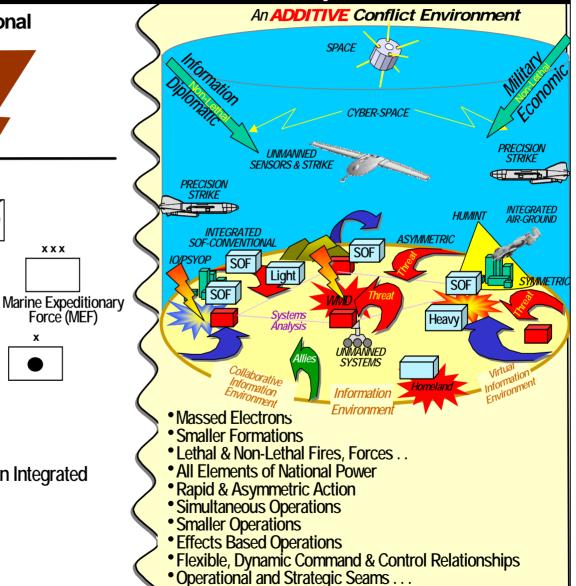
From Battlefield to Battlespace Conventional **AIR GROUND** 111 XXX XXX

Force (MEF)

Massed Forces

Corps

- More Deconflicted than Integrated
- Attrition Warfare
- Military to Military
- Symmetrical



FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Army Indirect Fires – The Way Ahead

Transforming Fires

From

- Linked
- Access to Joint systems
- Connected to sensor outputs
- Less Agile / Heavy
- Support to Maneuver
- Lethal (through mass)
- Area effects with limited precision
- Large logistics burden
- Ability to mass fires
- 24/7, all weather





- Networked battle command
- Interdependent with Joint systems

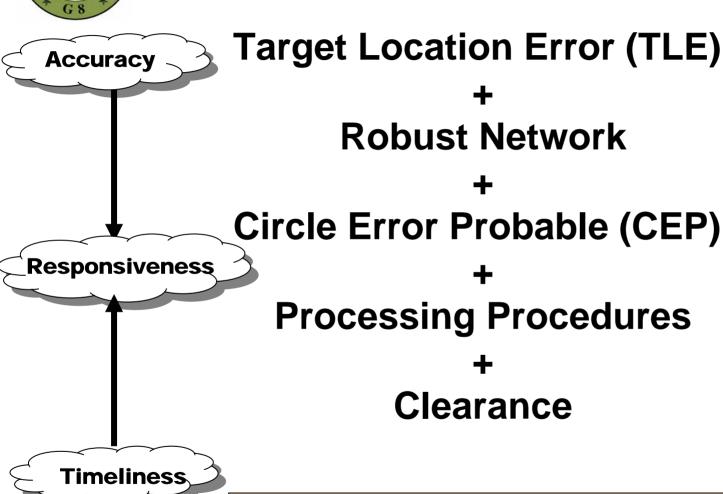
> To

- Dynamic Sensor to Shooter linkages
- Strategic and tactical mobility
- Fully Integrated with maneuver
- Lethal (through precision and volume)
- Precise effects with area options
- Reduced logistics requirement
- Ability to mass effects; lethal and non-lethal
- 24/7, all weather & all terrain

to achieve **Destructive**, **Suppressive**, **Protective** and **Special Purpose Effects**



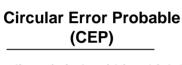
ACCURATE and TIMELY EFFECTS



Responsiveness Is Essential



Joint Fires Application Issues

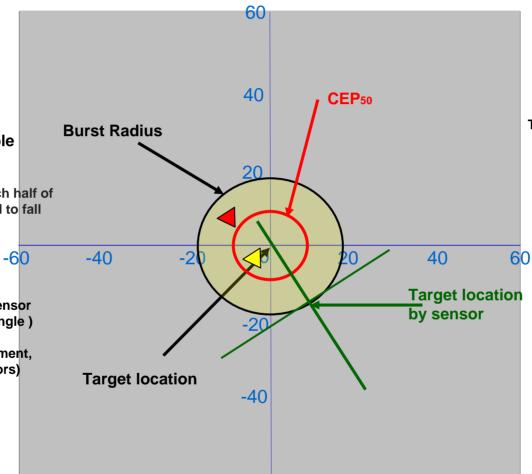


- Radius of circle within which half of the projectiles are expected to fall
- · CEP depends on type of weapon/munition e.g.
 - -Artillery/mortar (wind, range, weather)
 - -Laser guided

(bad designation, laser sensor errors/limitations/graze angle)

-GPS guided

(GPS errors, target movement, guidance and control errors)



Weapon Effect Burst Radius

The area within which a weapon achieves a certain level of lethality (Probability of Kill) against the intended target.

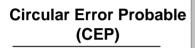
Target Location Error (TLE)

Difference between the actual and the expected location.

-TLE is 3-dimensional and affected by range to target, self-locating ability of the sensor, GPS accuracy, environmental conditions, etc...



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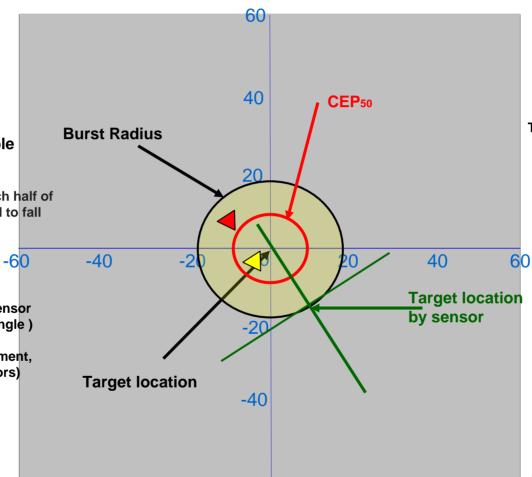


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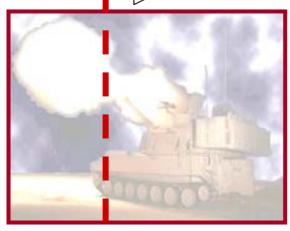
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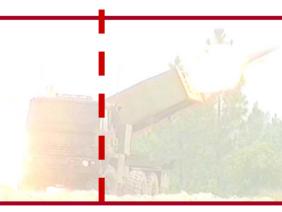
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Munitions Terminology



Precision Munitions

Capable of self locating and maneuvering to a specific location with an accuracy sufficient to yield a high probability of destruction within its inherent capabilities.

Smart Munitions

Self-contained capability to search, detect, acquire, and engage individual targets by detecting the general target characteristics in order to provide terminal guidance for the munition or submunitions.

Discriminating Munitions

Self-contained capability to search, detect, acquire, and engage individual targets by distinguishing specific characteristics of the target to selectively identify and engage only the desired target types.