

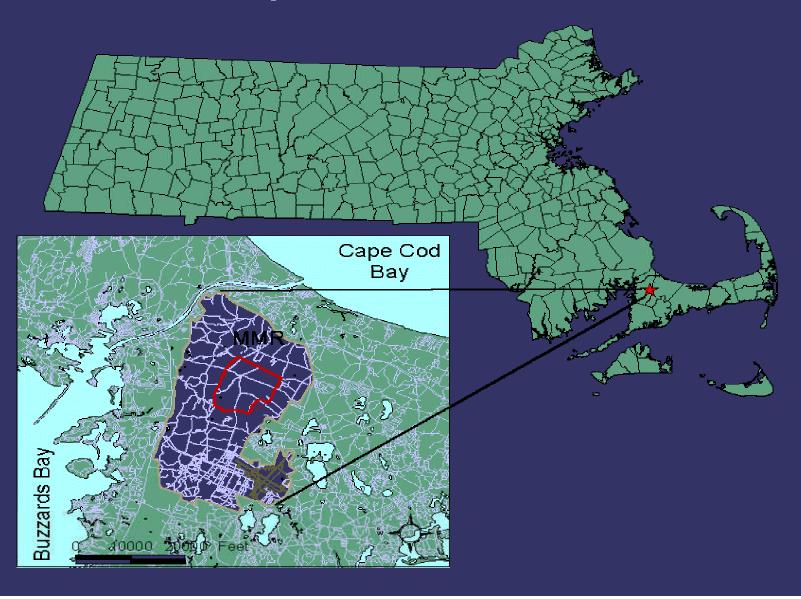
# Comprehensive List of Chemicals Likely to be Found at Military Ranges - A Case Study of Camp Edwards, Massachusetts



Jay Clausen, Joe Robb, Diane Curry - AMEC Earth & Environmental



# **Location of Camp Edwards**





#### **Site History**

- Training and Impact Areas used since 1911
- Activities included small arms, machine gun, artillery, mortar, ground to ground rocket, air to ground rocket, open burning/open (OB/OD), detonation of explosive ordinance, and pyrotechnics training
- Designed to house 30,000 troops during WWII
- USEPA banned artillery and mortar training in 1997 through an Administrative Order
- Camp Edwards exhaustively studied

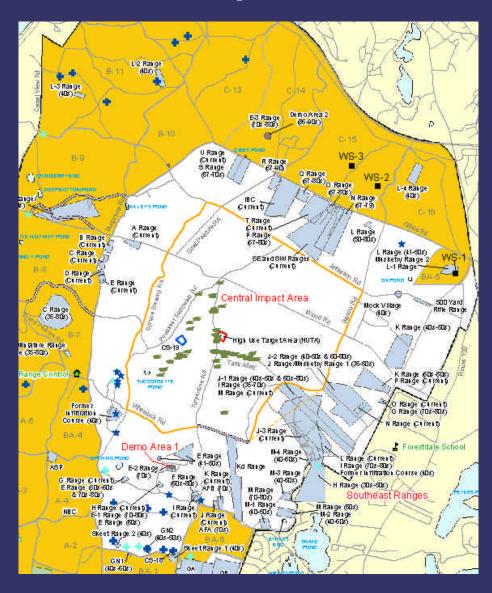


#### Introduction

- Over 200 compounds analyzed
  - Explosives
  - Volatile organic compounds (VOCs)
  - Semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs)
  - Pesticides/Herbicides
  - Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)
  - Polychlorinated napthalenes (PCNs)
  - Dioxins/Furans
  - Metals
  - Other (White Phosphorous, Cyanide, Dyes, Anions)
- Tentatively identified compounds (TICs) exhaustively evaluated



#### **Training Areas at Camp Edwards**



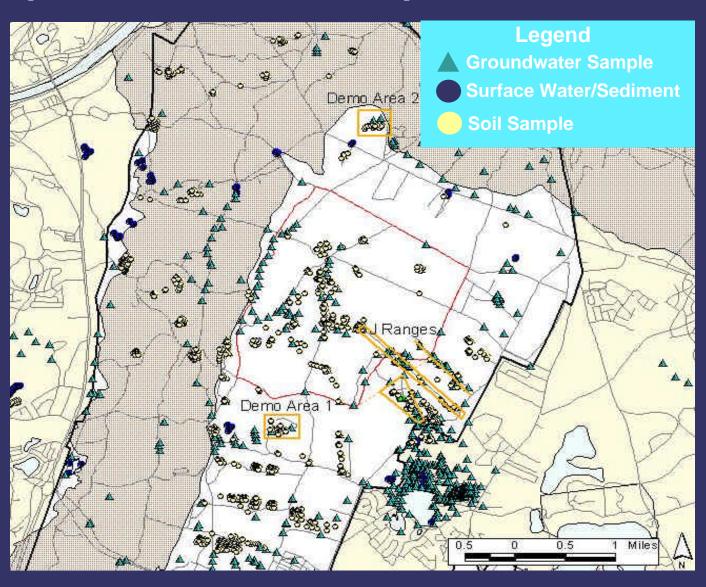


#### Samples Collected by Media

- 7,800 surface soil samples (0 to 2 ft)
  - 1,989 individual locations
  - 182 areas of investigation;
- 1,533 soil boring profile samples (10 to 300 ft) from 146 borings
- 69 sediment samples from 19 water bodies
- 64 surface water samples from 19 water bodies
- 5 storm water samples from the perimeter of the Impact Area
- 3,959 groundwater profiling samples from 256 borings
- 1,467 groundwater samples
  - 651 monitoring wells at 256 locations

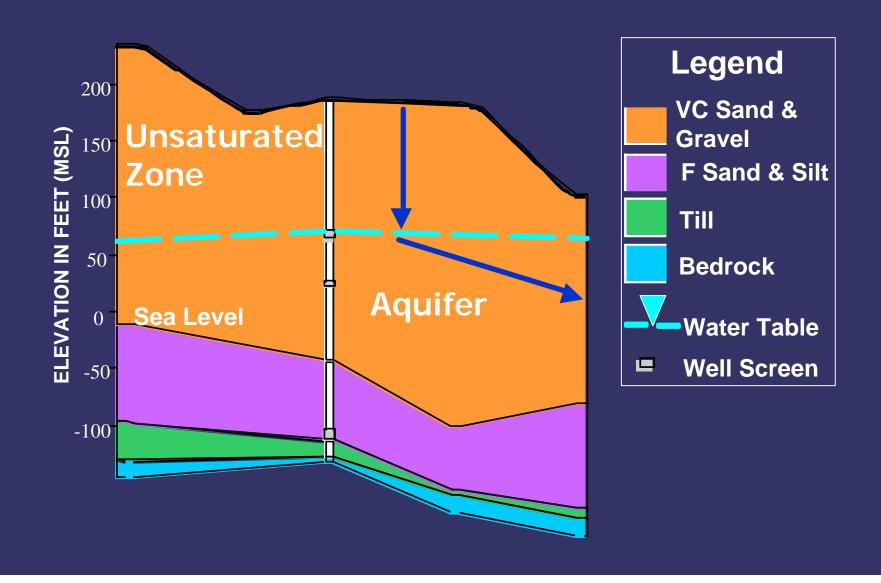


#### **Sample Locations at Camp Edwards**



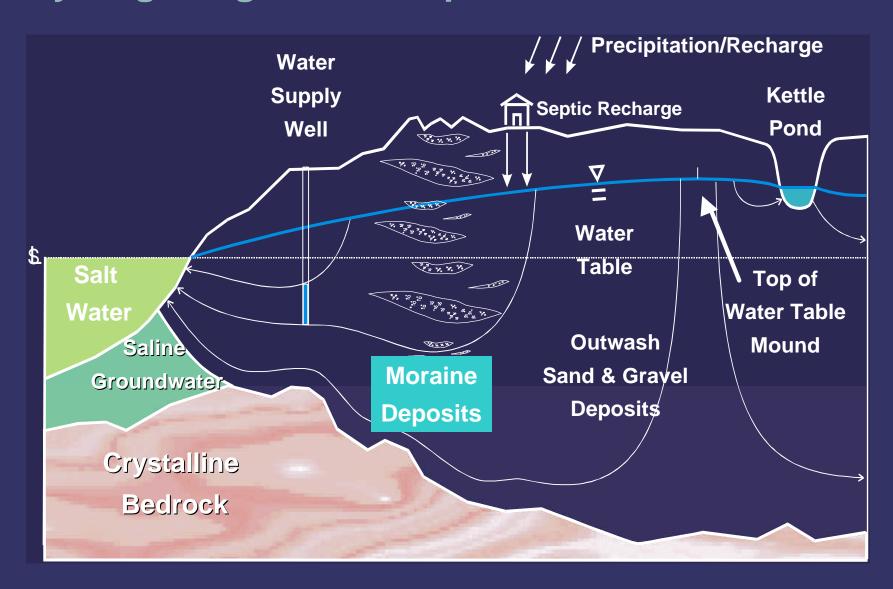


#### **Lithology at Camp Edwards**





#### Hydrogeological Conceptual Model





# **Soil Analytical Methods**

<b>Analytes</b>	Methods
VOC (except background locations)	OLC 02.1
Explosives (except background locations)	8330
Metals	6010
Cyanide	ILM04
Pesticides/PCBs	OLC02.1
SVOC (Note: changed to modified 8270 in 2000)	OLC02.1
Herbicides	8151
Phosphate-phosphorous	365.2
Nitrate/Nitrite-nitrogen	353.2
Ammonia-nitrogen	350.2
MTBE	8021
EDB	504.1
VOCs	OLM 03.0



# **Groundwater Analytical Methods**

Analytes	<u>Methods</u>
VOC (except background locations)	OLC 02.1
Explosives (except background locations)	8330
Metals	6010
Cyanide	ILM04
Pesticides/PCBs	OLC02.1
SVOC (Note: changed to modified 8270 in 2000)	OLC02.1
Herbicides	8151
Hardness as Calcium Carbonate	130.1
Phosphate-phosphorous	365.2
Nitrate/Nitrite-nitrogen	353.2
Ammonia-nitrogen	350.2
MTBE (except background locations)	8021
EDB (except background locations)	504.1



#### **Explosive Analyte List for Camp Edwards**

1,3-dinitrobenzene

1,3,5-trinitrobenzene (TNB)

2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene

(2A-DNT)

4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene

(4A-DNT)

2,4-diamino-6-nitrotoluene

(2,4-DANT)

2,6-diamino-4-nitrotoluene

(2,6-DANT)

2,4-dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT)

2,6-dinitrotoluene (2,6-DNT)

2-nitrotoluene (2-NT)

3-nitrotoluene (3-NT)

4-nitrotoluene (4-NT)

dinitroso-hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine (DNX)

nitroso-dinitro-hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine

(MNX)

tri-nitroso-hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine (TNX)

octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-

tetrazocine (HMX)

nitrobenzene

Nitroglycerine (NG)

pentaerythritol tetranitrate (PETN)

Picric acid (PA)

hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine

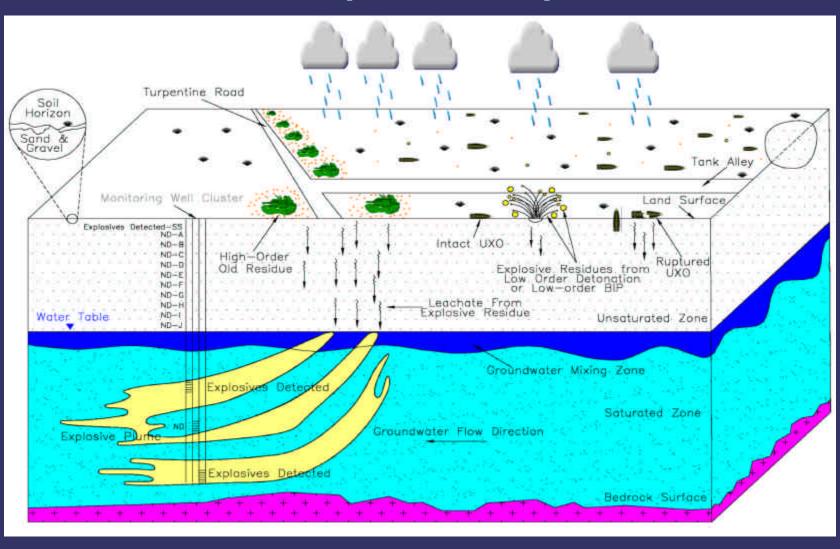
(RDX)

2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT)

tetryl



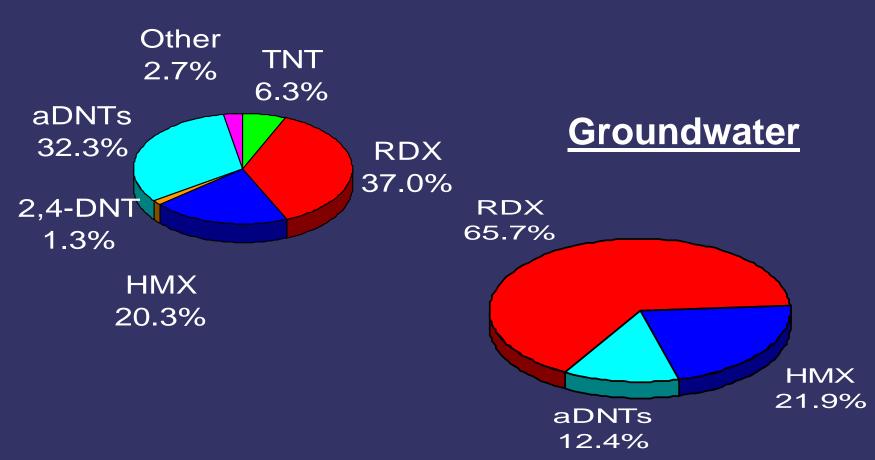
#### **Contaminant Transport Conceptual Model**





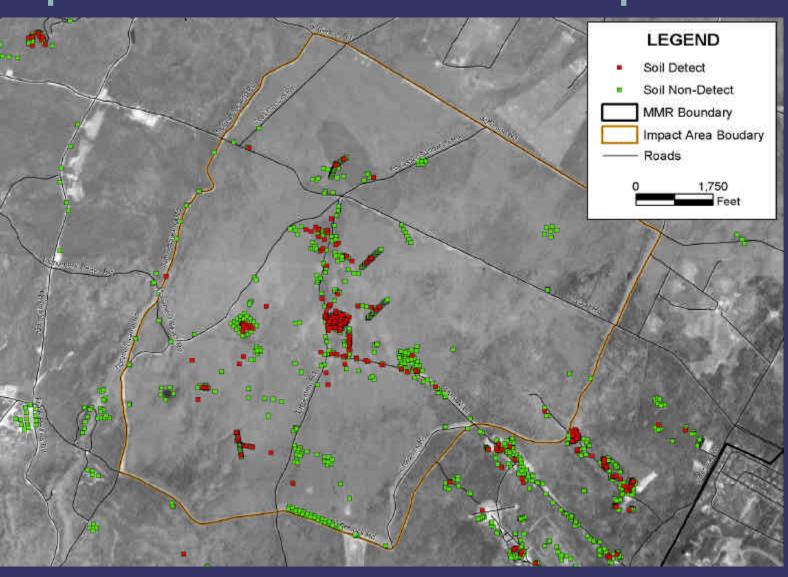
#### **Impact Area Explosive Distribution**





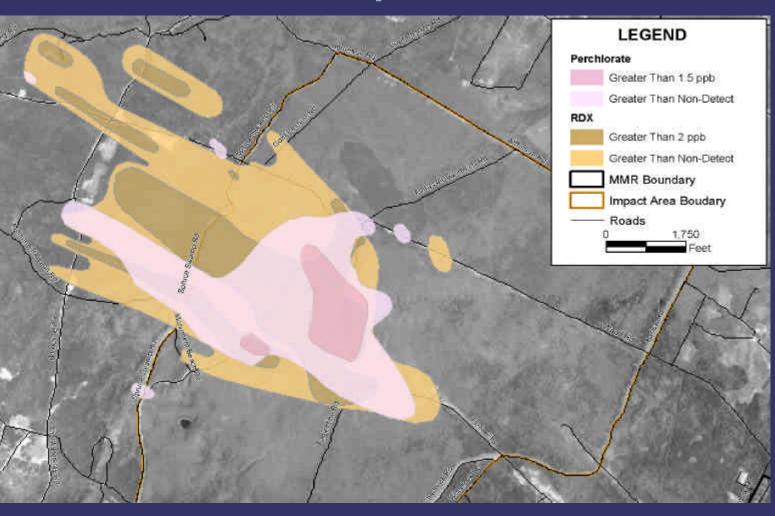


### **Explosive Soil Detections in the Impact Area**





# RDX and Perchlorate Groundwater Distribution in the Impact Area





#### **Gun and Mortar Firing Position Findings**

- 37 positions evaluated
- 1,200 soil samples collected
- M1, M2, & M3 propellant used
- 39 soil COPCs identified
  - 2,4-DNT (4%)
  - 2,6-DNT
  - Diethyl phthalate
  - N-nitrosodiphenylamine
  - Lead
- Soil contamination limited to 2 ft
- No groundwater impacts observed



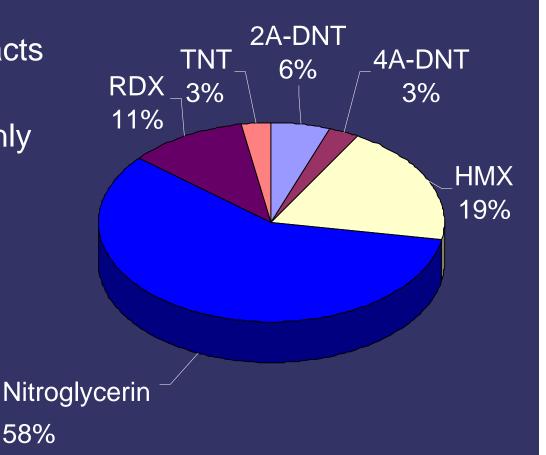
#### **KD** Rocket Range





#### **KD Rocket Range Findings**

- 300 soil samples collected
- Soil contamination limited to 2 ft
- No groundwater impacts observed
- Nitroglycerin found only at firing points



58%



#### **Demolition Area 1**



- Site used for OB/OD activities and Engineer and EOD training
- Over 500 soil samples have been collected

 Perchlorate, dyes, and dioxin/furans added to standard analyte list



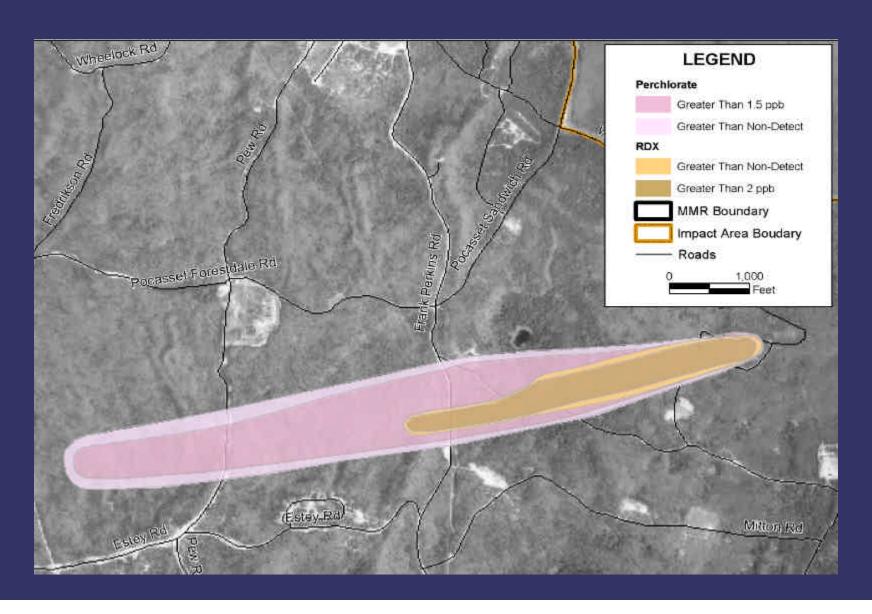


#### **Demolition Area 1 Findings**

- Perchlorate, RDX, HMX, 2A-DNT, 4A-DNT, and TNT routinely detected in soil
- Di-n-butyl phthalate, N-nitrosodiphenylamine antimony, barium, calcium, copper, lead, manganese, silver and zinc exceeds background.
- A dye, perchlorate, and dioxin were detected in soil at low-levels
- Explosives and perchlorate detected in groundwater forming a plume



#### **Groundwater Contaminants at Demo 1**



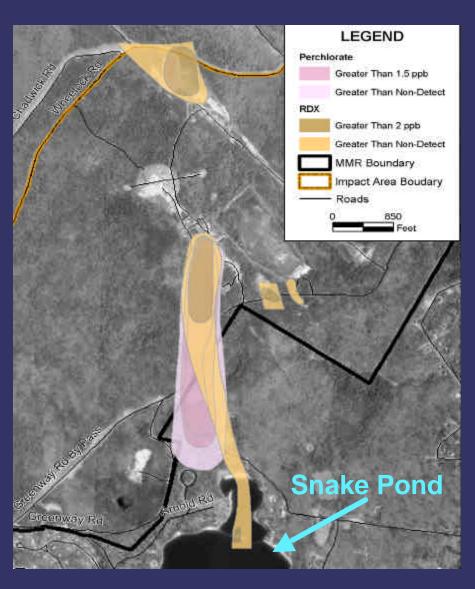


#### J Ranges Findings

- Consists of 4 ranges used by defense contractors for munitions testing
- 800 surface soil samples collected
- Explosives and polychlorinated napthalenes detected in soil
- 61 monitoring wells have been installed with over 800 groundwater samples collected
- RDX, HMX, and perchlorate present in groundwater forming several plumes



### J Ranges Groundwater Plumes





#### Conclusions

- Camp Edwards represents an extreme environment in regards to contaminant mobility
- PEP compounds are present in soil from a variety of activities; firing positions, firing ranges, OB/OD, EOD, weapons testing, and rocket ranges
- Method 8330 may not be sensitive enough for range investigations unless method modifications are considered
- Explosives and perchlorate should be the only analytes of interest for range soils
- Perchlorate, metals, and PCNs may be appropriate if a surface risk pathway exists on ranges
- At gun and mortar firing positions SVOCs should be considered if a surface risk pathway exists on ranges



#### **Conclusions (continued)**

- If rocket firing positions are investigated Method 8330 should be modified to improve the sensitivity to NG
- Methods used for ranges would be appropriate at OB/OD sites with possible addition of SVOCs and dioxins
- No evidence warranting the collection of VOCs, SVOCs, herbicides/pesticides, PCBs, dioxins, or evaluating TICs for range soils
- NG and 2,4-DNT not mobile
- Explosives and perchlorate are the only warranted analytes for groundwater
- No other analyte suites (VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides, herbicides, PCBs, metals, PCNs, dioxins, dyes, or TICs) should be evaluated in groundwater