

Incorporating Systems Engineering

Using CMMI to Bring Disciplines Together

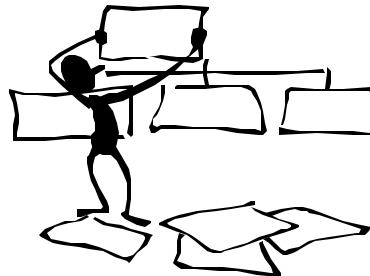
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Barriers to Integration

- **Historically different backgrounds and focus**
 - Hardware, software, systems
 - Legacy hardware development organizations evolving to software and systems
- **Stovepiping -- separate functional groups / disciplines**
 - Competitive in some organizations (hardware, software, 'ilities', test)
 - Organization culture has influence
 - 'Matrix' organization



CMMI-Based Process Improvement

Software has been focus of improvement for years

- Legacy of using SW-CMM to stimulate:
 - More effective management methods
 - Proactive use of defined processes
 - Collection, analysis, and use of metrics in management and technical coordination
 - Leading to **Fact-based management**

Systems engineering focus in recent years

- Recognized engineering discipline
 - Engineering technology focus
 - Project coordination and discipline interfaces
 - May direct use of engineering processes, methods, and tools
- Legacy of hardware engineering methods and standards

Best Practice at Raytheon Integrating Disciplines for CMMI-Based Improvement

Topics in presentation

- Process focus – multiple disciplines perspective
- Integrating appraisal team disciplines/expertise for effective appraisals
- Planned evolution of CMMI knowledge
- Planned role of the CMMI Expert Team
- Moving organizations/sites to CMMI
 - Drawing on CMMI expertise
 - Integrating disciplines together
- Common site's CMMI strategy
- Typical appraisal cycle
- Lessons learned

Process Focus

Hardware engineering

- Long history of systematic design, prototype, and model development
- Defined documentation methods and control
- Mil standards
- Commonly understood management approach

Hardware
legacy
design &
development

Software engineering

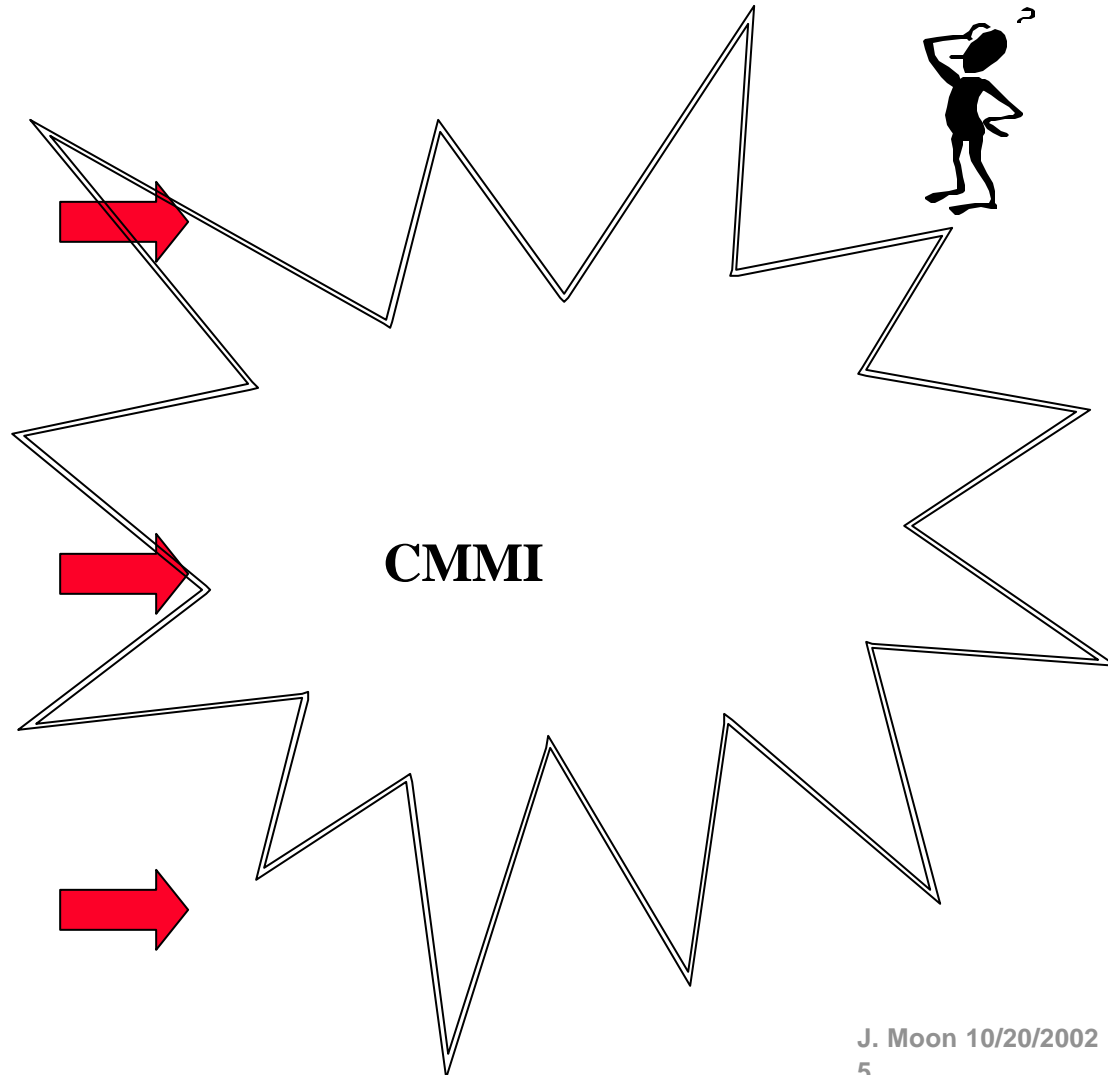
- 2-3 decades of defined design and development
- Defined documentation
- DoD standards and SW-CMM
- Recently disciplined management approach

Software
design &
development

Systems engineering

- Recently acknowledged discipline
- DoD standards and INCOSE, EIA 731
- Recently defined management approach

Systems
design &
development



Integrating Team Discipline / Expertise for CMMI-Based Appraisals

Early CMMI appraisals

- For Raytheon pilots:
 - Select team members with complementary backgrounds
(Typical 10-11 person team: 5 each SE and SW in addition to team leader)
 - Systems engineering background from multiple organizations across company, including 4 EIA 731 team leaders
 - Software engineering background from multiple organizations across company, including 5 IPI Lead Assessors
 - Site representatives, one each for SE and SW
- Each subsequent pilot appraisal:
 - Add 2-3 new team members, typically from both disciplines, ensuring gradual growth of expertise with CMMI
 - Include team members with complementary backgrounds and experience
- Completion of 4 pilots -> 18 experienced team members, most with team experience in multiple appraisals

Planned Evolution of CMMI Knowledge

Team expertise

- Selected team members' experience 3-4 CMMI appraisals by 12/2001
 - Geographically diverse sites assessed
 - Experts' background half SE and SW; some multiple disciplines; most both technical and management; from multiple site locations:
 - * East coast, central US, west coast
 - Provide guidance to own site in its CMMI-based improvement efforts
- Each subsequent CMMI appraisal:
 - Continue to add 2-3 new team members, typically from both disciplines, ensuring continuing growth of expertise with CMMI
 - Include team members with complementary backgrounds and diverse experience
- Establishment of CMMI Expert Team (CET)
 - Guidance and mentoring CMMI deployment at multiple locations
 - Extensive SE background and knowledge



Planned Role of CMMI Expert Team (CET)

(1 of 2)

Team expertise and leadership

- CET members becoming Lead Appraisers, may be model instructors
 - Experts' background both SE and SW; some multiple disciplines; most both technical and management
 - Experts from multiple, diverse organization/site locations:
 - * East coast, central US, west coast
 - Provide guidance to multiple organizations/sites in their CMMI-based improvement plans and deployment
- Develop and maintain CMMI calendar
 - Planned appraisals – includes team leader, team members, and schedule
 - Balance availability of team members to ensure sufficient experience, growth, discipline and site representation
 - Plan and schedule workshops to support future appraisal plans
 - Communicate upcoming CMMI-related events
- Collect, analyze, and communicate lessons learned

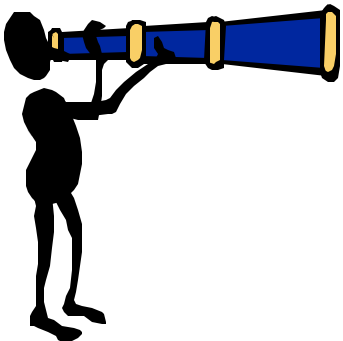
Planned Role of CMMI Expert Team (CET)

(2 of 2)

Raytheon

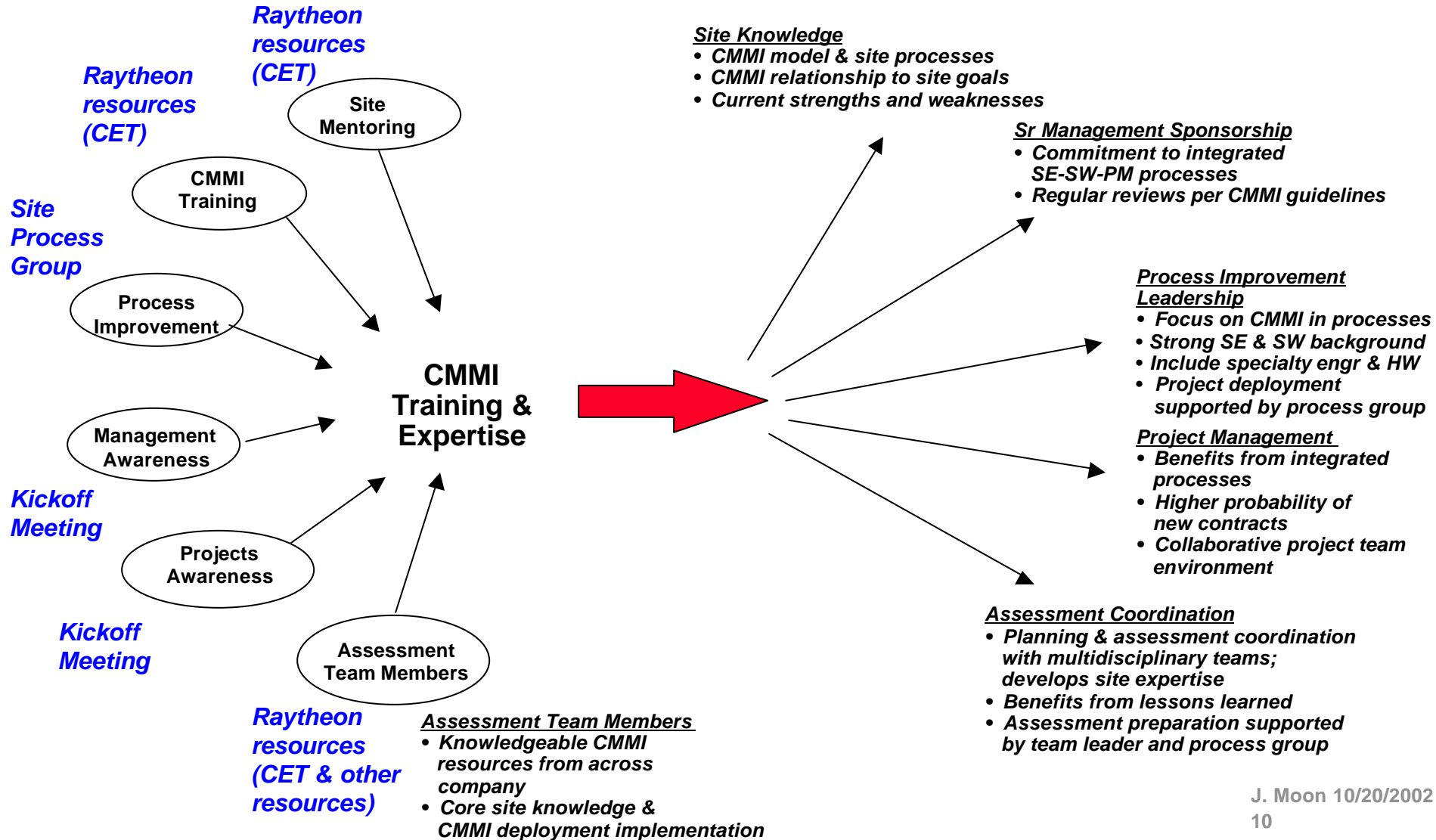
Team roles and functions

- Develop and provide workshops and training
 - CMMI assessment workshop – includes team training and approach to Raytheon appraisals
 - CMMI deployment and site coordination workshop – provides transition approach, overview of lessons learned, approach to planning and preparing for appraisals
- May be assigned particular organizations to provide mentoring
 - Typically, work collaboratively conducting site visits and providing recommendations
 - May help develop organization/site CMMI deployment plans



Moving Organization/Site to CMMI – Draw on CMMI Knowledge & Expertise

Work with CMMI mentors, integrating disciplines together



Moving Organization/Site to CMMI -- Integrating Multiple Disciplines Together

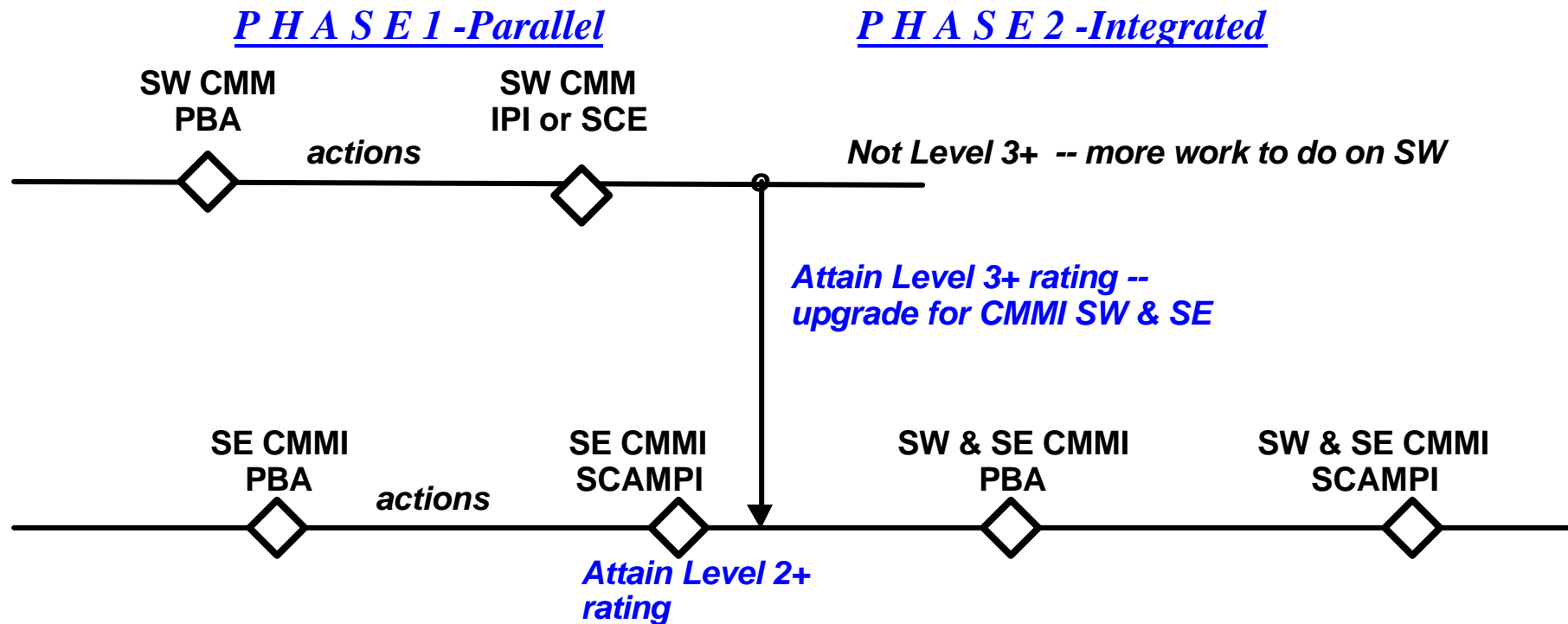
The most effective organizations

- **Provide and effectively use integrated CMMI steering team**
 - **Active sponsorship at organization/site executive level**
 - **Most senior level key individuals: program management, business area management, engineering and QA and supply chain management**
 - **Direct involvement of key managers responsible for product lines and projects**

- **Integrate their process group**
 - **Typically, work collaboratively defining process improvement plans and guiding/supporting action teams and projects**
 - **Provide synergy between other process imperatives**
 - * **Six Sigma, ISO 9000, other company or organizational improvement activities**
 - **Ensure active involvement of program management and supporting discipline representatives**

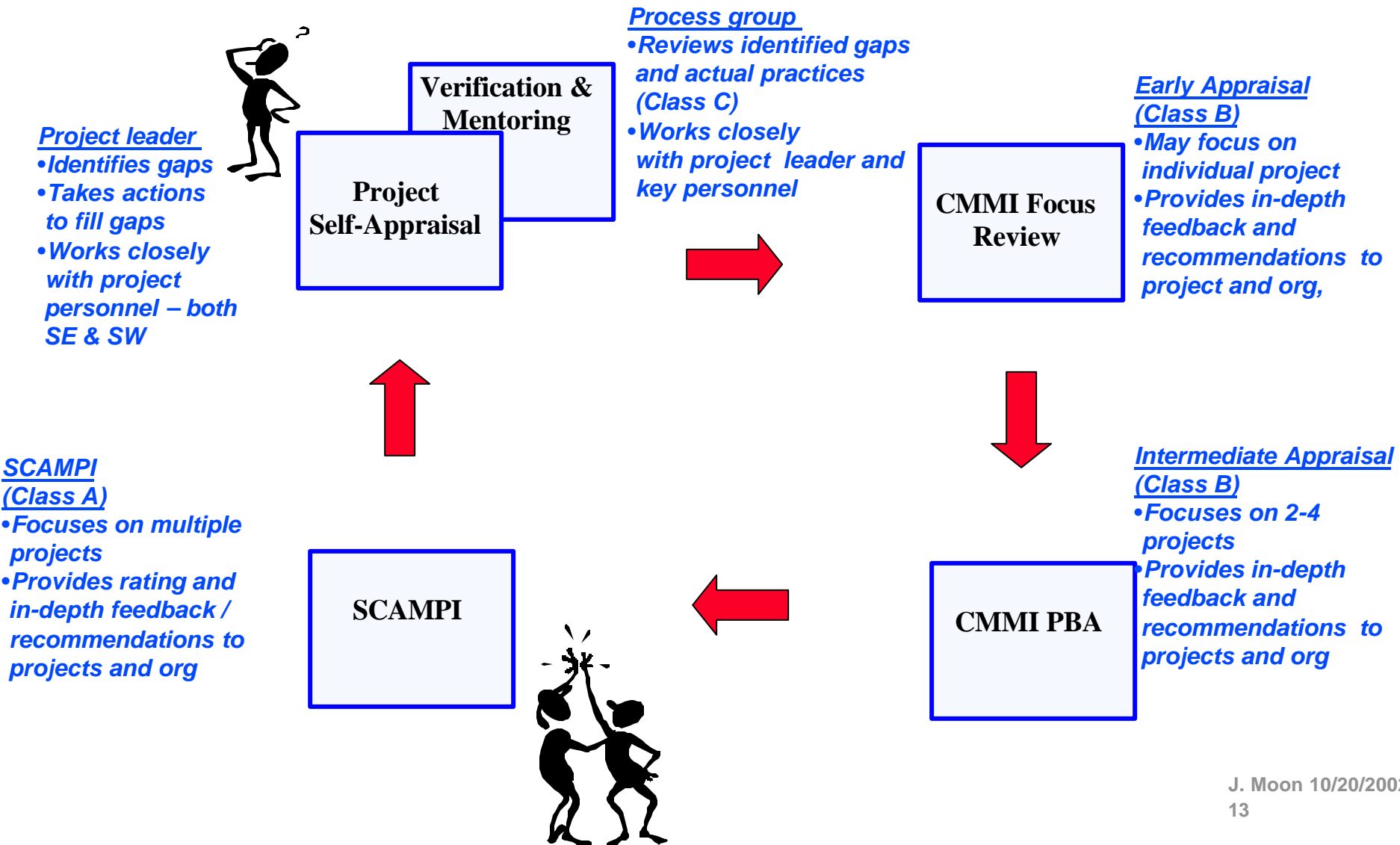
Common Site's CMMI Strategy

Strategy: Ensure success in software engineering at CMM Level 3+ and SE CMMI Level 2, before added effort dedicated to integrating SE and SW for CMMI deployment moving to Level 3



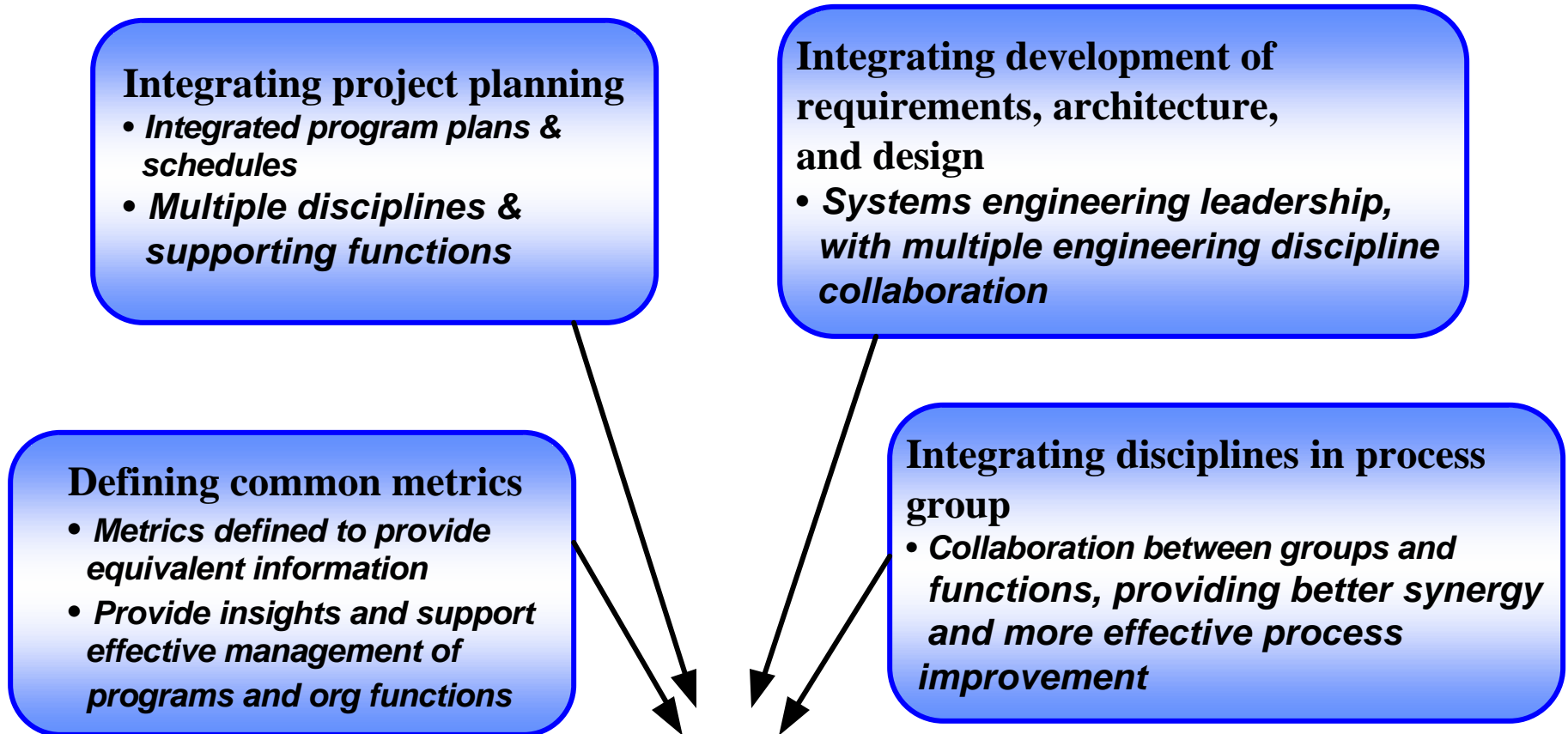
Typical Appraisal Cycle

Approach that facilitates evolving improvements



Effective Approaches on Programs

Bringing people together to work collaboratively

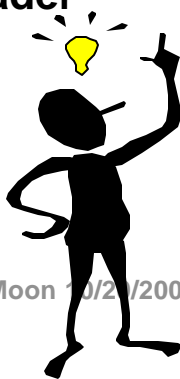


More effective management
Better control of programs

Some Lessons Learned

Benefits

- **Integrating disciplines in CET allows collaboration in planning and support for organizations/sites**
 - Draws from past lessons learned and apply best practices
 - Assists organizations in understanding how to plan for their CMMI-based improvements
 - Provides extensive knowledge of CMMI in a collaborative team working together -> effective understanding across multiple sites
 - Builds understanding of what works well and what does not
- **Integrating disciplines in appraisal teams leads to greater understanding**
 - Provides cross-fertilization of past experience and discipline expertise
 - Application of CMMI in various organization/project/discipline implementations
 - Provides insights, allowing team members to return to own sites with broader knowledge
 - Can provide lessons learned to organization, based on real experience, which helps future understanding and improvements
- **Integrating disciplines in process group leads to synergy and knowledge sharing -> more effective deployment**

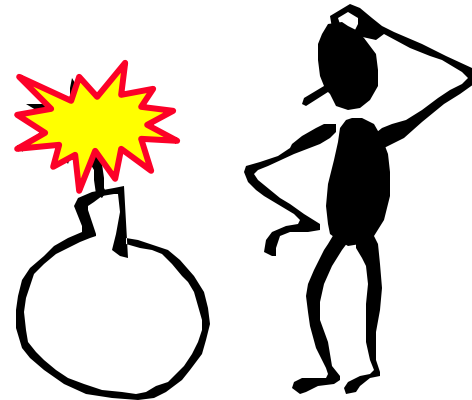


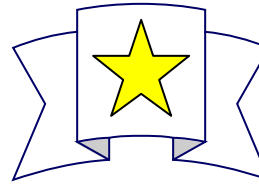
Some Lessons Learned

(2 of 2)

Inhibitors

- Knowledge gained in past process improvement efforts may not be accepted by other disciplines
 - Quite different appraisal methods can contribute to resistance
 - When past improvement efforts have been undertaken separately, resistance to working collaboratively has been observed
 - May take extended work together to overcome barriers
- Organizations with limited collaborative or team environments may experience greater difficulty
 - Past 'stovepiping' can lead to barriers or undermining
 - Competition between organizational entities (e.g., with separate discipline management) can inhibit cooperation
 - More difficult to deploy **CMMI**
 - * The "I" may be difficult to achieve





*Always most important – must retain focus on **value** of the improvements,
not just the evidence or achieving success in assessments*

*Aim for the **benefits** to the entire organization*



***CMMI** provides an environment that encourages collaboration
that can be effectively applied in implementing the CMMI-based improvements themselves*