





# Cost Reducing Material For 40mm Practices Cartridges

James Grassi U.S. ARMY/ARDEC 40mm Grenades Special Projects 973-724-5987 james.grassi@us.army.mil 17 May 2005





• What is the 40mm M385A1 Practice Cartridge?

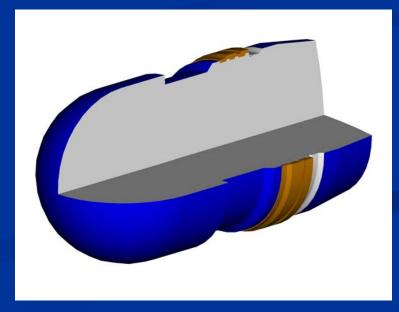
- Check-out round for the Mk19 GMG Mod 3
- Fired from a linked configuration
- Muzzle Velocity = 240 m/s
- Peak Chamber Pressure = 95 MPa
- Aluminum projectile body with swaged copper rotating band
- Approximately \$6.00 per projectile







- How the one-piece projectile was born?
  - Current fabrication
    - Machine profile from aluminum bar stock
    - Swage copper rotating band to projectile body
    - Final machine band to size
    - Anodize projectile





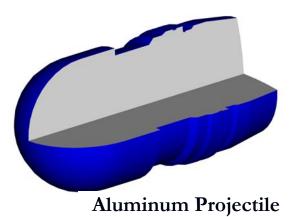


How one-piece projectile was born?

- Desire for an integral rotating band
  - Aluminum projectile with integral rotating band
    - Concern that hard anodized band will erode bore
  - Thermoplastic projectile with integral rotating band
    - Current projectile mass is 245 grams
    - Specific gravity of commercial thermoplastic polymers too low to machine solid projectile (polymer ~ 1.0 g/cc; Al = 2.78 g/cc)
    - Cannot obtain ballistic match



PVC Plastic - 121 grams







- How one-piece projectile was born?
  - Desire for an integral rotating band
    - Composite projectile with integral rotating band
      - Polymer-metal powder composite material
      - Machinable & Injection moldable
      - **Can use almost any commercial grade thermoplastic**
      - Colorable
      - Tunable specific gravity



Injection Molded Sample – Copper-Nylon



## M385A1 One-Piece Projectile Feasibility Study

- Objectives
  - Reduce unit cost
  - Integrate rotating band to the projectile body
  - Ballistically match to M385A1
- Requirements
  - Color Blue #35109, FED-STD-595
  - Maintain Bore Life 30,000 rounds
  - Survive Linking/De-linking
  - Accept Ink Stenciling
  - Fire from Mk19 GMG
  - Preserve Physical Properties
    - Profile, Mass, CG, Moments of Inertia

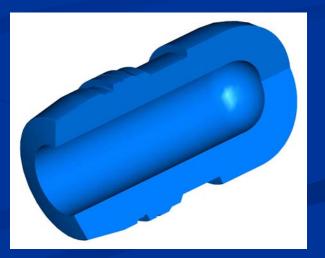






#### M385A1 One-Piece Projectile Feasibility Study

- Material Selection
  - Aluminum powder can be energetic during blending
  - Tungsten high hardness may be erosive to the bore
  - Stainless Steel may be erosive to the bore, but a possibility
  - Copper high specific gravity, low hardness, but may tarnish
- Prototype Mold
  - Single-cavity with parting line along axis
  - Core placed on aft side of projectile
- Testing
  - Full dimensional inspection
  - Fire belts of 10 from Mk19 GMG at hot, cold and ambient
  - Subject projectiles to moisture and humidity for discoloration and growth





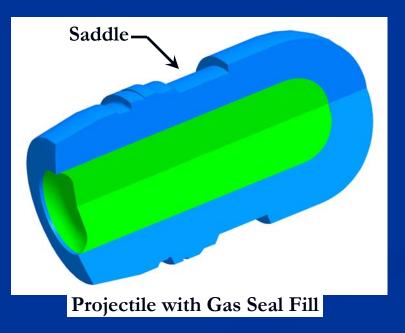


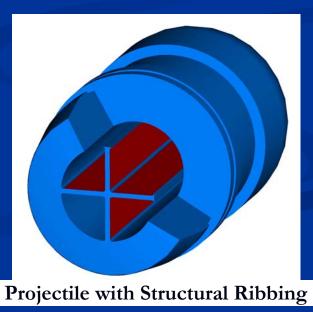
#### M385A1 One-Piece Projectile Feasibility Study

Challenges

8 of 12

- Core volume increases chamber volume which may reduce MV
  - Could apply gas seal, but reduces cost savings
  - Adjust propellant load to obtain muzzle velocity
- Preliminary/Static FEA shows minor ballooning in saddle area
  - Design in structural ribbing if proves to be a concern









Post-Feasibility Study

- If material substitution proves feasible...
  - Material Characterization at high strain rates
  - Pre-Qualification Testing
    - Larger firing samples
    - Full environmental testing
    - Rough handling
- Production Mold & Qualification Testing
  - Cost savings estimate based on:
    - 300K to 400K rounds per year
    - **5** years production contract
    - 4-cavity mold with slides to eliminate parting line along axis





### Follow On Work

- Ballistics Mismatch M385A1, M918 & M430A1
  - Modify M385A1 One-Piece projectile to match profile and physical properties of M918 and M430A1



10 of 12





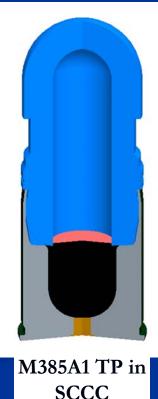
### Follow On Work

- Mate M385A1 One-Piece projectile with Single Chamber Cartridge Case (SCCC)
- M918 Body Insert
- M781 Projectile Body





M918 TP Body Insert



**11 of 12** 





Advantages of Polymer-Metal Powder Composite

- Can composite almost any injection moldable polymer with metal powder
- Machinable & Injection moldable
- Tunable material density
- Colorable
- Emboss/Engrave instead of Stencil Marking
- Functional Advantages
  - Reduce cost with injection molding and insert molding
  - Less effort to design in Ballistic Match
  - Combine components/features to reduce number of parts
- ARDEC Value Engineering submission #20052007