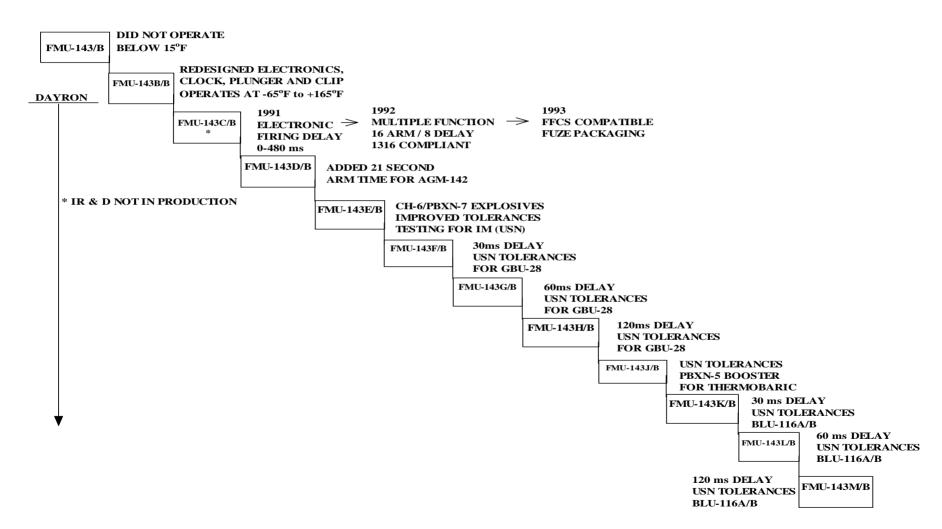


The FMU-143B/B fuze was developed for the **U.S. Air Force for Hard Target Penetration** when used with the BLU-109 and Precision Guided Munitions (PGM) systems. Over the last eight years, the FMU-143 has been modified to meet customer requirements for several different systems. This presentation will cover variations and approach as the family evolved.



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- The FMU-143C/B was developed, during a company IR&D program, encompassing electronic selectable delays.
 - ▶1991 the B/B was modified for electronic firing delays from 0 to 480 ms.
 - ▶1992 changes to incorporate multiple functions, 16 arm time settings and 8 delay time settings, also 1316 compliant.
 - ▶1993 FFCS compatibility was added and fuze packaging finalized.
 - ▶The C/B never made it to production.

- ■The FMU-143D/B developed in conjunction with the U.S. Air Force and RAFAEL for use in the AGM-142 Have Nap missile.
 - ► Arming selections changed from 5.5/12.0 to 12.0/ 21 seconds for high altitude releases.
 - Improved tolerancing from the FMU-143E/B configuration were also incorporated.

- FMU-143E/B created to meet the Navy Insensitive Munitions (IM) compatibility requirements as well as improved tolerances in the rotor to lead/booster cup interface for better firing reliability.
 - Explosive lead material changed from tetryl to CH-6 and enlarged.
 - ► Booster material was changed from tetryl to PBXN-7.
 - ►FMU-143B/B configuration picked up all the changes except the booster material (remains tetryl).

- FMU-143F/B, G/B and H/B configurations created during Desert Storm to be used in the 5,000 pound GBU-28 "Bunker Buster" weapon.
 - ► Improved tolerancing from the FMU-143E/B configuration were also incorporated.
 - ► The arming selections changed from 5.5/12.0 to 12.0/21 seconds for high altitude releases.
 - ► The F/B replaced the 60 ms delay detonator with a 30 ms delay detonator,
 - ▶ the H/B replaced the 60 ms delay detonator with a 120 ms delay detonator
 - ▶ Giving the Air Force a 30, 60 or 120 ms delay option.

- ■FMU-143J/B configuration developed for the U.S. Air Force for use in the Thermo baric weapons used in Afghanistan.
 - Improved tolerancing from the FMU-143E/B configuration were also incorporated.
 - **▶**Booster material changed from tetryl to PBXN-5.
 - ► Delay detonator changed from 60 msec to 120 msec.

- ■The latest modifications made for the Navy, result in the FMU-143K/B, L/B, and M/B fuzes used in the HTSF AUP BLU-116A/B weapon system.
 - ► Improved tolerancing from the FMU-143E/B configuration were also incorporated and the PBXN-7 booster material to meet the Navy IM requirements.
 - ► The arming selections changed from 5.5/12.0 to 12.0/21 seconds.
 - ► The K/B replaces the 60 ms delay detonator with a 30 ms delay detonator.
 - ► M/B replaces the 60 ms delay detonator with a 120 ms delay detonator.
 - ► Giving the Navy a 30, 60 or 120 ms delay option.

FMU-143 PRODUCTION FUZE CONFIGURATIONS				
FUZE NOVENCLATURE	USER	ARM TIME OPTIONS	FUZE DETONATOR DELAY	BOOSTER PELLET
FMU-143B/B	AIR FORCE	5.5/12 SEC	60 MSec	TETRYL
FMU-143D/B	AIR FORCE	12/21 SEC	60 MSec	TETRYL
FWU-143E/B	NAVY	5.5/12 SEC	60 MSec	PBXN-7
FMU-143F/B	AIR FORCE	12/21 SEC	30 MSec	TETRYL
FMU-143G/B	AIR FORCE	12/21 SEC	60 MSec	TETRYL
FMU-143H/B	AIR FORCE	12/21 SEC	120 Msec	TETRYL
FMU-143J/B	AIR FORCE	5.5/12 SEC	60 Msec	PBXN-5
FMU-143K/B	NAVY	12/21 SEC	30 MSec	PBXN-7
FMU-143L/B	NAVY	12/21 SEC	60 MSec	PBXN-7
FMU-143M/B	NAVY	12/21 SEC	120 Msec	PBXN-7

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