Identifying emerging pollution prevention technologies for direct insertion.

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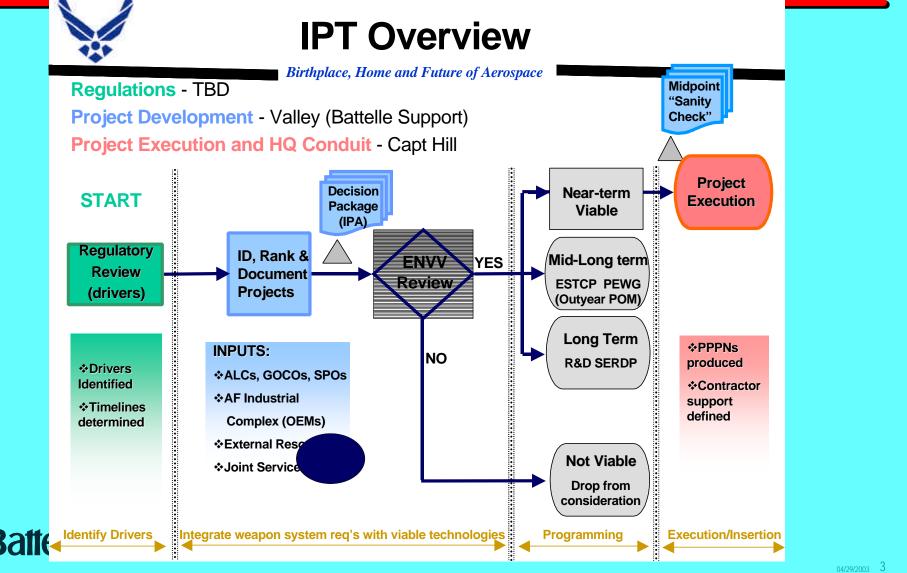
NDIA 29th Environmental and Energy Symposium and Exhibition



Technology Insertion overview

- The IPT
- Identification of solutions to specific needs
- Ranking and prioritization
- The Decision Package
- Results
- Next steps

The IPT concept



Solutions for specific needs

- Regulatory drivers identified by another group
- The customer 'network'
 - OEMs-Boeing, Lockheed-Martin, Raytheon, others
 - Air Logistics Centers
 - Special program offices, GOCOs and ASC co-locates
 - Academic and research organizations
 - Scores of ongoing technology proving organizations
 - Scores of URL sites and progress data

Solutions for specific needs, continued

- Ensure no redundancy or duplication
- Establish project-specific advocacy and definition
 - 'golden letters' of support
 - Chief Scientists to process directorates
- Establish data needs and insertion obstacles
 - Efficacy, economics, environment and energy drivers
- Establish the basis for the Business Case Analysis

Ranking and prioritization

- Criteria are subjective to fund source
 - O&M, R&D, maintenance, aircraft/missile specific
- Perspective of funding authority biased
 - Pollution prevention (environmental burden reduction)
 - Multiple weapon system involvement or interest
 - Payback
 - Match to 'need level'

Ranking and prioritization, continued

CRITERIA	POSSIBLE	WEIGHT	SCORE	SUBTOT
Availability/Quality of Cost Data	10 – very likely/extremely favorable 8 – Likely/favorable 5 – Not Likely/unfavorable	ts d		
Technological Maturity	10 - very likely/extremely (GOTS/COTS) 8 - Likely/favorable (DEM/VAL, FIELD QUAL) 5 - Not Likely/unfavorable (R&D, possible POM project)			
Duplication/ Redundancy	10 – Not Likely 8 – Possible existing overlap 5 –very likely/documented overlap			2
Advocacy	10 – very likely/extremely favorable 8 – Likely/favorable 5 – Not Likely/unfavorable			
Probable Benefit	10 – very likely/extremely favorable 8 – Likely/favorable 5 – Not Likely/unfavorable			
Basis for Need	10 - very well documented (Commendation letters, etc.) 8 - Documented to some extent/may be in question (some hesitation) 5 - Unfounded (confusion abounds within the community)			
	TOTAL SCORE			



The Decision Package

- Executive summary
- Abstract
- Scoring and ranking criteria
- Business case analysis
- Supplemental information
 - White papers
 - Published articles
 - Golden letters

The Decision Package, continued

PROJECT	Plural Component Paint Dispensing System	
DESCRIPTION	A full PSOA has been completed at OO-ALC regarding this technology. The Navy has implemented a version in Jacksonville. This technology provides for precise proportioning of two part paint systems.	
APPLICATION	These systems are best suited for large, multi-color and/or dual-component painting needs such meeting specific AF needs.	
POC	Glen Baker, OO-ALC/LA	
DRIVER(S)	Significantly reduced clearup wastes and PPE; increased environmental compliance; reduced labor and material costs; vastly reduced paint cans and debris.	
BENEFIT(S)	Purchase of paint in bulk quantities, potential to use tinting systems; potential to apply low VOC/non-HAP paint gun cleaning systems.	
COST	Capital costs for full implementation are: 100K in FY04 for the F-16 area (2 units) 100K in FY05 for the A-10 area (2 units) 200K in FY06 for the C-130 area (3 units)	
DURATION	Extension of the OO-ALC PSOAs to full aircraft (F-16, C-130, and A-10) feasible immediately.	
PAYBACK	F-16 payback is 0.35 years; C-130 payback is 0.82 years; A-10 payback is 0.67 years	
CROSS-REFERENCES	NADEP Jacksonville project is included in Appendix B. Cost analysis from Hill PSOA's documented in Appendix A.	



The Decision Package, continued

CRITERIA	POSSIBLE SCORE	SCORE
Availability/Quality of cost data	10 – very likely/extremely favorable 8 – Likely/favorable 5 – Not Likely/unfavorable	10
Technological Maturity	10 - very likely/extremely (GOTS/COTS) 8 - Likely/favorable (DEM/VAL, FIELD QUAL) 5 - Not Likely/unfavorable (R&D, possible POM project)	10
Duplication/Redundancy	10 – Not Likely 8 – Possible existing overlap 5 –very likely/documented overlap	8
Advocacy 10 - very likely/extremely favorable 8 - Likely/favorable 5 - Not Likely/unfavorable		8
Probable Benefit	10 – very likely/extremely favorable 8 – Likely/favorable 5 – Not Likely/unfavorable	10
Basis for Need	10 - very well documented (Commendation letters, etc.) 8 - Documented to some extent/may be in question (some hesitation) 5 - Unfounded (confusion abounds within the community)	8
6	TOTAL SCORE	56/60
	2 nd Place Tied w/ APC- HFAPC	



The Decision Package, continued

Weapon System	Payback
F-16	0.35
C-130	0.82
A-10	0.67

Results

- FINPLAN and outyear POM
 - Five projects for the FY04 cycle
 - Sixteen additional projects for FY04-FY09
- ALC relationships built and fostered
 - Provided review of packages and BCA scrutiny
- Programming of FY04
 - Specific format accommodated
 - Internal ASC Acquisition Strategy Plan review conducted

Results, continued

- Evaluation of various funding sources conducted
- Initiated ALC cross-feed forum
 - Multiple ALCs = multiple weapon systems
 - Economics enhanced by wide-based insertion
- Preliminary work with external and internal groups
 - NCMS/CTMA
 - JTEG
 - AFMC/EN; ASC/AAAT; AFRL

Next steps

- Continue to define the ASC ranking 'perspective'
- Define project management and deliverables system
 - Joint effort with sponsor and ASC technical POC
- Revise the FINPLAN and POM
 - Support defense of FY04 project(s)
 - Align others for fallout potential

Next steps, continued

- Integrate efforts of ASC/ENV into Depot Modernization Program
 - Support Applied Technology Council
 - Support Technology Advisory Group
 - Support the 'transition agent' for AFRL
- Seek alternative funding
 - SERDP, ESTCP, CPP, ManTech
 - DMAG, SMAG, SBIR