

The Role of the Installation Military Environmental Professional in Homeland Security

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Remember the good old days?

CAA EPCRA FIFRA CAAA FOIA FWPCA RCRA CERCLA SARA NEPA HMTA SARA HMTA SDWA CCWA TSCA





#### Now it's: CM WMD **CBRRT CBIRF** DHS **CBRNE** MASCAL **JTF-CS** ROM ASD(HS) SHEDI **USNORTHCOM OEF** ONE FP/AT





#### **The Problem**

The attack is directed against...

using...

which are distributed by... so as to expose ...

Water Systems Critical Buildings Field Testing Areas Deployment Locations Troop and Family Housing Transportation Vehicles Local Industrial Sites Emergency Response Food Distribution Emergency Care

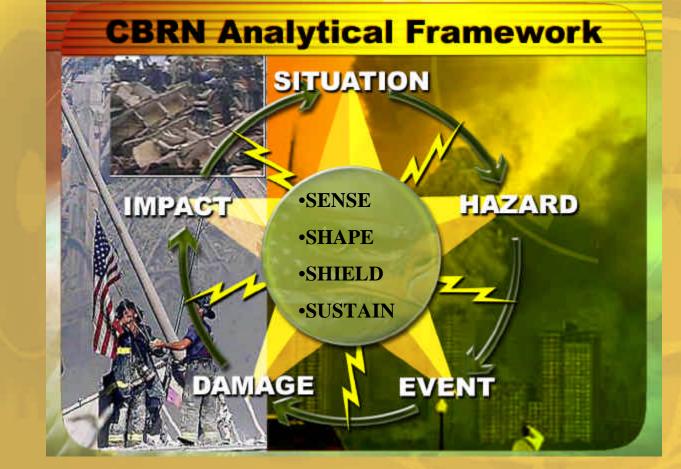
Insects Radiological Agents Chemical Warfare Agents Toxic Industrial Chemicals Biological Agents Open Air Food Distribution Systems Water Distribution Systems Building Air Individuals





#### Occupational and Environmental Health/Endemic Disease Assessment Team

#### How to Organize the problem So You Can Solve It







#### **Once Organized How You Can Implement Answers**

- •DODI 2000.1
  - •Implements Policy
  - Assigns Responsibility
  - •Prescribes Procedures (9 Guidelines)





## • Guideline #1 – Implementation and Oversight

#### • Guideline #2 – Management Responsibilities

- Commanders designate Emergency Disaster Planning Officer
- Create a CBRNE Emergency Response Working Group (ERWG)
- ERWG presumably implements the remaining DODI Guidelines





#### • Guideline #3 Functions:

- EOC
- Law enforcement/security
- EOD
- Mortuary affairs
- Hazmat

•Atmospheric monitoring, environmental sampling, DECON

• Medical

•Patient DECON, triage, treatment, quarantine, transport, psychological casualties, medical supplies, pharmaceuticals, vaccines, alternative treatment facilities, MASCAL, ROM





#### • Guideline #4 Planning:

- CBRNE Emergency Response Plan
  - Integrated into all installation AT exercises.
  - Identify mission critical infrastructure
  - Support to the infrastructure.
  - Reviewed yearly.

#### • Guideline #5 Training and Exercises:

- Fire and EMS to follow NFPA standards (472 and 473 are named)
- Health care use JCAHCO and Air Transport standards
- •Annual CBRNE exercises focusing on identified vulnerability
  - Terrorism
  - Technological accident
  - Natural disasters
  - Installations encouraged to include State and local assets





- Guideline #6 Emergency Response Equipment
  - Heads of DOD components should prepare a list of equipment needs to include
    - PPE, DECON, Medical materiel ("to include prophylaxis, therapeutic, and palliative pharmaceuticals, and equipment."), Blast mitigation, Containment, Communication equipment

#### • Guideline #7 Sustainment.

- Installations work w/local community Emergency Response
- Emergency Response plan to include provisions for training

• Installations establish contact with State and FEMA to coordinate Emergency Response plans.





#### • Guideline #8 Assessments

- Requirement to assess Emergency Response and functional plans
- Risk management principles must be used (Probability & Vulnerability

• Emergency response program revolves around the risk assessment and it is critical to the FP/AT program at the installation.

#### • Guideline #9 Interoperability

•Installations should work to improve interoperability with local communities to include equipment and procedural (e.g., exercise and planning) interoperability.

