

120 MM HE-T Background

The 120 mm HE-T is a direct fire round developed by NAMMO and is in service with the Leopard equipped Swedish Defense Forces. GD-OTS has improved the round to meet the accuracy and survivability requirements typical of USG fielded tank ammo.

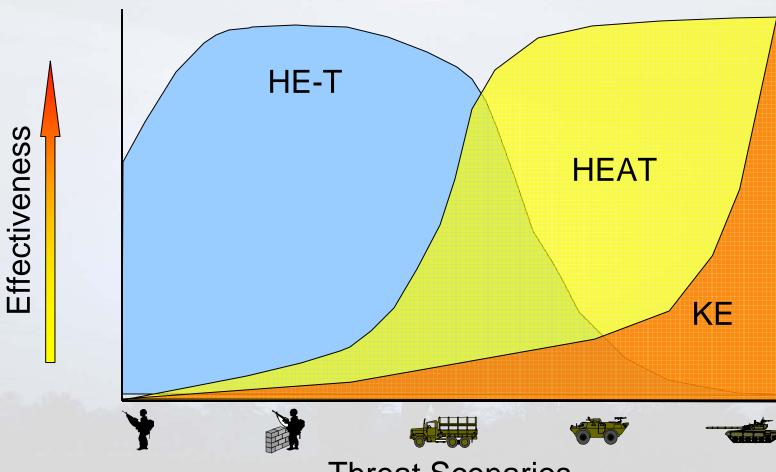
The 120 mm HE-T is a "Full Bore" High Explosive round with capabilities against **multiple** threat targets.



120 mm HE-T

- Americanized by GD-OTS for Abrams Tank
 - St. Marks Hybrid propellant, 6 lbs of PAX-34 Explosive,
 Propellant bag, Cool primer, Combustible cartridge case and Case base
- Technical Requirements:
 - Direct fire against multiple targets
 - Dual safe fuze with SQ & delay (complaint to MIL-STD-1316)
 - US Army accuracy requirement
 - Direct fire capabilities
 - Indirect fire capabilities

120 mm HE-T Effectiveness



Threat Scenarios

HE-T Against a Mini-Bus



Accuracy (TID) Test

- GD-OTS and Nammo have improved the accuracy of the HE-T by redesigning the projectile fin blades. The fin blades are larger and more rigid.
- Testing at NTS was completed Dec. 12-16, 2005.
 - Target Distance: 2000 meters
 - Conditioning Temp: +21°C
 - Accuracy was significantly improved

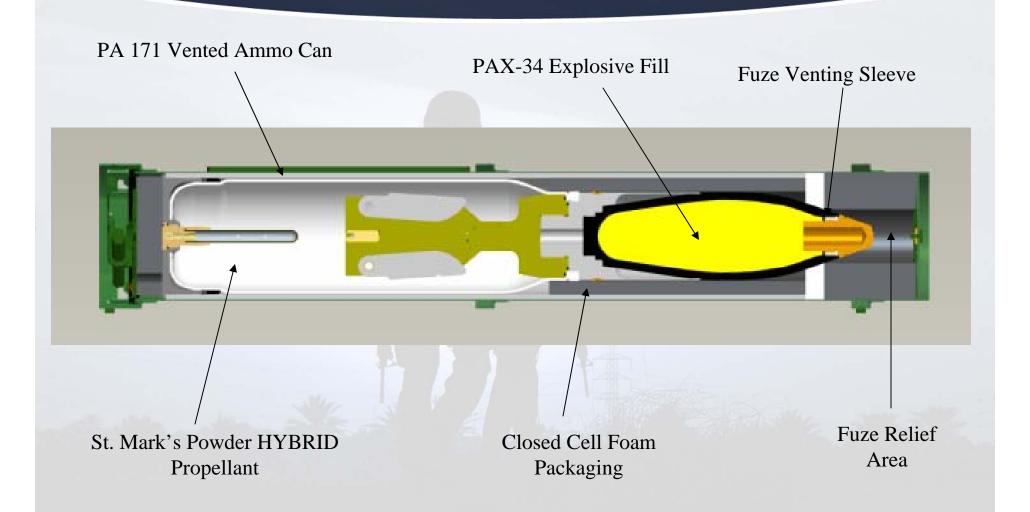




Improved Fin Blade Design



HE-T IM Characteristics



PAX 34 Background Information

- Traditional Melt-Cast Explosive Fills
 - Good explosive performance
 - Poor IM performance
 - Low cost, high volume manufacture
 - Multiple LAP options
- IM Improved Melt-cast Explosive Fills
 - Good explosive performance
 - Good to excellent IM performance
 - Combination new/traditional explosive ingredients
 - Low cost, high volume manufacture
 - Multiple LAP options

IM Explosive Ingredients





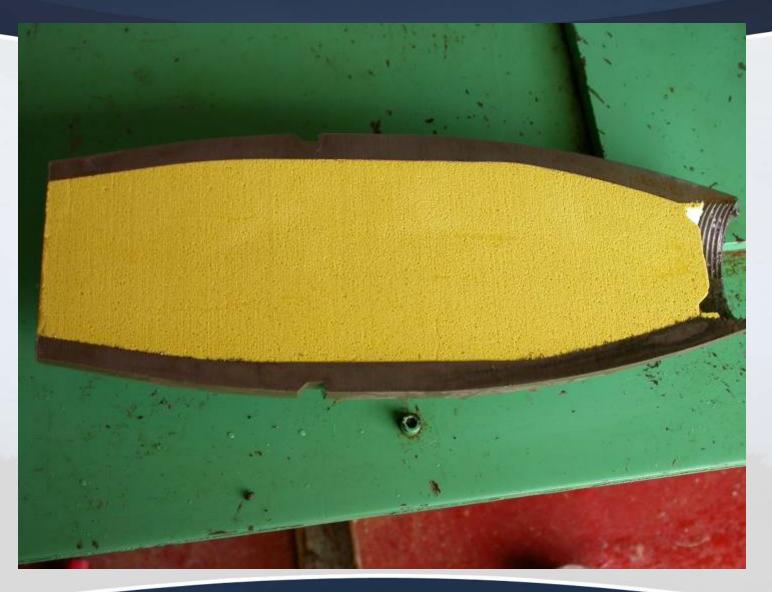




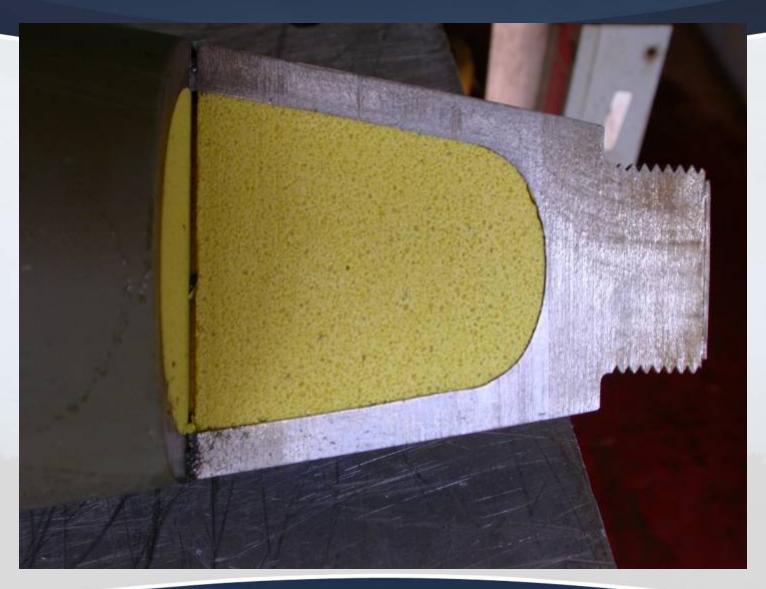


BAE MANUFACTURING FACILITY

Sectioned 120mm PAX-34 Filled Mortar



Sectioned 120mm PAX-34 Filled Mortar



St. Marks HYBRID Propellant

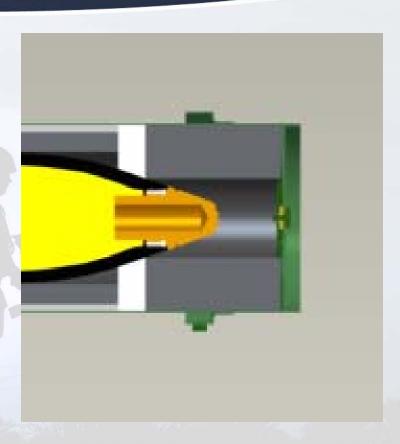
- Initial testing indicates GD-OTS's HYBRID propellant is an insensitive energetic comparable to JA2
- HYBRID propellant grains are more plasticized than M14 and will not break or crack as easily.
- Nitrocellulose is completely dissolved prior to extrusion.





Fuze Venting Sleeve

- Fuze venting sleeve melts prior to reaction temperature of PAX-34, allowing the pressure of the explosive to vent out of the fuze cavity.
- Material is extruded Polycarbonate, very hard plastic able to maintain its structural integrity during ballistic firing.
- Enough area forward of fuze to allow proper venting.



PA171 Ammo Can and Closed Cell Foam Packaging

- Venting windows effectively vent high pressure built up inside of the ammo can during Slow and Fast Cook Off environments.
- Closed cell foam produced at Foam
 Design once heated to its melting point
 returns to a resin type state rather than
 sealing the round causing an additional
 pressure seal.



Summary of 120 mm HE-T IM Testing

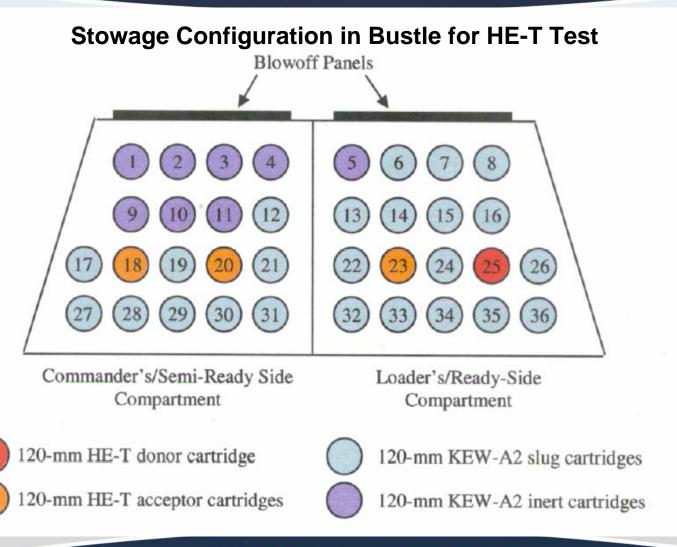
Vulnerability Testing

- M1A1 Bustle Test
- Sympathetic Detonation Test 1
- Sympathetic Detonation Test 2
- Sympathetic Detonation Test 3

Slow Cook Off Test

• Three (3) warhead configurations

M1A1 Bustle Testing



Bustle Test Results

- No sympathetic detonation of acceptor cartridges
- The various features built into the Abrams turret effectively vented the pressure generated during the explosive event.
- Majority of propellant was consumed during the explosive event
- Peak pressure measured within the ammunition compartments was within threshold criteria.
- Results considered successful.
 - It is possible to store HE-T rounds in the Abrams turret ammunition compartment without violating crew survivability criteria.

Sympathetic Detonation Test 1

Setup



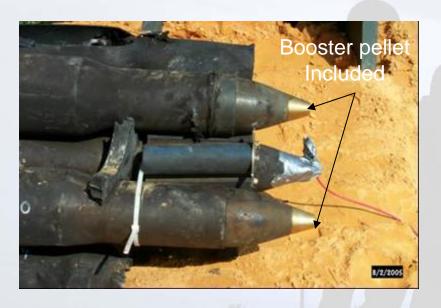
Results





Sympathetic Detonation Test 2

Set-up



The test setup included three HE-T warheads, each loaded with 6 lbs of PAX-34 explosive and a PBXN-5 booster pellet. The center warhead was detonated to verify no sympathetic detonation occurs.

HE-T Sympathetic Detonation Test

HE-T SD Test

Aug. 5, 2005

HE-T SD Results



Slow Cook-Off (SCO) Test Setup

- Three warhead designs were tested.
 - Design 1: Venting sleeve between F985 fuze and warhead. Venting sleeve made of Polycarbonate.
 - Design 2: Eight (8) 3/8" venting holes surrounding warhead body filled with High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Plugs.
 - Design 3: Current Nammo warhead design
- All test rounds were full-up cartridges with live F985 Fuze, filled with GD-OTS' Hybrid Propellant, packaged inside vented PA171 ammo cans.

Slow Cook-Off Test Results Design 1

Design 1: (Fuze Venting Sleeve):

- Type V Reaction, burning only
 - HYBRID Propellant burned
 - PAX-34 burned

PA 171 effectively vented the pressure and no explosive event occurred



Slow Cook-Off Test Results Design 2

Design 2 (Venting Plugs):

- Type V Reaction, burning only
 - HYBRID Propellant burned
 - PAX-34 burned

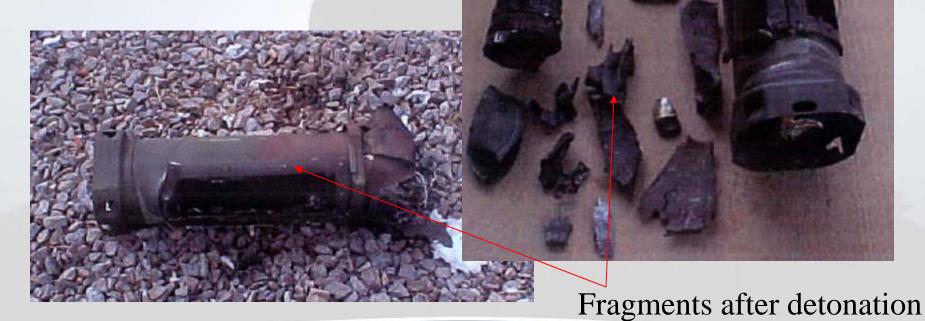


PA 171 effectively vented the pressure and no explosive event occurred

Slow Cook-Off Test Results Design 3

Design 3 (Original Design):

- Type III Reaction, explosion
 - HYBRID Propellant burned
 - PAX-34 exploded



Conclusions

- The 120 mm HE-T is an effective Multi-purpose High Explosive round, capable of destroying many of the threats in today's operating environment.
- The aerodynamic design reduces the drag of the HE-T providing the war-fighter with highly effective indirect fire capabilities.
- The improved fin blades the HE-T makes the round exceptionally accurate
- As a goal, the HE-T will be considered an IM compliant HE tank round.

