

### Joint Effects Model (JEM) Environmental Services Research and Development

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### **Project Background**



- What: NCAR/RAL providing Environmental Research and Development (R&D) support to JEM program via DTRA/JSTO.
- Why: Transition R&D technologies and datasets, produced through DTRA/JSTO Weather Services R&D Project, into JEM system. Particular objectives include:
  - 1. Assist with integration of DTRA Next Generation Meteorological Data Server (MDS) Application Programming Interface (API) into JEM.

Assist JSTO and JEM program manager with Testing & Evaluation / Verification & Validation of JEM with meteorological data from the MDS.

2. Upgrade and and incorporate new environmental datasets.

Assist JSTO with quality assurance of all environmental data and tools in JEM.



### Project Objective #1 DTRA Next Generation Meteorological Data Server (MDS) Integration

# **Legacy MDS Requirements**



- Provide simplified access to real time meteorological forecast model and observational datasets from a variety of sources for HPAC.
- Minimize bandwidth requirements for requested/retrieved datasets through spatial and temporal domain sub setting.
- Reformat data sources into HPAC specific weather formats.

All in all, these requirements have been met....BUT....

# **Legacy MDS Issues**



- **PERFORMANCE**: User base has substantially grown.
  - Struggling to cope with expanding user load.
- **RELIABILITY**: Hardware and software configuration is antiquated.
  - Based on 1990s technologies. Require extensive manpower to maintain.
- **STOVE-PIPED**: HPAC centric system and interface.
  - System not intended for general access by other software clients.
- **SECURITY**: Originally used unsecured FTP for client server communication, with users given system accounts.
- **EXPANDABILITY**: System not easily expandable to support wider variety of data sources.
- **INDUSTRY STANDARDIZATION**: No industry standardization.

# **NexGen MDS Requirements**



- Provide simplified and *GENERALIZED* access to real time, plus *ARCHIVED*, meteorological forecast model and observational datasets from a variety of sources.
- Minimize bandwidth requirements for requested/retrieved datasets through spatial and temporal domain sub setting.
- Reformat data sources into HPAC specific weather formats and OTHER INDUSTRY STANDARD formats.

Plus...

- **PERFORMANCE**: Improve performance to meet requirement of fulfilling 100 user requests in under 3 minutes.
- **RELIABILITY**: Increase reliability using high availability technologies.
- **SECURITY**: Improve user authentication and data transfer security using PKI and secure data transfer methodologies.
- **EXPANDABILITY**: Provide mechanism for easily expanding types of available data sources and formats.
- **INDUSTRY STANDARDIZATION**: Utilize web services standards for data access.

### **Available Model Data**









### **Available Observational Data**



### **SOAP Access**

- Supports Web Services Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) via HTTP and HTTPS.
- Allows requests for a specific data source, output variable, vertical level, horizontal domain, and temporal domain.
- Includes metadata query capability to determine what data, variables, etc.. are currently available on system.





### **Java API**

- Java Application Programming Interface (API) serves as primary MDS interface.
- Authenticates users via Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) techniques.
- Supports the reprojection, interpolation, and reformatting of raw datasets.
- Currently provides datasets in NCAR Meteorological Data Volume (MDV) and HPAC specific formats.



### **MDS Components**





Efficiently distribute user requests to Server systems
Serve as firewall between MDS public and private network



- Authenticate user requests
- Process user requests
- Extract and deliver real time data sources upon request
- Forward requests for archived data sources to Ingest system



- Ingest all incoming data sources
- Reformat raw model products into model data repository
- Reformat raw observational products into observational database
- Extract and deliver archived data sources upon request

### **System Architecture**



### **Redundant Server Locations**







### **Server Farm**

- Currently have 3 servers
- Can be expanded to N Servers





# **High Availability**

### **Gateways Systems**



- Hot adoptive system
- Active / Passive Mode
- Real-time data replication on Ingest Systems

#### **Ingest Systems**



## **Project Objective #1 Status and Plans**



- MDS v1.0 delivered March 2006 and currently operational.
- MDS v1.1 on schedule to be delivered ~January February 2007.
- MDS API successfully integrated into latest JEM baseline and undergoing testing by Northrop Grumman.
- MDS v1.2 development beginning.
  - New Data Sources:
    - AFWA and FNMOC KQ METARS
    - FSL MADIS
    - NCEP SREF, WRF-NMM, and GENS
  - Improved API
    - Support JMBL formatted requests
    - Utilize CBRN data model XML schemas
  - Expand Retrievable Data Formats
    - HPAC NexGen MEDOC
    - NATO METGM
    - WMO GRIB
    - Unidata netCDF
  - Enhanced Security
    - 2-way DoD PKI Authentication



### Project Objective #2 Environmental Database Enhancement and Integration

### **Land Cover Database**



- Purpose:
  - Used to determine agent surface absorption and secondary evaporation rates, plus surface layer turbulence profiles.
- Details:
  - 1km horizontal grid spacing.
  - 25 land use categories by season, which define:
    - Surface roughness
    - Surface albedo
    - Bowen ratio
    - Canopy Height
    - Canopy Flow Index
  - Based on 1993-1994 GOES AVHRR datasets.

### Land Cover Issues and Recommendations

- Outdated and does not reflect the rapid urbanization of the last 10 years
- Provides one generic urban classification and does not discern the differences among different urban types (e.g., downtown, suburban residential areas, and commercial/industrial areas).

#### Recommended replacement:

 2004-2005 MODIS database for natural surfaces merged with the 2002 30-m LANDSAT based USGS database for urban areas, which provides three separate classifications for urban land use.





# **Climatology Database**



#### • Purpose:

 Used to derive uncertainty associated with T&D calculations (e.g. Hazard areas).

#### • Details:

- 2.0 Deg horizontal grid spacing
- 28 vertical levels
- Twelve 24 hour periods (6hour temporal resolution) containing:
  - Monthly means and stdevs of u and v wind components, plus u-v correlations
  - Monthly means of T, P, RH
  - Binned frequencies of occurrence of precipitation, wind speed, cloud cover.
- Developed by AFCCC and based on 1996 NCEP/NCAR Global Reanalysis.

# **Recommended Climatology Replacement**



- Updated database based on latest 50year NCAR/NCEP Global Reanalysis.
- Generate higher resolution databases, using NCAR Global Climatology Analysis Toolset (GCAT)



# **Project Objective #2 Status and Plans**



- Database development scheduled to begin ~ March 2007.
- Anticipate first set of enhanced products to be delivered to JEM by early 2008.

# **Summary**



- Supporting development and integration of DTRA NexGen MDS capabilities into JEM system.
  - First version of MDS API delivered and successfully integrated into JEM.
  - Development of next version of API underway in concert with ongoing MDS enhancements.
- Enhancing and upgrading JEM environmental databases
  - Focusing on enhancement of land cover and climatological databases
  - Development to begin March 2007.
  - First set of enhancements to be delivered early 2008.



### **Contact Information**

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